

INSURANCE

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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1936

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Malaviya Party To Fight Congress At Polls

Rebel Forces Repulsed With Heavy Losses Despite Splendid Equipment Insurgent Attack Proves Of No Avail

HENDAYE, Sept. 1. All equipment of modern warfare was in operation when heavy fighting was resumed throughout the afternoon, both on the bank of Bidassoa and in the valley between Ventas and Peak Penadayas. **No Advance Made**

Despite formidable bombardment by Insurgents, splendidly equipped with mortars and field-guns, no advance was made; but Rebel armoured cars have approached within a hundred yards of the barracks and the Carabineers held Government Troops at three-quarters of a mile from Behovia.

Insurgents Mowed Down

Wave after wave of assaulting insurgents were mowed down by Government fire before the attackers were compelled to return to defensive positions, leaving behind scores of dead and wounded.

Aerial Combats

Several aerial combats occurred between Government chasse planes and the Squadrons of the Rebel bombers, while anti-aircraft guns were particularly busy. It is believed that casualties were the most severe hitherto occurred.—*Reuter*.

INSURGENTS CARRY OUT THREAT

HENDAYE, Sept. 1. Insurgents are apparently beginning to put their ultimatum into effect.

Five planes heavily bombed Irun this morning. Violent explosions were heard from the centre of the town.—*Reuter*.

GOVT. 'PLANES BOMB BURGOS

BURGOS, Sept. 1. Insurgent headquarters have announced that several casualties occurred as result of bombing of Burgos by a Government plane.—*Reuter*.

REBEL 'PLANES BROUGHT DOWN

MADRID, Sept. 1. Government aviators claim to have brought down two insurgent planes in Guadarama and another in Oropesa.—*Reuter*.

GOVT. DYNAMITE RESERVE HIT?

HENDAYE, Sept. 1. It is reported, though hitherto without confirmation, that Government dynamite reserve at Irun was hit by Rebel bombers. Great damage was done. Loyalist headquarters are reported to have been wrecked.—*Reuter*.

Earlier Cables

ARMISTICE LIKELY IN SPAIN

Diplomats Come In Contact With Both Sides

HENDAYE, August 31. Reports are current that the diplomats working for an armistice have come into contact with both sides. It is asserted that Madrid and Burgos have already exchanged lists of prisoners.

Gen. Mola attended a meeting at which both sides were represented.—*Reuter*.

INSURGENTS CHANGE TACTICS

LONDON, September 1. The insurgents appear to have changed their tactics around Irun. They have temporarily abandoned a direct attack on Irun and are concentrating on an assault on San Sebastian. They have captured an important strategic position on Mount Buruteta.

Further air raids were made on

MADRID, Sept. 1. The insurgents claim that the raid last evening inflicted 300 casualties and that direct hits were made on the Ministries of Interior and War.

There was another raid early this morning. Cars dashed in the streets carrying sirens screaming warnings, but the bombs dropped seemed very light and the planes were driven off without being able to drop their full loads. An English Red Cross Unit and a Scottish Ambulance have arrived in Spain.—*Reuter*.

INSURGENTS PLAN ATTACK ON IRUN

HENDAYE, Aug. 31. With the object of terminating the stalemate in the battle of Irun the insurgents are reported to be bringing five warships to open a combined land, sea and air attack. The warships are the battleship "España", two cruisers and two torpedo boats.

During the night a long-range run was placed in position commanding the disputed district as far as Irun and San Sebastian.—*Reuter*.

"HORSA" PASSENGERS ARRIVE AT DRIGH ROAD

KARACHI, Sept. 1. Eight "Horsa" passengers landed at Drigh Road at 3.10 p.m. The passengers emerged dishevelled after a strenuous ordeal at Saiwawels where the plane made a forced landing. Beyond paying tribute to the R.A.F. for their timely assistance the passengers were most reticent to mention a single word about the mishap.

IN DESERT REGION Salwa is in a desolate desert region devoid of vegetation, water or life where the passengers were marooned for 34 hours when the R.A.F. spotted them and brought them rations. Two passengers were exhausted but Lt. Col. Stott, I.M.S., who was on board, gave them assistance. It was not a minute too early as otherwise there is no knowing how many could have withstood the trial. Two ladies, with two tender babes, got down from the plane at Basra while an Indian passenger Mr. Nairn Jashapmal, from Basra to Bahrain, also underwent the same trial.

Three packets of pearls came by "Horsa".—*Reuter*.

Ramkrishna Centenary At Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 31. The programme of Sri Ramkrishna Centenary celebration for 7 days included a meeting of Harijans at Fritampara at which Prof. Athavle gave a very illuminating lecture on the "Ideal of Hinduism".—*United Press*.

WELL-DONE / MENAKA / OLYMPIC HONOURS.



MAYBE THE ENGLISHMEN TAUGHT US TO WALK, HERR HITLER, BUT WE HAVE TO COME ALL THE WAY FROM INDIA TO TEACH YOU PEOPLE HOW TO RUN WITH A HOCKEY-STICK AND HOW TO DANCE.



JAILED FOR SEDITION

Ahrar Leader Gets 18 Months For Speech At Conference

LYALLPUR, Sept. 1. Maulvi Inayatullah, a prominent Ahrar leader and President of the Majlis Ahrar Quadian was sentenced to eighteen months' rigorous imprisonment under Sec. 124 Indian Penal Code in connection with the speech delivered at an Ahrar Conference in Jaranwala and was placed in 'C' class.—*United Press*.

CONGRESS AND COMING ELECTIONS

Jairamdas And Chaitram Among The Candidates?

(From Our Correspondent.) **KARACHI, Aug. 31.** To-day is the final date for application of the Congress Candidates seeking on the Congress ticket for the forthcoming election. It is understood that applications from nearly half the number of

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the general constituency have been received so far. In some places two or more candidates applied for one seat. As a forecast earlier among outstanding contestants are Jairamdas Doulatram and Dr. Chaitram. Nor is there any Muslim candidate aspiring. For the Congress ticket. Prominent among applicants are Swami Govindanand and Tahilram ex-munICIPAL president of Hyderabad. The Sind Congress Parliamentary Board is expected to meet shortly to dispose applications and also to invite board from constituencies, which so far not responded to Congress call or where delay has occurred owing there being more contestants than the number of seats.

TWO HIGHLANDERS WOUNDED

Sequel To "Booby-Trap" On Roadway

JERUSALEM, Sept. 1. Two Cameron Highlanders were wounded in the morning while taking up positions to engage the snipers between Jerusalem and Nablus.

A bus conveying troops ran into a "Booby-trap" ingeniously arranged on the roadway. The trap exploded but did no damage. The men dismounted, and while so doing, the two highlanders were tripped over the wire of another trap, which exploded wounding them.—*Reuter*.

STUDENTS GO ON STRIKE

Sequel To Disciplinary Action In Government Technical School

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 1. One hundred and forty-eight students of the Government Technical School have gone on strike for past three days. The strike which was confined to a few students in the beginning, has spread as the result of which only 12 students attended the school to-day.

The cause of the strike is alleged to be disciplinary action taken against some students.

A meeting of the students was held this afternoon at which resolutions were passed enumerating certain conditions under which the students were prepared to attend classes.

It was also resolved to picket the school from to-morrow.—*United Press*.

HANDS OFF ELECTIONS

Sind Co-operative Registrar's Circular

KARACHI, Aug. 31. The Registrar of the Co-operative Societies in Sind has sent a circular forbidding all officers of the department and all officers of the Sind Provincial Co-operative Bank or supervising Unions working under his administrative control, from interfering with the ensuing elections of the Sind Legislative Assembly directly or indirectly.

If a breach of the order is brought to his notice, he would take severe disciplinary action.—*United Press*.

CONGRESS CANDIDATES FOR LEGISLATURE

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1. The Bengal Provincial Congress Committee Office was busy from morning till midnight yesterday receiving pledges and application money from candidates seeking election to the Provincial Legislatures on the Congress ticket.—*United Press*.

CENTRAL EXCHANGE BANK IN LONDON

High Commissioner To Perform Opening Ceremony

LONDON, Sept. 1. The Central Exchange Bank (the London Branch of the Central Bank of India) is being officially opened by the High Commissioner, Sir Feroze Khan Noon on September 8. The Bank actually begins to function on September 9.—*Reuter*.

International Force To Back Sanctions PROPOSALS FOR REFORM OF LEAGUE

New Zealand Suggests Nation-Wide Plebiscite In Member States

GENEVA, September 1. Proposals for the creation of an International Force for the purpose of supporting the League Covenant or allocation to League of a definite proportion of armed forces of its members are contained in New Zealand's suggestions for strengthening the Covenant.

Time Limit Over

Although the time limit for proposals on reform of the Covenant expires to-day, hitherto only five countries have replied; of whom New Zealand's suggestions, which are most complete, include "inter alia":

Force For Sanctions

The proposal for a nation-wide plebiscite for all the League members to decide whether they are prepared to join automatically and immediately in Sanctions and whether in such case a fixed proportion of their armed forces should automatically and immediately be placed at the disposal of the League.—*Reuter*.

PREPARING FOR ELECTION FIGHT

Dadar And Suburban Dist. Congress Committees Discuss Question

A meeting of the representatives of the "G" Ward District Congress Committee and the Suburban District Congress Committee was held at the Congress House on Tuesday evening to consider the question of organisation and work in connection with the forthcoming elections to the Bombay Legislative Assembly. A committee of the following gentlemen was appointed to carry on the work:

Messrs. Ramkrishna Mehta, Purshottam Kanji, Shantilal Shah, Vandekar, I. S. Patel, Gupta and Mr. J. R. Desai.

It is understood that the meeting also considered the question of Congress candidates to contest the seats from the "G" Ward and the Suburban District. In all probability Mr. B. G. Khur will stand from the general seat while Mr. Vandekar will contest the seat reserved for the Maharattas. If the Central Parliamentary Board accepts Mr. M. C. Raja's suggestions the Congress might decide to support the candidature of Mr. Balu for the scheduled classes.

FUTURE OF EGYPT

Nahas Pasha Holds Treaty With Britain Will Bring Common Good

LONDON, Sept. 1. Nahas Pasha and other members of the Egyptian Delegation left London this morning. Nahas Pasha, interviewed by *Reuter*, said that the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty of alliance had moral, social and economic significance. It had united two countries in the future in peaceful of common good. He was convinced that both countries would profit to the utmost by it.—*Reuter*.

(Continued from Col 7)

the greatest obstacle to the growth of Indian nationalism. It, therefore, considers it its duty to continue its work until the communal decision is completely discarded.—*United Press*.



INSURANCE

SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

Benares Decision

"REJECT AWARD" AS ELECTION CRY

No Compromise At Cost Of Principles

BENARES, Sept. 1. "The Congress Nationalist Party calls upon its branches to set up candidates wherever necessary for the ensuing elections. It appeals to the electors to record their verdict against the communal decision, returning those nationalist candidates who will pledge themselves unequivocally to work for the rejection of the communal decision as well as the new Act as a whole."

This was the unanimous decision taken by the Working Committee of the Congress Nationalist Party, which met at the residence of Pt. Malaviya on Monday and Tuesday.

A LOOPHOLE

It, however, added:—"While setting up only such candidates as are pledged to vote against the Communal Decision, the Party empowers its provincial branches to enter, subject to the approval of the President of the Party, into any agreement with the Congress, which the situation in a province demands without sacrificing the fundamental principles for which the Party stands."

Congress Manifesto

In connection with the attitude of the Congress Manifesto towards Communal Award, the meeting resolved:—

"The Congress Nationalist Party notes with satisfaction the Congress Election Manifesto, adopted by the A.I.C.C. at its meeting held in Bombay on August 22 to the following effect:—

"The rejection in its entirety of the new Act by the Congress inevitably involves the rejection of the 'Communal Decision'. Even apart from the Act as a whole the 'Communal Decision' is wholly unacceptable as being inconsistent with the independence and principles of democracy. It is a barrier to national progress and strikes at the root of Indian unity. The attitude of the Congress towards the communal decision is, therefore, not one of indifference or neutrality. The Congress disapproves strongly of the communal decision and would like to end it."

"The Congress Nationalist Party welcomes this change in the attitude of the Congress from one of neutrality to that of rejection of the communal decision."

"The Party, however, regrets to note that the Congress Election Manifesto does not give any assurance to the public about the Congress representatives' work for rejection of the communal decision in the Legislatures and outside them, nor does it give any direction to the Congress representatives to do so. In view of what had happened in the past it is necessary that such direction should have been given."

BAN ON PROPAGANDA RESENTED

The Working Committee of the Party considers it extremely unfortunate that the A.I.C.C. should have thought it fit to place agitation against the communal decision under ban while there is an intense feeling against that decision in the country generally and particularly in the Punjab and Bengal where the most responsible public opinion is united in carrying persistent and determined agitation against it.

In the opinion of the Congress Nationalist Party ceaseless and sustained agitation against the communal decision is necessary in bringing about a healthy change of opinion so that it may be replaced by a scheme based on the principles of democracy and nationalism.

The Party deprecates the fact that the gravity of evils resulting from the communal decision is not fully realised. The Party regards the communal decision as

(Continued in Col. 8)

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REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No. The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Parsi gentleman wishes to hold frank correspondence with liberal-minded and enlightened Parsi lady with the view of matrimony. Please write Box 6850, "Bombay Chronicle".

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a Typist Clerk, knowing well Gujarati. Apply Mouji Vishram and Co., Jooma Masjid, Bombay. (6856).

Wanted Salesman for canvassing Orders of good hand-made cloth on Commission. Apply Box No. 6852, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an experienced and qualified compounder outside India. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 6848, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Accounts Clerk, to tour in Sales Car, in Bombay. Salary Rupees sixty. Deposit Rupees Three Hundred. Join immediately. Kolsah Products Co., 17 Elphinstone Circle. (6861).

Wanted unemployed persons of all grades and qualifications to consult for appointments with Hastings and Co., Fatehpuri Road, Delhi. (6857).

Wanted M.B.B.S., F.R.C.S., Doctor for foreign Government. Salary 175/350. Also Lineman fitter for Carding-Spinning. Apply Royal Service Agency, 14 Hamam Street Fort. (6862).

Wanted for night-shift experienced and competent Supervisors, Assistants, Jobbers, and mill-hands for the Spinning, Weaving and Engine Departments. Apply Manager, The Raja Bahadur Motilal Poonia Mills, Ltd., Poonia. (6840).

Wanted Assistant Cashier for Commercial Firm. Salary Rs. 50 per month. Cash security Rs. 300 essential. Apply immediately Box No. 6844 "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a typist clerk, apply stating nationality, qualification, age and lowest pay Box 6838, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an Assistant Secretary for a Commercial Organisation. Should be an M.A. in Economics or Commerce, well-versed in current economics and commercial problems, and strong in English. Salary according to qualifications. Apply sharp to Box No. 3847, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted good Radio Mechanics for service in Iraq and Bahrain. Practical experience in servicing "Pilot" and "H.M.V." Radio will be an additional qualification. Apply Post Box No. 118, Bombay. (3831).

12. TO BE LET.

To let Godown, 1st October. Bake House Lane, off Forbes Street, Fort. Apply Boonagursee and Sons, C/o Messrs David Sassoon and Co., 59 Forbes Street, Fort. (6834).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET.

To Let—Rooms in Mathuradas Bhuvan at Khetwadi Back Road, also in Shri Hari Nivas at Gowalia Tank, and in Shri Hari Sadan, near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road. Apply to Purshotam Govindji, 62-63, Vithalwadi, Telephone No. 23513. (6855).

44. MEDICAL.

Sexus Paste for Contraception. Gelotube for venereal prevention. Both best and cheapest. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (6836).

Consult Avadhane Ramaswami for Chronic and complicated pulse-feeling, correct diagnosis. Siddha Ayurvedic and Mantric treatment. Apply with stamps: "Yeswant Sadan," Vile Parle. 6839.

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

For Sale—Homoeo. Books, Second-hand Allen-Encyclopaedia of pure Materia Medica. 10 vols. 150/-; Baehr-Science of Therapeutics 2 Vols. 22/-; Gentry-Concordance Repertory. 6 Vols. 50/-; Goodno-Practice of Medicine. 2 Vols. 20/-; King History of Homoeopathy. 4 Vols. 16/-; Ludlam Diseases of Women. 1029. 15/-; Raue-Pathology. 1st Ed. pages 644. 5/-; Small-Practice of Medicine, pages 900. 12/-; Wood-Text Book of Gynecology. 1st Ed. pages 858. 6/-; C. Riner & Co., 23 Lal Bazar Street, Calcutta. (3798).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

Wanted loan of Rs. 500 by Bank employee. Apply Box 6849, "Bombay Chronicle".

73. AGENTS WANTED.

Wanted.—Respectable firms to represent us for various districts in India for a very profitable line Patents. Exclusive rights will be given. Handsome remuneration will be allowed to really capable parties. Initial investment in goods to the extent of Rs. 2,000 is necessary. Apply stating previous experience and pay required. Dharamdas and Co., Karachi. (6858).

Wanted—Agents from 1st October 1936 from all important towns for the sale of The Orient Illustrated Weekly—India's best pictorial paper. Write at once for Agency forms, specimen copies to Circulation Manager, 93-A, Dhuramtolia Street, Calcutta. (6835).

70. ESTATES & PROPERTIES.

Properties for Sale. In Bombay proper and suburbs. Sound investment and good return on capital. Rents from Rs. 200 to Rs. 400. Apply stating your requirements to Box 6854, "Bombay Chronicle".

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Reply written Before your Eyes by invisible Spirit. Send Rs. 2 per question. Ishwarprasad Joshi, 83 Ratan House, Bombay 4. (6843).

136. SILK-COTTON-WOOL.

Novelty in Sari Borders—Brocade Sari borders in silk, half-fine, and real gold and silver thread in various registered patterns and colours recently introduced by the Swadeshi Silk & Ribbon Mills Co., Benares, can be had from Messrs. Kanti Lal & Co., Mulli Jetha Market, Chandra Chawki, Bombay 2. (6806).

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

For Sale—Washing Company in Fort. European locality rent Rs. 30, or furniture, cupboards, etc. Prices cheap. Post Box 448, Bombay. (6842).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

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Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DAWOODI BEGAM, wife of Abdul Razak Nakshabandi of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to one of our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 138, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

All that piece of free hold (Gawthan) land with the house standing thereon situate on first Gawthan Lane, known as Tilak Road, at Danda, Santa Cruz in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra in the District of Bombay Suburban, containing by admeasurement 401 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Notified Area Committee of Santa Cruz formerly under No. 4 B and 15 but now bearing No. 21 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Damodar Sutawalla, on or towards the West by an Old Building belonging to Mahomed Rasool, on or towards the North by the property of Narottam Girdhar and on or towards the South by the said Tilak Road.

Dated this 1st day of September, 1936.
B. G. PANDIT & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3851.

Public Notices.

THE KASTOORCHAND MILLS CO. LTD.
(In Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in accordance with a resolution passed at a Meeting of the Debenture Holders on 27-8-1936, a First Dividend of Annas four per rupee will be paid to registered holders of Debentures of the above Company at the Office of the Bank of India Ltd., Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, on and after the 3rd instant.

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For Self and Co-Trustees,
For the Debenture Holders of the Kastoorchand Mills Co. Ltd.
1-9-1936.
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Under instructions from Messrs Payne & Co., Attorneys for Bai Khatizabai widow and administratrix of the late Mr. Dada Jusb, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on THURSDAY, the 10th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of Quit and Ground Rent land with dwellings house at Temkar Street containing by admeasurement 45 sq. yds. or thereabouts and bearing Street Nos. 136-138-140 and bounded on the North by the property of Chhotu on the South by the Masjid of Temkar Street and on the East by Temkar Street and on the West by Sweeper's passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Payne & Co., Solicitors at Mercantile Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort or to the undersigned.

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The whole of the above issue of 2,000 shares, is underwritten by The Gujarat Investment Trust Limited. Brokerage at 1 per cent will be allowed to Bankers and Brokers on shares allotted to applications received through them, and bearing their Stamp. Subscription list will be opened at 12 noon on Tuesday, the 1st September 1936 and will be closed at 4 p.m. on Tuesday the 8th September, 1936.

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THE GUJERAT INVESTMENT TRUST Ltd.

REGISTERED OFFICE.

KANPITH NEAR CHOWTA BRIDGE SURAT.

PROSPECTUS

The Company is formed generally with the objects specified in the Memorandum of Association and particularly for the purpose of purchasing or leasing a building at Kanpith, Near Chowta Bridge, Surat and converting it into a safe-deposit vault, and equipping the same with lockers, safes, etc.

Contract to purchase a building suitable for being converted into a safe deposit vault has been made and it is proposed to have at present an arrangement of 1500 lockers to start with. Further lockers will be installed when necessary.

With rapid scientific advancement in the ways and methods of thefts, burglaries and dacoities and the great risk of fire especially in Surat City, a Safe-Deposit Vault which is fire and burglar proof has been found to be not only a vital necessity but will prove to be a boon to the businessmen and residents of cities and the district towns and villages. Almost all cities of the West are equipped with such vaults. In Bombay and Calcutta not only have businessmen seen the usefulness of such a vault, but any man who owns valuables, jewellery or pieces of art worth more than Rs. 500 invariably leases out a locker in such a vault to safeguard against fire, earthquake, theft, dacoity and burglary. Easy access to his valuables at any time between working hours all the year round, and as many times as he likes, at a reasonable rental of about Rs. 15 per year at an average with safety, security and secrecy are a few of the many advantages which he gets from the lease of such a locker. In these days when latest scientific methods and tools used by burglars and thieves and fires often break out in one part of the city or another, and when people often go out on a pilgrimage or change of air the service which a Safe-Deposit Vault can give is greatly appreciated and all take advantage of its usefulness.

At present there is no such Vault in Surat and the Promoters feel that the want is so great that the whole of the space and all the lockers of the vault will be leased out easily. The Vault will be situated at Kanpith, Near Chowta Bridge, Surat, and will be constructed on the most up-to-date scientific Patented Process which will make it impregnable to any attack by thieves or highway robbers and dacoits and immune from any attack of fire or earthquake. All tests will be made by our Architect and Patented Steel with Oxy-acetylene Flame Proof plates will be selected. Over and above the safety and security of valuables in the Vault, the management will take care to see that all precautions are taken for secrecy about articles deposited and persons depositing the same. All lockers will be of the most up-to-date type with three patent locks and provisions for proprietary lock will also be made so that no locker can be opened without the use of the Proprietary Key. The Proprietary lock is a recent and novel feature of this Vault which will add to the safety, security and secrecy of the contents of each locker and will be very much appreciated by the general public.

The main and emergency doors of the Safe will be each of about six tons of Patent Process Steel and Oxy-acetylene steel plate with clock, number, figure and other permutation devices over and above patented locks. The safe inside the Vault will be of

very strong special process steel. The Waiting Hall will be so constructed as to give the largest comfort and convenience and will be equipped with the best of furniture to ensure comfort and security. All precautions will be taken to see that no one else except the lessee of lockers are admitted in the Vault and to ensure such safety the Vault will be equipped with scientific means for the same, over and above the usual precautionary measures. To add to the comfort of the lessees it is the intention of the Company to provide the Vault with an air conditioning and Ventilation Plant which can bring down the temperature inside the Vault to any degree required.

In short no efforts will be spared to make the Vault most scientific, and immune from any attack and damage from fire and earthquake and impregnable to any attack of theft, dacoity or robbery.

The area covered by the Vault is over 197 square yards which can easily accommodate 3,000 lockers of various sizes, over and above having sufficient space for heavy packages and private safes to be deposited in the above Vault.

Already a number of persons aware of the advantages of Vault have expressed their desire for taking lockers, and many more are enquiring about the same. It is expected that the demand will be heavy.

Even on a basis of letting out 1,500 lockers, the Company can easily pay a dividend of about 6 per cent, and if we can let out 3,000 lockers the dividend will be about 12 per cent.

We give below a rough idea of the probable annual income and expenditure.

EXPENSES.	Rs.
Salary of Staff	2400
Electric Charges	600
Advertisement	500
Mfg. Agents' Remuneration	3600
Do Do Commission	1400
Depreciation	2000
Net Profit	14000
	Rs. 24,500

INCOME.

	Rs.
Rent of 1500 lockers on an average at Rs. 15 per locker (Big & Small sizes included)	22500
Rent of premises	2000
	Rs. 24,500

Expenses have been calculated on a liberal scale whilst the rent is calculated on a conservative basis in respect of amount of the lockers of various sizes and numbers of lockers which can be leased out. It is expected that 1500 lockers will be leased out in the very first year while more lockers will be demanded later on in which case the charges of Electricity, Advertisement being stationary, the profits to shareholders will be greater in Geometrical progression.

Investments of this kind have a peculiar feature in this that no manufacturing risk is taken and no ups and downs in rates of raw commodity or manufactured goods can upset the working profits. The necessity is there and demand is bound to come. As such, this security must be considered a Quasi-Gilt-Edged Security with progressive return on Capital invested as the demand grows.

An agreement will be entered into with the Gujarat Investment Trust Limited, appointing them as the Managing Agents of the Company.

DIRECTORS' QUALIFICATIONS, INTEREST & REMUNERATION.
Under the Articles of Association, the qualification of every Director other than Ex-Officio Director will be holding in his own name of twenty-five shares in the Company and until otherwise determined by the Company in a

General Meeting the remuneration of each Director except the Chairman will be Rs. 15 for every meeting of the Board that he attends, the remuneration of the Chairman being Rs. 20.

No director has any interest in the formation of the Company except that the immovable property in which the Company's safe-deposit vault is proposed to be situated has been purchased by one of the Directors Mr. Bhikhabhai Dharamchand for the Company from Chhotalal Surajram and his sons and Janaklal Brij-mohandas for a consideration of Rs. 49,001 to be paid to him or persons having charge or a claim to the property at or before the Execution of the conveyance and some of the Directors shareholders of the Gujarat Investment Trust Limited are also the Directors of this Company and they are Mr. N. M. Javeri, Rao Sahib V. C. Jadhav, Rajendra Somnaranjan Dalal, Mr. Chhabildas L. Jariwala, Mr. Bhikhabhai Dharamchand and as such they are interested in the agreement proposed to be entered into between the Company and the Managing Agents.

MANAGEMENT.

The Company has secured the services of The Gujarat Investment Trust Limited, as the Managing Agents. The terms and conditions of the draft agreement with the Managing Agents, to be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company at Kanpith Surat. The agreement with the Gujarat Investment Trust Limited, as Managing Agents at present provides that they will be given an allowance of Rs. 300 per month subject to increase of Rs. 125 in the monthly allowance per each one lac of further subscribed capital and 10 per cent on net profits. The promoters feel confident that under the Management of Gujarat Investment Trust Ltd. the Company will be run on very efficient economic and honest lines.

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES.

The preliminary expenses for formation, Registration etc. inclusive of the registration, issue of the Prospectus, and advertisement and legal charges are estimated at Rs. 2,500 and are payable by the Company. No promotion money or consideration for making arrangements for purchasing the building and other arrangements will be paid in cash or by allotment of shares to the Managing Agents.

ALLOTMENT.

The minimum subscription upon which the company will proceed to allotment is 1,000 shares of the face value of Rs. 1,00,000.

BROKERAGE AND COMMISSION.

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company can be inspected at the office of the Company at any time during business hours. A copy of the Memorandum of Association is annexed to this Prospectus and forms part of it.

The issue of shares is subject to the condition that the Certificate of shares will be completed and ready for delivery within three months after the allotment of the shares. Where no allotment is made the deposit will be returned in full, and where the number of shares allotted is less than the number applied for, the balance of the deposit will be applied towards payment of the allotment money.

Copies of Prospectus and forms of application can be obtained at the Registered Office of the Company or from the Company's Bankers at Surat or from Rajendra Somnaranjan, Vice-Chairman, Stock Exchange, Bombay. 26-8-1936.

ROXY

New Queens Rd.

Daily 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p.m.

BOMBAY TALKIES

Achhut Kanya

Starring:

DEVIKA RANI

The Smartest Entertainment in Town

7th WEEK

CENTRAL

Near ALBESS BAUG,
CHARNI RL.—OFF QUEEN'S RD.
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
M.G.-M.'S FUNNIEST FARCE
OF THE WHOLE YEAR!

"KELLY THE SECOND"

with
PATSY KELLY
CHARLEY CHASE

AT LAST!

METRO-GOLDWYN-MAYER'S
SENSATION OF THE SCREEN!

THE GREAT

(THAT'S THE WORD FOR IT)

ZIEGFELD

OPENING SATURDAY
5TH SEPTEMBER

The FINEST THING EVER
ATTEMPTED ON SCREEN
OR STAGE!

THE LIFE OF THE GREATEST
SHOWMAN ON EARTH—

FLORENCE ZIEGFELD

who brought to prominence
stars like

EDDIE CANTOR
WILL ROGERS
FANNIE BRICE

Amongst others
SEE WILLIAM POWELL ENACT
THE GREATEST ROLE HE
EVER PLAYED!

Supported by the greatest
cast ever assembled

MYRNA LOY
LUISE RAINER
VIRGINIA BRUCE
NAT PENDLETON
REGINALD OWEN
JOSEPH CANTHORN
RAYMOND WALBURN
FRANK MORGAN
ERNEST COSSART
FANNIE BRICE
AND OTHERS

Plans Open at Theatre.

BOOK SEATS EARLY.

NOTE:—The show timings are
changed due to the length
of the film.

DAILY: 2, 6 and 10 p.m.

Remember September 5th

at

CENTRAL

NEAR ALBESS BAUG—
CHARNI ROAD

OFF QUEEN'S ROAD.

Phone 27787.

GRAND OPENING!

5th Sept. Saturday

How the Glamour of the Ultra
Modern Society disturbs the serene-
sity of Human Hearts

SEE AND HEAR THE REPLY

On Coming Saturday—IN—

"A GIRL FROM LAHORE"

METRO MOVIE-TONE'S MAIDEN
SOCIAL PICTURE

Starring well-known Stars

FIRST Release in Bombay

at

NOVELTY

TALKIES

Grant Rd. Tram Terminus

Newly fitted R.C.A. Sound System



RIGHT YOU'RE

SHE'S

VASANTEE

("Champa" the sweet little Un-
touchable girl from

DHARMATMA)

who surpasses herself by her
unique performance in

AMAR JYOTI

IMMORTAL FLAME

PRABHAT'S & INDIA'S

1st SEA ROMANCE

DRUGA KHOTE SHANTA APTE.

CHANDRAMOHAN,

B. NAREKAR,

in supporting cast

Directed by:

V. SHANTARAM



9th Week

at

KRISHNA

Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-45 p.m.

Matinee at 2-30 p.m. on

Sat., Sun., and Holidays

Pt. JAWAHARLAL
NEHRU

Mrs. SAROJINI NAIDU

and other celebrities praised

'SAVKARI PASH'

SHALINI CINETONE'S

Great Rural Super

Directed by:

BABURAO PAINTER

and starring

VISHNUPANT AUNDHAR

now being shown in

3rd Glorious Week

at

MAJESTIC

Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

Important Ruling On Merchandise Marks Act

Full Bench Takes Opposite View Of Previous Decision Of High Court Regarding Limitation Of Offence

The full Bench of the High Court consisting of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Rangnekar and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia gave an important ruling on the construction of section 15 of the Merchandise Marks Act.

The point arose during the hearing of a reference made by Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Wassodev in connection with an appeal by the Government for a correct interpretation of the law after the Magistrate had acquitted one Chhotalal Amarchand who was charged, on a complaint by Messrs. G. Griffiths and Co., with putting on the market a preparation called "Sanghavi's Gripe Mixture" the bottle, wrapper and label of which were alleged to be a colourable imitation of "Woodward's Gripe Water" of which the complainants were sole agents.

Magistrate's Decision

The Magistrate, while holding that the general get-up of the accused's bottles was a colourable imitation of the complainant's bottles, was of opinion that the prosecution was time-barred as the offence had been committed more than three years previous to the date of the complaint.

The Government challenged the magistrate's interpretation of Section 15 of the Merchandise Marks Act on which the case was decided by him, and appealed to the High Court for an authoritative interpretation.

Judges Disagree

When the appeal came up for hearing before Mr. Justice Broomfield and Mr. Justice Wassodev some time ago, the two judges disagreed as to the true construction of Section 15 of the Merchandise Marks Act. The point was, therefore, referred to the Full Bench.

The question to be decided by the Full Bench was "what is the starting point of limitation period under Section 15 of the Merchandise Marks Act in a case where it is proved that the offence of the infringement of a trade mark has been a continuing one? Does the period run from the particular instance of an infringement specified in the charge, or from the date of the first infringement, or from the first discovery of the infringement, whichever expiration first happens?"

Language Of Section

In the course of his judgment the Chief Justice referred to the language of Section 15 of the Merchandise Act which read as follows:

"No such prosecution as mentioned in the foregoing section shall be commenced after three years after the commission of the offence, or one year after the first discovery thereof by the prosecutor, whichever expiration first happens."

His Lordship observed that the section applied to three classes of prosecutions; firstly, prosecution for an offence under the Act itself, secondly under section 18 of the Sea Customs Act, and thirdly

under sections of the Indian Penal Code. The present case was a prosecution under the Indian Penal Code.

Reading section 15 it appeared to be perfectly clear that the words "commission of the offence" meant commission of the offence in respect of which the prosecution was launched, that is, commission of the offence charged.

Previous Rulings

Discussing the authorities cited on the point, His Lordship said that the Madras and Kangoon High Courts had held that the offence referred to in section 15 was not the offence charged, but where the offence of infringement had continued for a long time, it referred to the first offence of infringement committed by the accused.

In order to extract that meaning, his lordship observed, the wording of the section would have to be altered considerably. In his lordship's view, the plain meaning of the expression, as the section read, was that the offence referred to was the offence charged.

The Rangoon High Court had held that the section should be interpreted, even with some violence to its working, in such a way as to give effect to the intention of the legislature in passing the Act.

Four Corners Of Act

Such a course, His Lordship observed, might be desirable, but it must be within the four corners of the Act itself. There was nothing in the context of the Act, as far as His Lordship could see which showed that the legislature did not mean what the section said.

His Lordship held that in all cases the starting point of limitation under section 15 was the date of the offence charged, and that a contrary ruling of the Bombay High Court in a previous case was wrong.

Mr. Justice Rangnekar and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia concurred. The Advocate General with Mr. B. G. Rao, Assistant Government Pleader appeared for the Crown. Mr. M. N. Talpade with Mr. G. H. Rajadhyaksha represented the accused.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Two women, alleged to be peeping into the rooms of Girja Bhanuwan (Matunga) with a view to commit theft, were arrested yesterday by the Kingsway Police and produced before the Dadar Court this morning.

Sundaribai and Hirkaribai, the two accused women, were ordered to be remanded till the 14th inst.

Dharsi Jethabhai, a salesman who was reported to be absconding surrendered last evening to the Bombay C.I.D. to answer a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of a sum of Rs. 20,387.

The accused was a salesman in the firm of Messrs. J. Shah & Co. Sugar merchants, and it is alleged that he sold various consignments of sugar to local merchants and failed to account for the proceeds.

When the accused was produced in custody before the Presidency Magistrate, third Court today, Mr. C. Vyas appeared on his behalf and applied for bail.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to deposit Rs. 5,000 in cash and furnish one surety in like amount, in default he was to be remanded in custody upto September 15.

The Prevention of Gambling Squad, headed by Sub-Inspector M. A. Swant, arrested last night two persons in the compound of the Municipal sweepers' chawl, Arthur Road.

Sutta chits and money, including marked coins, are alleged to have been recovered from the person of Dhondhi Surtia, one of the accused.

Dhondhi was ordered to be released, at the Dadar Court today in the sum of Rs. 150 (Rs. 75 to

be deposited in cash) while Nathoo Kanya, the second accused was ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 10 cash in default to be remanded into Police custody till the 8th instant.

A lady who had recently employed an additional domestic servant was the victim of a theft of jewellery and cash amounting to Rs. 560.

The new servant was, it is stated, engaged on the recommendation of one of her other servants.

A few days after, the servants disappeared and the theft of the jewellery was discovered. The owner reported the theft to the Lamington Road Police.

The newly engaged servant and the man who had recommended him were arrested at Khed in the Ratnagiri District and brought back to Bombay.

A part of the property is stated to have been recovered. Police enquiries show that the servant, who is stated to be a juvenile, committed the theft at the instigation of the second suspect. Both shared, it is alleged, the proceeds.

They were remanded for a fortnight at the Girgaum Court today.

A case of highway robbery, in which the victim was stated to be too frightened to shout for help, was narrated before the Mazagaon Court today by the Nagpada Police, in applying for remand into custody for fourteen days of Arjun Lateef.

The victim is Rama Hansri, who was grabbed from behind and robbed of his money at Northbrook Street last night. The Magistrate granted the remand.



Mrs. Sarojini Naidu inaugurated the Indo-American Union on Monday at the Green's, in the absence, due to illness, of Dr. Ambedkar, who was to have performed the ceremony.

HEAVY TOLL OF LIVES ON CITY ROADS

Coroner's Jury's Proposal To Police Chief

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Three cases of motor accidents in which the victims succumbed to their injuries last night, were disposed of by the City Coroner today.

The Coroner's jury classified all the fatalities as "accidental deaths".

In one case, a school-girl, aged nine said that her brother was flung forward by the car, just at the moment when he ran forward leaving her hand, while she was picking up a pencil.

In another case a Muslim touching his grey flowing beard and with tears in his eyes, said that his son was knocked down by a lorry, "although the road was wide".

"Times have changed," he murmured, "and chaotic conditions prevail on the road".

The jury, in giving the verdict, recommended that all vehicles in Bombay should be made to stop when a tram-car had stopped on the road and when passengers were getting down and into it.

They also requested the Commissioner of Police to consider the above recommendation.

The sister of a boy, knocked down by motor-car Y. 3784 along Kalbadevi Road last evening said that her brother was hurled forward by the motor-car and was run over by it.

Herbal Jethabhai (9) stated that Chumilal Jethabhai, the deceased, was her brother. Last evening they were returning from the school and her brother, after purchasing some grams, joined her.

They were about to go in the direction of the building where they resided and which was near when a pencil dropped from her hand.

The girl stopped to pick it up and cried to her brother: Jethabhai, please stop, my pencil has dropped down."

Her brother was flung forward and run over by his car and some persons shouted and stopped the car.

Her brother and she were walking on the road, hand in hand, she replied to a question by the court. But when she dropped the pencil, she dropped his hand. He ran across and after a few minutes, there he lay on the road.

She was subsequently taken in a car to the police station where she saw her father after some time.

Two other eye-witnesses deposed that the head-light of the car struck the boy and he was knocked down. There was vehicular traffic at the time.

Narayan Gopal, the motor-driver, stated that the boy ran into his car.

The jury returned a verdict of death by internal haemorrhage due to his having been accidentally knocked down by motor car.

PRINCIPAL HAMILL'S NEW POST

Becomes Secretary To Public Services Commission

Mr. H. Hamill, Principal of the Elphinstone College, Bombay has been appointed Secretary to the Public Services Commission, Government of India.

Mr. Hamill left for Simla on Friday to take charge of his new post on September 1.

Mr. R. P. Patwardhan, Professor of History and Political Economy, Elphinstone College, will act in Mr. Hamill's place for the present term at the end of which the permanent Principal will be appointed.

BAN ON PAMPHLET

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD Residency, Aug. 31. On the recommendation of the Executive Council, H. E. H. the Nizam has issued a firman proscribing the pamphlet entitled "Thohia Khusravi" written by Abdul Halim, Secretary of the Anjuman Millath, Lucknow and printed at Andamathaba, Lucknow. The pamphlet in question is liable to confiscation, wherever found in Nizam's State.

Y 3784, whilst running across the road.

Frere Road Fatality. In another case, John Herbert Brown was driving his car, X 6612 along Frere Road from south to north. He was on the proper side of the road, he said in giving evidence, to-day before the city Coroner, on the death of Abdul Latif Gulam Mohsin, knocked down by the car on June 17, last. He died in the hospital yesterday.

Arthur Boyd, a soap-maker, who was employed in the same firm as Herbert Brown said in evidence to-day that he was an occupant of the car at the time.

At the junction of the Carnac Road and Frere Road, he saw a man crossing from east to west. "Brown blew the horn," witness stated, "and the man wobbled backwards and forwards."

Brown applied the brakes but before the car stopped, the man was knocked down.

A verdict of death by compound fracture of bones, having been accidentally knocked down by car Y 6612, was recorded by the Coroner.

Father In Tears. Abhasbhai, a boy aged about nine was knocked down last night by a lorry W7287.

"The boy's father named Vallibhai Ahmedbhai, with tears in his eyes, said in the Coroner's Court, to-day, that he and his son stood on the foot-path waiting for a tram-car and as the tram-car came, his boy ran forward."

They wanted to go to the K.E.M. Hospital as witness had some eye-trouble and so they stood opposite Piru Havaladar Lane, off Bhendi Bazar.

The driver of the lorry said that he had applied the brakes and stopped his vehicle, but the boy was knocked down.

The jury classified the case as "accidental."

OPPORTUNITIES FOR HOME INDUSTRIES

Presidency Women's Council's Depot Helps By Display Of Goods And Advertising

Do you want to add to your income? Do you want wider publicity for your institution and more money for your funds? If so, join the Bombay Presidency Women's Council's Women's Home Industries Depot.

This Depot is the outcome of a Conference held by the B. P. W. C. in January of this year, when it was felt that it was useless to encourage Home Industries unless at the same time opportunity is given to dispose of the goods produced. The Depot aims at providing a central place for the display of goods and by good advertising and successful selling to encourage Home Industries and help to increase the family income of women in need.

The Depot will be open daily except Sundays from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m., and on Saturdays it will close at 1 p.m., goods for sale or display will be received daily at the Depot between the hours of 10 a.m., and 12 noon, and payments will be made weekly on a stated day and hour. All kinds of work, plain and fancy needlework, knitting, crochets, dresses, frocks and blouses, beadwork and leatherwork, pen-painting and woodwork, jams, chutneys, pickles etc., will be welcome.

Each Organization or Society of Women wishing to deposit its goods for sale or display is charged a sum of Rs. 18 per half year payable in advance. Individuals whose work is sold by the Depot are charged commission at the rate of 2 as. in the rupee on sales. The Depot Committee is responsible for all goods entrusted to it.

Fifteen Societies and four individuals have already signified their willingness to join the Depot. We know there are others who would like to make use of the Depot but they are holding back because they want to see what progress the Depot will make. Why not insure its success by co-operation? Join now so that you can share with us the credit of the Depot's success.

For further particulars, write to: The Convener, Women's Home Industries Depot, Sub-Committee, B. P. W. C., Office, Town Hall.

In aid of the above Depot there will be a Bridge and Mahjong Drive and other games at the P. V. M. Gymkhana on Wednesday the 16th September, from 4 to 8-30 p.m.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu has kindly consented to speak and to give away the prizes.

All women are welcome. An entrance fee of Rs. 1/4 per head will be charged. Tea will be served free.

LATE MR. N. V. DHAIRYAVAN

(From A Correspondent.) Mr. Narayan Vyankoba Dhairyawan 65, the Chief Clerk of the Atlas Insurance Company, Ltd., whose death occurred on Thursday morning at his residence at Thakurdwar, Bombay after a brief illness is deeply mourned by his nephew, Dr. Motiram Balakrishna Velkar, L.M. and S., the Pathare Prabhu community and the general public. The body of Mr. Dhairyawan was covered with Kashmiri shawls and floral tributes and heartrending scenes were witnessed during his funeral procession which was attended by a large number of prominent citizens of Bombay including Mr. M. R. Jayakar, Bar-at-Law, and the officers of the Atlas Insurance Company, Ltd., in which he had put in 37 years' meritorious service.

Mr. Narayan V. Dhairyawan was a great philanthropist and religious-minded man having helped a large number of public, government and charitable institutions, working silently without "arlin" for publicity.

Packed audiences are the order of the day!

Madan Theatres' Most Hilarious Hindi Comedy Talkie!

JAHANARA

Delightful Love Romance with adventures and laughter galore!

with Usuf Effendi—Jagdish—Kavasji Panthaky—and Madan's all star cast

The Best Indian Comedy of the Year!

Daily:—6-30 and 10 p.m. Phone 22666.

MISS KAJJAN

Love Romance Daring

with Wellington

Dhobi Talao

Entries For Third Day Of Poona Big Meetings

The following are the complete entries for the third day of the Poona Big Meetings to be held on Saturday, September 5:—

THE TRIAL PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

First Entries.
Messrs. A. Hoyt and A. J. Hoyt's Play On, Private Seal and Goolash.
Mr. V. Rosenthal's Pin Money.
H. H. the Maharaja of Idar's Count Ito.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Shivali the Great (late Hy-perion), Diamond Shower and Clitquot.
Messrs. S. Bagree and A. Higgins' Synagogue.
Messrs. N. D. Bagree and K. D. Bagree's Benevento.
Messrs. A. Higgins and N. D. Bagree's Cercello.
H. H. the Maharaja of Parliakimedi's Silver Plated.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Robert and Rivalli.
Mr. A. Higgins' Tel Asur.
Mr. Diamond's Titanium.
H. H. the Maharaja Jamsaheb of Nawanganar's Vermell II.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Maid of Orleans.
Nawabzada Fakrulkulm of Bhopal's Mass d'Antibes.
Nawabzada Fakrulkulm of Bhopal's Zuyder Zee and Cotys.
Mr. P. B. Avastia's Dr. Strabismus.
Raja Dhanrajgir's Rapsonia.
Final Entries.

NH.
THE BURNETT PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.
First Entries.
Messrs. A. Hoyt and A. J. Hoyt's Cymro.
Mr. Kelso's Aurangzebe and Mott Koh.
Mr. V. Rosenthal's Ballylinch.
H. H. the Maharaja of Idar's Seaton Ross.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Pratap Sinha and Silver Salmon.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's The Earl.
Messrs. R. Chamria and A. Higgins' Kahapa.
H. H. the Maharaja of Parliakimedi's Tiger Tim.
Mr. Diamond's Grenadier.
Hon'ble Mr. S. Santidas Askuran's Ashvraj.
Mr. M. D. Pettit's Hippy Buchan.
Messrs. E. D. Pandole and M. Dhall's Kirkibost.
Mrs. R. H. Tucker's Parkna-shia.

THE GALWAY PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.
First Entries.
Messrs. A. Hoyt and A. J. Hoyt's Cymro.
Mr. Kelso's Aurangzebe and Mott Koh.
Mr. V. Rosenthal's Ballylinch.
H. H. the Maharaja of Idar's Seaton Ross.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Pratap Sinha and Silver Salmon.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's The Earl.
Messrs. R. Chamria and A. Higgins' Kahapa.
H. H. the Maharaja of Parliakimedi's Tiger Tim.
Mr. Diamond's Grenadier.
Hon'ble Mr. S. Santidas Askuran's Ashvraj.
Mr. M. D. Pettit's Hippy Buchan.
Messrs. E. D. Pandole and M. Dhall's Kirkibost.
Mrs. R. H. Tucker's Parkna-shia.

THE AUNDH PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.
First Entries.
Mrs. M. Clarke's Mint Julep II and Golden Prince.
Mr. J. M. Judah's Alcove.
Begum Feroza Dulhan's Swindon.
Mr. L. H. Hewitt's Saint Amour.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Black Prince (late Nigger), Grand Raja and Shelley.
Major D. D. Nimbalkar's Prince Shivali.
Mr. E. D. Pandole's Menado.
Mr. M. Dhall's Oratorio.
Mrs. R. H. Tucker's Perrier and Prince Philippe.
Nawabzada Fakrulkulm of Bhopal's Mister Atkins.
Maharaj Mansingh of Jaswantgarh's Perseverance.
Mr. P. B. Avastia's Belle of York.
Mr. V. G. Mohan Rao's Dame de Coeur IV and Brilliance.
Mr. Gemini's Aquila.
Mr. J. Hormasji's Iqbal.
Mr. Sion F. Nessim's Goblin.
Mr. O. Randall's Cryptogram.
Mr. K. S. Mukim's Dattatrim.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Zorawar.
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajppla's Primate.
Mr. Eve's Kingmaker, Sweet Briar, Marselles and Knight at Arms.
Mr. C. Jennings' Flamcoe.
Herr K. Kapp's Silver Guard.
Mr. Gem's Wagon Hill.
Messrs. K. A. Hilaly and Moosa M. Houssein's Canton.
Final Entries.
Mr. R. P. Ebrahim's Picaro.
Mr. Osman Chotani's Honey-suckle.
Mr. S. R. Arthanari's Fanciful.
Mr. A. Moosaji's Hero Worship.
Mr. Roman's Chapel.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Rose-water.
THE WANOWRIE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.
First Entries.
The Chief of Miraj, Jnr's Aml-rulmulk.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Violence and Mamluk al Iraq.
Hon'ble Mr. S. Santidas Askuran's White Flower.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Hamiyan.
Mr. Diamond's Reform.
Nawabzada Yemulmulk of Bhopal's Lucky Boy.
Mr. P. B. Avastia's Kananah.
Mr. Houssein Alwan's Karam Allah.
Mr. Saleh Moosa's Taj Nizam.
Mr. M. C. Patel's Happy King.
Mr. C. N. Permandand's Imperial.
Mr. Aziz Mahomed's Samra Layali.
Mr. Hamid Jamoor's Mujbli Hatim.
Mr. M. H. Ahmedbhoys' King Ghazi and Saif al Iraq.
H. H. the Dowager Maharani of Kolhapur's Adhba II and Tamim.
Mr. K. H. Irani's No Limit.
Mr. Mohammed Lahori's Bahar Neel.
Mr. E. Esmail's The Leader.
Raja Dhanrajgir's Yawir Awar.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Gold Mine.
Mr. Haji Ahmed Burroo's Ver-shan.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kas-mir's Nur Jehan (late Sanals) and Golden Crown.
Mr. Gem's Baden and Burgess.
Final Entries.
Mr. A. H. Ahmedbhoys' The Duke.
Mr. K. T. Sampat's Taj Shama-ma.

THE CECIL GRAY PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.
First Entries.
Messrs. A. Hoyt and A. J. Hoyt's Funny Face.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Mahoot and Almaz.
Nawabzada Fakrulkulm of Bho-



The King's Regiment goalkeeper punches clear when pressed by forwards of the Royal Warwicks in the Rover's Cup on Monday. King's won by 3 goals to nil.

Miss Lilavati Bhosle's Leicester Lady.
Mr. A. Svamvur's Why.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kashmir's Rigoletta and Tobrako.
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajppla's Mr. Pip and Black Tulip.
Mr. Eve's Quick Image, Running Sea, Crimson Rambler and Inver-ralga.
Mr. A. M. Khairaz's Francolin.
Messrs. A. H. Ahmedbhoys and A. M. Khairaz's Garter Princess.
Messrs. A. Housseinbhai and Hussein Fazalbhoy's Follow Me.
Final Entries.
Mr. S. K. Arthanari's Cybo.
Mr. Roman's Dandy Brush and Turloigh.

THE AUNDH PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.
First Entries.
Mrs. M. Clarke's Mint Julep II and Golden Prince.
Mr. J. M. Judah's Alcove.
Begum Feroza Dulhan's Swindon.
Mr. L. H. Hewitt's Saint Amour.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Black Prince (late Nigger), Grand Raja and Shelley.
Major D. D. Nimbalkar's Prince Shivali.
Mr. E. D. Pandole's Menado.
Mr. M. Dhall's Oratorio.
Mrs. R. H. Tucker's Perrier and Prince Philippe.
Nawabzada Fakrulkulm of Bhopal's Mister Atkins.
Maharaj Mansingh of Jaswantgarh's Perseverance.
Mr. P. B. Avastia's Belle of York.
Mr. V. G. Mohan Rao's Dame de Coeur IV and Brilliance.
Mr. Gemini's Aquila.
Mr. J. Hormasji's Iqbal.
Mr. Sion F. Nessim's Goblin.
Mr. O. Randall's Cryptogram.
Mr. K. S. Mukim's Dattatrim.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Zorawar.
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajppla's Primate.
Mr. Eve's Kingmaker, Sweet Briar, Marselles and Knight at Arms.
Mr. C. Jennings' Flamcoe.
Herr K. Kapp's Silver Guard.
Mr. Gem's Wagon Hill.
Messrs. K. A. Hilaly and Moosa M. Houssein's Canton.
Final Entries.
Mr. R. P. Ebrahim's Picaro.
Mr. Osman Chotani's Honey-suckle.
Mr. S. R. Arthanari's Fanciful.
Mr. A. Moosaji's Hero Worship.
Mr. Roman's Chapel.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Rose-water.

THE WANOWRIE PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.
First Entries.
The Chief of Miraj, Jnr's Aml-rulmulk.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Violence and Mamluk al Iraq.
Hon'ble Mr. S. Santidas Askuran's White Flower.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Hamiyan.
Mr. Diamond's Reform.
Nawabzada Yemulmulk of Bhopal's Lucky Boy.
Mr. P. B. Avastia's Kananah.
Mr. Houssein Alwan's Karam Allah.
Mr. Saleh Moosa's Taj Nizam.
Mr. M. C. Patel's Happy King.
Mr. C. N. Permandand's Imperial.
Mr. Aziz Mahomed's Samra Layali.
Mr. Hamid Jamoor's Mujbli Hatim.
Mr. M. H. Ahmedbhoys' King Ghazi and Saif al Iraq.
H. H. the Dowager Maharani of Kolhapur's Adhba II and Tamim.
Mr. K. H. Irani's No Limit.
Mr. Mohammed Lahori's Bahar Neel.
Mr. E. Esmail's The Leader.
Raja Dhanrajgir's Yawir Awar.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Gold Mine.
Mr. Haji Ahmed Burroo's Ver-shan.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kas-mir's Nur Jehan (late Sanals) and Golden Crown.
Mr. Gem's Baden and Burgess.
Final Entries.
Mr. A. H. Ahmedbhoys' The Duke.
Mr. K. T. Sampat's Taj Shama-ma.

THE CECIL GRAY PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.
First Entries.
Messrs. A. Hoyt and A. J. Hoyt's Funny Face.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Mahoot and Almaz.
Nawabzada Fakrulkulm of Bho-

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Nawabzada Fakrulkulm of Bho-

pal's Jahan Ara.
Messrs. C. Temoolji and H. M. Dharamsey's Abdul Malik.
Mr. Sion F. Nessim's Arao Queen.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Legion of Honour and Azza.
Mr. Houssein Alwan's Karam Allah.
Mr. Basheer Mahomed's Farnan Pasha.
Mr. D. D. Chawan's Bushboos.
Mr. Syed bin Oomer's Money Order.
Messrs. H. Tohalla and Mam-mood Jassim's Eeda.
Mr. M. C. Patel and Dr. J. J. Naegamvala's Hakim Pasha.
Mr. Hamid Jamoor's Mujbli Hatim.
Mr. Aziz Mahomed's Samra Layali.
Mr. A. H. Ahmedbhoys' the Duke and Kanda.
Mr. Jarulla bin Tallo's Zozan.
H. H. the Dowager Maharani of Kolhapur's Adhba II and Tamim.
Mr. Sultan M. Chinoys' Al Hamil.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kas-mir's Nur Jehan (the Sanals).
Mr. A. M. Khairaz's Merry Face and Al Ghazi.
Mr. Gem's Breach and Burgess.
Final Entries.
Mr. A. M. Khairaz's The Viceroy.
Mr. A. A. Ali bin Tallo's Al Hazar and Saifudowla.
THE SEISTAN PLATE.—Dis-tance 1 mile, 1 furlong.
First Entries.
Messrs. A. Hoyt and A. J. Hoyt's Orient and Rustum.
The Chief of Miraj, Jnr's Mah-boobat Tang.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Shara' al Na'aman, Jat Bha-wani II, German and Ace of Hearts.
Mr. Diamond's Reform.
Mr. R. Higgins' Iraq Gift.
Mr. M. Dhall's Aslan Beg.
Mr. Khodayar Rustom's Hazima.
Mr. S. E. Sasseoon's Prosperity.
Mr. Enus Kondaji's Quarry.
Mrs. W. Evan's Mumrith.
Mr. Saleh Moosa's Gold Fish.
Haji Rashid's Padnoos' Bani Khazraj.
Mr. K. T. Sampat's Bahadur al Iraq and Al Muqbil.
Mrs. K. T. Sampat's Firpo.
Mr. Syed bin Oomer's Tariff.
Mr. M. C. Patel's Kabalia and Danger.
Mr. D. D. Gista's Jaffai.
Mr. C. N. Permandand's Imperial.
Mr. M. H. Ahmedbhoys' Dila-war.
H. H. the Dowager Maharani of Kolhapur's Kutub and Virkumar.
Mr. K. H. Irani's No Limit.
Mr. P. R. Kering's Silver Fish.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Alharith.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh's Zoo-lum.
Mr. Mahomedalli's The Knut.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kas-mir's Golden Crown.
Mr. A. M. Khairaz's The Viceroy and Shinar.
The Thakore Saheb of Rajkot's Havana.
Messrs. Ali Khan and M. A. Khudabux's Istan.
Final Entries.
Mr. Sayid Baqi Sayid Ahmed's Orkhan.
Mr. K. H. Irani's Turkish Prince.
Mr. Mahomed Jamoor's Al Bar-maki.
Mr. M. H. Ahmedbhoys' King Ghazi.
Mr. Osman Chotani's Poppy Day.
Mr. A. C. Ardeshir's Buick.
Mr. A. H. Hedeshizada's Goolash.
*Denotes horses not eligible.

THE AUNDH PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.
First Entries.
Mrs. M. Clarke's Mint Julep II and Golden Prince.
Mr. J. M. Judah's Alcove.
Begum Feroza Dulhan's Swindon.
Mr. L. H. Hewitt's Saint Amour.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur's Black Prince (late Nigger), Grand Raja and Shelley.
Major D. D. Nimbalkar's Prince Shivali.
Mr. E. D. Pandole's Menado.
Mr. M. Dhall's Oratorio.
Mrs. R. H. Tucker's Perrier and Prince Philippe.
Nawabzada Fakrulkulm of Bhopal's Mister Atkins.
Maharaj Mansingh of Jaswantgarh's Perseverance.
Mr. P. B. Avastia's Belle of York.
Mr. V. G. Mohan Rao's Dame de Coeur IV and Brilliance.
Mr. Gemini's Aquila.
Mr. J. Hormasji's Iqbal.
Mr. Sion F. Nessim's Goblin.
Mr. O. Randall's Cryptogram.
Mr. K. S. Mukim's Dattatrim.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Zorawar.
H. H. the Maharaja of Rajppla's Primate.
Mr. Eve's Kingmaker, Sweet Briar, Marselles and Knight at Arms.
Mr. C. Jennings' Flamcoe.
Herr K. Kapp's Silver Guard.
Mr. Gem's Wagon Hill.
Messrs. K. A. Hilaly and Moosa M. Houssein's Canton.
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Mr. P. B. Avastia's Kananah.
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Mr. M. C. Patel's Happy King.
Mr. C. N. Permandand's Imperial.
Mr. Aziz Mahomed's Samra Layali.
Mr. Hamid Jamoor's Mujbli Hatim.
Mr. M. H. Ahmedbhoys' King Ghazi and Saif al Iraq.
H. H. the Dowager Maharani of Kolhapur's Adhba II and Tamim.
Mr. K. H. Irani's No Limit.
Mr. Mohammed Lahori's Bahar Neel.
Mr. E. Esmail's The Leader.
Raja Dhanrajgir's Yawir Awar.
Lt.-Col. Zorawar Singh and Raja Dhanrajgir's Gold Mine.
Mr. Haji Ahmed Burroo's Ver-shan.
H. H. the Maharaja of Kas-mir's Nur Jehan (late Sanals) and Golden Crown.
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Nawabzada Fakrulkulm of Bho-

NON STOP CYCLING

Dasrath Khandoo Nannavare (Chamar) of Poona, who pedalled a bicycle for 72 hours continuously at Poona recently, will attempt at midnight to-day on the Wilson College Gymkhana ground to do 80-hours non-stop, which time is higher than the present world record.

(Continued from Col. 7)

fair share of the attack, they were rarely dangerous of the few chances they had of scoring they converted three—a very creditable effort indeed. But their performances do not presage a victory for them in the semi-finals, where they meet either the King's or the Royal Warwicks.

AN EXHILARATING MATCH

The most exhilarating game of the week was, of course, the meeting of the two Calcutta teams, the Mahomedan Sporting and the All Blues. They exhibited a rare type of football, which the immense crowd enjoyed with keen interest and enthusiasm. The champions though not in their best combination played excellent football and should have won the match by a couple of goals. But they made the mistake in the last stages of the game of resorting to defensive tactics, which allowed the Blues to swarm round their fortress and bring it down in the last minute of the match.

It must be said to the credit of the Blues that fought as one man all throughout and fully deserved the draw. The display of Noor Mahomed and J. Lumsden in the pivotal positions of the two teams was an object-lesson to those who wish to learn the duties of a centre-half. Jumma Khan and G. Carvey, as the opposing backs, were real towers of strength—one was coolness and invincibility personified and the other represented pluck and courage. The forwards on either side need to show better team-work and shooting ability to be really dangerous. I expect a better show from them in their next outing.

A GAME MISHANDLED.

The encounter between the K.S. L.I. and the Afghan Club was marred to a certain extent by poor refereeing. Obviously, Referee Birchell was not in his element. He caused a furore in the south stand, when he disallowed a penalty-kick against the Shropshires in that end. It was a clear case of handling the ball in fatal area and should have been penalised. Evidently, the referee thought that it was unintentional or accidental. The fury of the crowd, however, was raised to fever heat when towards the close of the game Hale kicked the fallen Lal Shah and Birchell took no notice of it. The Muslim crowd was so enraged at this that they were on the point of flying at the referee and create further trouble. However, the Police handled the situation tactfully and nothing untoward happened.

THE CUP'S DESTINATION.

The Afghans played a much better game against the K.S.L.I. than they did against the Durhams in any of their three meetings. Both in foot-work and combined movements they showed a marked improvement. And they fought their opponents on even terms till the end. The Shropshires were nowhere near the form which they exhibited against the York and Lancaster or the D.L.I. "P". There was plenty of mis-kick-ing in all ranks and polished display was altogether at a discount. Unless they can bring out an infinitely superior standard of play in the semi-finals, where they meet the winners of the Mahomedan Sporting and the All-Blues, they are not likely to survive that round. Given bright sunshine during the week, Calcutta is sure to have a large say on the destination of the Rover's Cup this year.

SOCCER SHOTS

Brilliant Display By Calcutta Teams

(By "WHISTLE.")

Bombay will remember for many a-day the thrilling games which the Cooperage provided during the week under review. The first of them was a contest between the Mahomedan Sporting of Calcutta and the Indian Football League XI. Contrary to all expectations, the local side, which was composed of the best players playing under the Indian Football League at present, put up a magnificent fight and made the Calcutta Champions run all the way to gain the verdict by an odd goal in three. It may be the visitors were over-confident and took things a bit easy. But that does not in any way take away the credit from the Bombay boys, who played a marvellous game to keep their mighty opponents in check for the full period of the battle. And that, too, they did under most adverse circumstances. A heavy shower of rain just before the commencement of the match had turned the field into a veritable lake. The Calcutta players under the changed conditions, shod themselves with boots, while the Indian League boys tried to go their best with bare feet. A runaway victory for the Mahomedans was, therefore, a foregone conclusion.

BRAVO, I. F. L.!

The end of the day told a different tale altogether. Though the visitors attacked the local citadel right from the kick-off, they found in Chowdhury a most resourceful custodian. The Bengal Club goalie brought off a few spectacular saves, which earned him rounds of applause from all sides. Manek as full-back, played a great game, perhaps, the best, he has ever shown, and he was ably supported by Premial. With Dadoo at the pivot the middle line worked like a well-lubricated machine, tackling and feeding with systematic precision. The forwards, barring Rebelro, did not shine very much. But considering the fact that they were facing an array of defenders who looked almost like a Chinese Wall to them, they acquitted themselves with credit.

(Continued in Col. 5)

After they got over their nervousness in the initial moiety they made several excursions into the Calcutta territory and worried their defence time and again. On the whole, the Bombay team gave an excellent account of themselves—a fight which the I.F.A. Shield winners will not easily forget. Well done, the Indian League!

BOMBAYS' EXIT.

The match between the Afghan Club from Peshawar and the third string of the Durham Light Infantry occupied the stage for three days before the contending parties arrived at a decision. There was nothing much to choose between the two sides. Both revelled in tough and erratic type of play, and the fieries of the game were more or less at a discount. Perhaps, the visitors from Peshawar were a bit cowed down by the rough tactics of their opponents. On the second day the referee had to issue marching orders to two of the D.L.I. players, Wilson and Walker, and they were subsequently suspended by the W.I.F.A. Council for a fortnight. With the exit of the Durhams, the last of the local hopes was extinguished.

BANGALORE'S WEAKNESS.

As I remarked last week, the Bangalore Muslims have to thank Basith, their custodian, and Atkinson, left full-back, for their sorry plight. They were absolutely unsafe from beginning to end and were mainly responsible for the downfall of their side. The second and third goals should be put down against Atkinson, who, instead of heading away the two high lobbs directed towards his goal, crouched down and allowed his opponents to increase their lead tremendously. At the same time I must add that the Bangalore forwards threw away unmissable chances of scoring either by dallying too long with the ball or shooting wide of the mark. Had they converted a few of them they would have emerged out victorious by a comfortable margin. The Lions were opportunists to the core. Although they had a

KEEP YOUR DOG FIT

If you want your dog to be always lively, happy and in good condition, you must give him Sherley's Tonic and Condition Powders. The cause of Moodiness, Poor Coat, Lost Appetite, Listlessness, Itching, Scratching, 'Hair Shedding', etc., is over-heated blood. But a dog's blood only gets over-heated when it is impure. Keep your dog's blood PURE and you will keep his blood cool and healthy.

Sherley's Tonic and Condition Powders are especially suitable for dogs who have to live in hot climates. They purify the blood, restore appetite, revive energy, rebuild vitality. Don't let your dog get ill—KEEP HIM WELL by giving him a regular course of Sherley's Tonic and Condition Powders.

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Canker Lotion and Powder
Skincare—Insect Powder—Shampoo.

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DON'T BE DOUBTFUL—THIS CURE IS SURE

Look at me, look at all our friends who take Phosferine. We are all healthy and in full possession of our powers.

A little overwork and our vitality is quickly restored by a regular course of Phosferine.

Phosferine will store up in your reserves of energy, and will replace energy when it is used up.

PHOSFERINE

THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

Sexual Weakness	Brain Fog	Sleeplessness	Headache	Neuralgia
Influenza	Gastric Pains	Exhaustion	Sciatica	Anemia
Listlessness	Debility	Nerve Shock	Maternity Weakness	Mental Exhaustion
Indigestion	Rheumatism			

Sold by all good chemists and stores, in Liquid and Tablet form, each in three sizes. The larger sizes are more economical.

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Chest Colds

Rub well over throat and chest

VICKS

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One year monthly details. Rs. 3. Weekly details Rs. 10. Correct answers for 5 future questions. Re. 1. V.P. As. 5. Send writing time, sex and approximate age or date and time of birth. Catalogue free.

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Are You Tortured by the Maddening Itch of SKIN TROUBLE?

If the maddening itch of a skin disease is wrecking your health, preventing sleep and reducing you to despair—if everything else you have tried has failed to give you relief, the efficacy of this simple Cuticura treatment will prove an amazing revelation.

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HEALS ECZEMA DHOBI'S ITCH PSORIASIS PRURITUS PRICKLY HEAT AND ALL ITCHING ERUPTIONS

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For the Cure of Colds, Cough, Headaches, Rheumatism, Swellings and all other kinds of Aches and Pains.

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BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Adhik Bhadrapa Vadi, 1, 1936
Muslim: Jamad-ul-Akhar 15, 1355
Parsee: Gatha 2, 1365
High tide: 12-15
Low tide: 5-54; 18-27
Sunrise: 6h. 54m.
Sunset: 6h. 54m.
Standing Committee, 3-40 p.m.
Unveiling of Statue of Sir Patrick Kelly, former Commissioner of Police, Bombay, by the Mayor, Mr. Jammadas Mehta Crawford Market, 5 p.m.

Thursday, September 3.
S.S. Rawalpindi with English mails at August 20, due at 5 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.

Friday, September 4.
Dadabhai Navroji Birth anniversary celebrations (1) at C. J. Hall, 3-30 p.m. Mrs. Naidu presiding. (2) at Hall of Gujarati Stri Mandal, 4-15 p.m. Mrs. Naidu presiding. (3) at House, Girgaon, Back Road, 5 p.m.

Saturday, September 5.
Parsi New Year: Public Holiday, Banks closed.
S. S. Kaiser-I-Hind with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Gymkhana vs. Hammers A. F. I. Ground, 5-45 p.m.

Sunday, September 6
"Onam" celebrations, Muzaffarabad Hall, 4 p.m. Mrs. Naidu presiding.

Domestic Occurrence

DEATH

N. V. DHARIVAWAN, Superintendent Atlas Assurance Co., Bombay Branch Trustee Vithoba Canoji Kothare Charities, died on the 31st August 1936, mourned by his nephew Dr. M. B. Velkar and family.

SANGAT SARHA

Prof. V. N. Naik will deliver his public address on Tagore's "Religion of Man" to-day (Wednesday), at 6-30 p.m. in the Parthana Mandir, Girgaon.

THE EXCELSIOR

At 6-30 & 10 P. M.

TOM WALLS
RALPH LYNN
IN

"POT LUCK"

with

"ROBERTSON HARE"

SIMULTANEOUSLY AT

Regal and Capitol

(at usual popular prices)
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

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SHOW
THE GREATEST MUSIC-DRAMA OF ALL TIME!
BOAT
Also
3rd TEST at OVAL
and PETERSEN-FOORD
Championship Fight
Free List Suspended

AMUSEMENTS

OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Show Boat." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Kelly the Second." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"The Speed Reporter." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Captain January." Time as usual.

EXCELSIOR—"Pot Luck." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
GLOBE—"Vidrohee." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jivan Lata." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Saad-e-Havas." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
OPELA HOUSE—"Hearts Divided." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

PALACE—"Dantes Inferno." Time as usual.
PATHE—"Till We Meet Again." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
SUNDAY Morning show at 10 a.m.

PLAZA—"Usha." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m.
REGAL—"Show Boat." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Achhut Kanya." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Jehanara." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Prabhuk-Pyara." Daily at usual time.

B.P.C.C. SPECIAL MEETING
A Special Meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held on Tuesday, the 8th September 1936, at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

Immediately the Special Meeting is over, there will be an ordinary meeting of the Committee at the same place.

CONGRESS SOCIALIST PARTY
Dr. J. Ojha of Jerusalem will meet the members of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, at a Conversational meeting, to-day (Wednesday) at 7 p.m. in the B.P.C.C. Hall, Congress House and speak on "Modern Palestine". Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will also be present.

UNVEILING OF KELLY STATUE
The unveiling ceremony of the statue of Sir Patrick A. Kelly, ex-Commissioner of Police, Bombay, will be performed by Mr. Jammadas M. Mehta, Mayor of Bombay in the Traffic Island opposite the Arthur Crawford Market on Hornby Road, to-day (Wednesday), at 5 p.m. (S.T.).

DADABHOY NAOROJI-BIRTH ANNIVERSARY
There will be a public meeting at the Sir C. J. Hall on Friday September 4, 1936 at 5-30 p.m. in celebration of the above Anniversary. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside, and Mr. B. G. Horniman, Mr. Jammadas Dwarakadas, Mr. N. Venkateswarar will deliver speeches suitable to the occasion.

There will also be items of popular music and cinema film. All are cordially invited to attend.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WOMEN'S COUNCIL
A Bridge and Mah Jong Drive and other games in aid of the B.P.W.C. Women's Home Industries Depot, will be held at the P.V.M., Gymkhana on (Wednesday), 16th inst. from 4-30 to 5-30 p.m. Tickets will be sold at Rs. 1/4 per head. Tea will be served free. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will speak and give away the lucky number prizes. For particulars write to:—Mrs. Sumud Shah, B. P. W. C. Office, Town Hall, Bombay.

3 ARTS CIRCLE
"3 arts will meet at Regal on Thursday 3rd instant at 6 p.m.
3 arts are Revolver Social, for Ativa Begum and Mr. F. Rahaman will be held on Sunday 6 instant at 5-30 p.m. at Watson's Eplandia. Dr. Kunnappa will preside. Reservations Watsons open to all."

CELEBRATION BY G. H. STRI MANDAL
Under the auspices of the Gujarati Hindu Stri Mandal of Bombay the birthday anniversary of the late Dadabhai Naoroji will be celebrated on 4th inst. (Friday), in the hall of the Mandal when Mrs. Faiz Trajbji will preside. Prof. Tej Rajendrasing (violinist) will give a programme of Bhajans.

INDEPENDENT HARIJAN PARTY
Mr. B. J. Deorukhar and some other Harijans with leanings towards Congress, have formed the "Independent Harijans Party" to contest the 15 seats reserved for Harijans in the Bombay Legislative (Lower Chamber) under the Poona Pact, and have already selected some candidates to contest the above seats in the Maharashtra.

The Panel Election under the Poona Pact, it is expected, will take place in the month of November, and the Party leader have asked the Harijan candidates wishing to contest the seats in the election through this Party, to apply to this Party before the 1st of September. The applicant must be a Congressman in every sense of the term, must be over 25 years of age (for Lower Chamber) must have signed the Congress pledge to stand by the Congress in all its future moves in both Houses of the legislatures.



Mr. R. S. Nimkar addressing a gathering of city's workers at Chowpatty on Sunday last, which was observed as "Spain Day."

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

At the last meeting of the Parle Municipal Board it was resolved that the present arrangements in regard to vaccination be continued and that, in the opinion of the Municipality, there was no need to introduce the Vaccination Act into the Municipal area.

This debate I am told is the outcome of a letter of the Collector of the Bombay Suburban District advising the Municipality to appoint a whole time vaccinator in the amalgamated area. For the present arrangement provides for a part time vaccinator appointed by the District Local Board.

The Municipal Board, I understand, is not prepared to appoint a whole time vaccinator for quite a number of reasons, one of which is that his work would not keep him fully occupied, but it seems no objections to appointing him if he agrees to keep the register of births and deaths also.

In a further communication the Collector accepts the Municipality's proviso on the understanding that the information, about births and deaths is collected and supplied by the Municipality and inquires whether the Municipality is prepared to bear the cost, if the Act is now applied which is estimated to about Rs. 1,137 per year, making an additional expenditure of Rs. 700. After a hot discussion the Board came to the decision mentioned above.

THANA VOTERS.
A correspondent writes to tell me that the total number of voters in the Thana District for the ensuing Bombay Legislative Assembly is 72,125 and in the general constituency there are 64,041 voters of whom 36,671 belong to the Maratha community, 3,243 to schedule castes and 5,699 to aboriginal tribes. The whole area is divided into two constituencies namely, North and South, the North having 19,691 voters and the South 44,350.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS	
Timings at Victoria Terminus (on and from 1st April, 1936):—	
Trains.	Arr. Dep.
	H.M. H.M.
Madras Mail	9 00 22 60
Peshawar and Lucknow	
Express	6 15 23 00
Calcutta Mail via	
Nagpur	7 30 17 30
Calcutta Mail via	
Chitoseki	8 15 21 45
Madras Express	10 15 13 50
Deccan Queen	10 25 17 15
Punjab Mail	10 50 18 55
Poona Mail	11 40 15 30
Nagpur Express	14 00 22 10
Poona Fast Passenger	16 30 11 50
Poona Express	19 35 8 15
Allahabad Express	20 15 7 10

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL	
Mail, Express and Passenger train timings in force from 1st April, 1936:—	
Trains.	Arr. Dep.
	H.M. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35 23 20
Delhi Express	6 00 22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45 20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 40 21 50
Baroda Passenger	8 10 21 50
Frontier Mail on	
Saturdays	8 35 ...
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 20 13 40
Kathiawar Express	19 00 8 45
Baroda Passenger	21 10 8 55
AKHIVALS AT BALLARD PIER	
Frontier Mail (on Saturdays only) for passengers for Europe at	8 50

PROPOSED HARIJAN TEMPLE SITE

Rent Reduction Request Made

The Improvements Committee on Tuesday considered a letter from Mr. R. S. Nekaljay, President, Depressed Class Association, stating that in the year 1923, the Bombay Improvement Trust set apart a plot of land next to Fais Street near Bombay Improvement Trust Mahar colony at Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, for a temple; that since then the Association has been collecting funds for the purpose; that the collections now amount to Rs. 3,000; that recently His Holiness Shri Shankaracharya, Dr. Kurtakoti, M. A. Ph. D., has, however, promised to help them to collect the funds necessary to build a Prayer Hall and that Mr. R. P. Masani, Trustee of the late N. M. Wadia Charities, has also promised to give a donation for the purpose provided the above land is secured at a low rate, pointing out that the land in question is not meant for any business purpose but that it is used primarily for a charitable purpose, e.g. a central Prayer Hall for the Depressed Classes of this City, that the ground rent of Rs. 240 proposed to be charged to them for the land is, therefore, too high and requesting that, in the circumstances, the Improvements Committee may be pleased to grant a lease of the plot at a nominal rent.

The Committee sent the matter to the Municipal Commissioner for remarks.

LABOUR TENANTS.

The Committee then considered another letter from the Secretary, Matunga Labour Camp Tenants Committee, forwarding an application signed by the tenants residing in the labour camp at Matunga, in which they state that they had been served with notices to vacate; that the question of providing housing accommodation for several hundred families which will be dishoused if the notices

FUND FOR AMBERNATH STRIKERS

Appeal To Bombay Public

The Secretary, Bombay Provincial Committee of the N. T. U. F. writes:—
At a meeting of the Bombay Provincial Committee of the National Trades Union Federation of India held at the Servants of India Society's Home, it was resolved to raise a fund for giving relief to the strikers of the Western India Match Factory at Ambernath, whose wages have been withheld by the management.

The meeting further requests the public of Bombay to contribute liberally towards the fund and thus save the workers from starvation.

Those who are desirous of contributing towards the fund are requested to send the amount to the Secretary, Bombay Provincial Committee of the National Trade Union Federation, Servants of India Society, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4.

are given effect to does not, however, appear to have been taken into consideration by the municipality; that the Camp was established twenty years ago and most of the petitioners have been residing therein for a number of years; that, as they belong to the poor labouring class, it will be difficult for them to find accommodation elsewhere, especially during this rainy season, requesting that, in the circumstances, they may be provided with similar housing accommodation elsewhere before they are made to vacate the present premises, and that, unless some arrangement is made, the notices should not be executed; and submitting that it would be most unfair and unjust, if the municipality were to discontinue the practice of the last 20 years, of providing housing accommodation to the poorer classes in the City. This letter too was sent to the Commissioner for remarks.

WORLD PEACE AND INDIA'S DUTY

Mrs. Naidu's Appeal For Observance Of Sept. 4 As Commemoration Day

BOMBAY, Tuesday.
Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, member, International Committee for World Peace has issued the following statement:

"While the tragic shadow of imminent war broods heavy and sinister upon the world-horizon, there are myriads of brave men and women of all nations who are striving to keep alive and hold aloft the flambeau of their undimmed hope and faith.

"On September 4, there will be assembled in vast numbers delegates from all countries and continents representing the most divergent creeds and culture, the most diverse traditions and achievements, drawn together by a common purpose, to record their unanimous verdict against all wars of aggression, exploitation and annexation; and to pledge their united energies and endeavours to the establishment of World Peace on an enduring foundation of International equity and freedom.

INDIA'S DUTY.
"We in India have a similar duty to fulfil, and a kindred affirmation to make. Sunday the 6th of September has been chosen to be observed as an All-India day of commemoration. I trust that we shall recognise the far-reaching significance and solemnity of the occasion and bear both personal and national testimony of our loyalty to our own immortal ideals of peace."

The above statement has been issued in connection with the World Peace Conference to be held in Brussels on September 4. The International Peace Committee for World Peace includes Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mahatma Gandhi, Poet Tagore and Babu Ramanand Chatterjee.—A. P.

WORLD PEACE CONGRESS

The "World Peace Congress" assemblies at Brussels on the 3rd of this month in order to defend and support the cause of Peace seriously threatened in the present tense and critical situation in Europe and the Far East. On the World Committee of this Congress India is represented by Mahatma Gandhi, Rabindranath Tagore, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, and Ramanand Chatterjee.

In order to extend the cordial support to the ideal of the World Peace Congress a public meeting of the citizens of Bombay will be held at Jinnah Hall on Sunday (6th inst.), at 6-30 p.m., under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Peace Committee.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will occupy the chair and among the speakers will be:—Mrs. Hansa Mehta, and Messrs. K. M. Munshi, K. F. Nariman, S. A. Brelvi, Indulal Jainik, K. T. Chanday, and J. Bhukhari.

POSTAL NOTICE

Parcels for Germany direct per s.s. "Sturmfels" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12 noon on Friday the 4th proximo.

(Continued from Col. 7.)
two currents. It has been suggested that wherever necessary, over-bridges for the use of the pedestrians should be constructed. Obviously, the authorities are not inclined to have more money spent in this direction. On the other hand, they want to "educate" the pedestrians and to "silence" the motorists. That the pedestrian will be educated in the way the traffic authorities want is a myth, for it is an education without facilities. As for the dangers that follow such an order it is not necessary to mention here as the question has already been discussed.

IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

The "Silence" Myth

There seems to be some confusion in the minds of many people in the city about the apparent success of the Silence Zone. An order passed by Mr. Dowland, the Acting Police Commissioner, which came into effect on June 1 last, was extended indefinitely. According to this order, motor vehicles and other conveyances were prohibited from using the horns and hooters between 11 p.m. and 6 a.m. every day. During these three months, no doubt, the motorists have tried their best to conform to the order. From the pedestrian's point of view it must be stated, this order has not relieved his anxiety for his safety. On the other hand, it has certainly added to his worry and even now, judging from past experience, no one can say that the pedestrian will feel safer than he would have in the absence of any such order. Especially during the monsoon, the pedestrian had in certain instances legitimate reasons to feel that this order was more a curse than a blessing and so too the motorist. It will be idle on the part of the city police to claim that the motorists strictly adhere to the order. If they did, surely there would have been accidents involving collisions of motor cars. Until recently when an island

was created at the Church Gate station junction it was invariably found that the motorists were always under the risk of running into another car.

"Education" Without Facilities.

Even now nearly three months after the order was promulgated it is common that after 11 p.m., in the Fort area motorists use their horn with great benefit to themselves and to others. But now that the rains have passed, it may be expected that till a late hour in the night people will be found in the streets, taking the air in the open space in the Fort area. They must constitute a graver problem than was the case hitherto. And, therefore, it would be premature for any one to congratulate oneself on the success of the silence zone. But day-time in the Fort area is so vastly different from night. One only hopes that those responsible for foisting a twenty-four hour silence zone on this area have taken into consideration the price they are paying for this "Silence." It has been repeatedly urged in these columns that the pedestrian traffic and the vehicular traffic should be diverted along different channels so that there may not be any crossing of these (Continued in Col. 5)

Torn apart on their wedding night... they meet again as enemy spies in the services of their countries!

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HERBERT MARSHALL
"TILL WE MEET AGAIN"
with GERTRUDE MICHAEL • LIONEL ATWILL • ROD LAROCQUE
Directed by Robert Florey • A Paramount Picture
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Change of Programme TO-DAY
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THIS FILM HAS ALL THE ROMANCE OF THE SEVEN SEAS.
DO NOT MISS THESE STRANGERS IN LOVE!!
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1936

THE ASSEMBLY SESSION

The Legislative Assembly session that began at Simla on Monday has unusually heavy work before it and all members will be agreed on the need for making the best use of the time at their disposal. But it is wrong to suggest, as has been done in certain quarters, that Congress representatives waste too much time in questions, adjournment motions and unimportant resolutions. In a country where the Government is neither responsible to the people nor in the habit of taking into confidence the accredited leaders of the people in launching new policies, the grievances of the people are bound to be numerous and need to be verified and ventilated in the legislature through questions, adjournment motions and the like. That the Congress members are discriminating in their use of adjournment motions is clear from the fact that the first one on the recruitment to the L.C.S. was carried by a large majority of the elected members and the second on the Tariff Board was withdrawn when the Commerce Member gave an assurance that Government adhered to their policy of discriminating protection, as laid down by the Fiscal Commission and that the recent disbanding of the Board did not mean that no fresh Board would be set up.

Permanent Tariff Board

The adjournment motion was thus an occasion for a welcome assurance, assuming that, in this matter at least, Government would fully respect their assurance. The motion was also an occasion for a brief discussion on the important point of appointing a permanent Tariff Board. As the Commerce Member pointed out, the Board, as so far set up, has been on a purely temporary basis and for a particular enquiry; and as soon as that enquiry is completed it becomes "functus officio," unless another enquiry is ordered, in which case the personnel may be the same or a changed one. Such a system naturally provokes a remark, like the one made by Mr. Ranga, that Government appoint as members those who are their favourites, whereas a permanent body of

experts would discharge their functions in a judicious spirit without allowing any favouritism to Lancashire and such other anti-Indian interests. We are not inclined to favour the appointment of a permanent personnel for the Tariff Board. The membership of the Board should be for a fixed period not exceeding, say, ten years and the members after retirement should be debarred from holding any appointment under Government or in any industrial undertaking. Mr. Bhulabhai Desai endorsed the suggestion that the question whether the Tariff Board should be a permanent body should be the subject of a separate resolution. We trust a resolution on this important question will come up before the House at an early date.

Mr. Rajah's Bill

A word needs to be said here about one of the most important non-official Bills now before the Assembly, Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah's Depressed Classes Civil Disabilities Removal Bill. The Bill has already been circulated for eliciting public opinion and the opinions received by Government have been circulated to the members of the Assembly. But we do not know why they are not released for publication in the press, though the subject is one of great public interest. The Third Annual Report of the Harijan Sevak Sangh for the year ending September 1935 says of the Bill: "The passing of that Bill into Act and its enforcement will go a great way in ameliorating the condition of Harijans. The Sangh and its various branches will try their best to mobilise public opinion in favour of the Bill and will approach the members of the Assembly to give it their warmest support." The Sangh has done splendid work to ameliorate the condition of the Harijans, as is evident from its latest report. But, unfortunately, it seems to have done precious little so far to mobilise public opinion in favour of the Bill or in general to persuade caste Hindus to abolish untouchability. We are confident that Congress members in the Assembly will wholeheartedly support Mr. Rajah's Bill. As much as they claim any sense of pity or fairness or social justice.

Amazing Meekness

We reproduce the following extracts from the proceedings of the Legislative Assembly apropos of Mr. Satyamurti's question as to why the Indo-Japanese negotiations were being conducted by his European Secretary and not by the Commerce Member himself:—

Sir M. Zafulla: I am much obliged to the Hon. Member for the compliment he has paid to me, but I understand there were diplomatic reasons for the actual arrangements.

Mr. Satyamurti: Is the reason this, that Japan will deal with a European and not an Indian?

Sir M. Zafulla: No, Sir. Had it not been for Sir M. Zafulla's definite denial we should have interpreted "diplomatic reasons" to mean Japanese unwillingness to negotiate with inferior Indians who are not masters in their own house. But since the Commerce Member denies it, the only possible conclusion is that he, an Indian, has been excluded, in the interests of Lancashire and British Imperial prestige. It is difficult to write with restraint on the humiliating position. But we cannot help expressing our amazement that Sir M. Zafulla should have so meekly submitted to such a glaring insult to his own self-respect as the head of the Commerce Department. We could not, of course, expect him to feel this humiliation as a challenge to India's self-respect and to fight it out as such.

A Grim Record

Bombay, it appears, holds at least one world record—a rather grim one. It has the largest percentage of fatalities due to motor accidents, the average this year working out at 68.8 deaths per 10,000 vehicles. Comparative figures for important countries show that Britain has 30.6 while the percentage in the United States of America, notoriously a country of speed and congested cities, the figure is so low as 13.6. What, then, is the reason for Bombay possessing this unenviable distinction? Why this incessant slaughter on our roads? It has been repeatedly pleaded on behalf of the motorists that such a high rate of accidents is due to the refusal of the pedestrians to keep to the pavements. To an extent it is true enough, but little attention is directed to the hopeless state of most of our pavements which, in some cases, makes their use impossible. An improvement in the condition of

pavements and the building of safety islands not merely at important junctions but also in the middle of roads, should have preceded the campaign, which is being carried on at present, to educate the pedestrian in the use of pavements and we have grave doubts as to the success of the silence zone idea unless the pedestrians are provided with pavements which are meant for walking and not for the use of hawkers, eggars and refuse heaps. Moreover, the motorists, too, cannot escape responsibility. Though only 14 fatalities are directly attributed to speed, there is no doubt that many of the motoring accidents would have been avoided if the motorists had exercised a little more caution and restraint. A matter like this, involving an unnecessary loss of human life, deserves the urgent and serious attention of the Police, the motorists and the pedestrians. Bombay must get rid of this grim record of death.

FAREWELL TO

PROF. HAMILL

(By Miss LUCY D. GUPTA.)

Mr. Hamill's oration to the secondary teachers at Bombay, is full of wise saws and remarkable sayings. It is a pleasure to see him in the limelight and on a pedestal, whence to tower over secondary teachers, hat, head and all. But there is a Nemesis, with which we have to reckon, and it is somewhat hard on Mr. Hamill. But there is no doubt that Mr. Hamill had a grievance. Said he, "among the subjects suggested for a dialogue was a conversation between two monkeys at the Zoo" but what the examiners got was, a conversation between two monkeys at Juhu."

Over-rating the Mathematicians.

A thing like this ought to upset the digestion of any paper-setter in the world, wise or otherwise, and what is worse raise his temper too. Besides, this was an experiment in "precise English," whatever that meant, and Mr. Hamill himself frankly told the secondary teachers in Bombay, that he expected the answers to be "as precise as in Mathematics."

Now, frankly, Mr. Hamill over-rates the mathematicians, and unwittingly does himself injustice, by degrading his high literary art to the level of these unrelenting calculators, to whom two and two make four, whether at the Zoo or Juhu or anywhere else under or over the moon or beyond. But it would be ridiculous to make a pair of monkeys at the zoo talk much like a pair of monkeys at Juhu. There is a difference, and Swift was the first to recognize its importance in literature.

Was it not Swift who said somewhere, that if he wanted to talk to his horse, he would speak in High Dutch? We know that Swift was, rather a stickler for proper words in proper places, and he would have made the monkeys at the Zoo, talk in some kind of Monkey English, refined of course, and made thoroughly suitable, to the Hamillian standard of Matriculation English. The trouble is that every self-respecting monkey speaks in his mother tongue or in meaningless monosyllables, which to the uninitiated are merely gibberish, not even Irish.

Hamillian Caricature.

But Mr. Hamill does not escape nearly so well, when he finds himself entangled in feminine facts and fancies as will be seen from the phrasing of the alternative offered, namely, the composition of a dialogue between high-born ladies of no less than Shakespearean creation, Portia and Lady Macbeth. And the theme? Alas! Nothing befitting their exalted rank and station. Merely this! "The proper way to handle men."

Few decent men or women can read this without a shudder! Put it thus! Portia is a millionaire's daughter, and though at times jocosely ribald in the company of her maid, could when occasion needed, rise to the level of a Daniel come to judgment. Lady Macbeth, with all her faults, is every inch a Queen, and by no means past praying for. Portia is among the immortal heroines and will live so long as we let Shakespeare live.

In the Hamillian caricature of these ladies, they are merely ghosts that meet in a charnel-house and talk like the "Merry Wives of Windsor," with perhaps a Falstaff to prompt them. The theme and the "situation," are about fit for a melo-drama for some half penny talkie and the penny-worth of English in which the theme is clothed is bound to evoke many a "rustic grin" there, as nowhere else among the English speaking public.

Of one thing I am certain, and I take credit to myself for saying it "without compunction or thought," that Shakespeare's hat is too big even for Mr. Hamill and the less liberty he takes with Shakespearean characters, especially court ladies or courtiers, the better for every one concerned. It is futile to make Lady Macbeth or Portia talk more than they did in Shakespeare's plays. There is bound to be disaster even if Mr. Hamill himself attempted the feat. His own short-comings are immense. His knowledge of the Royal Courts in Great Britain or the Continent is on a par with his knowledge of the Royal Court at Timbuctoo or Peking.

Mr. Hamill was on safer ground when he descanted on English pronunciation to the second.

(Continued on Page 7)

Companies Law Amendment Bill

What A Balance Sheet Does Not Reveal

By
P. D. SHAMDASANI

VIII

In his note on clause 100 of the amending Bill, the Law Member states that the additional particulars which are considered necessary, are incorporated in Form F in the Third Schedule to the Act as altered, in order that the balance-sheet shall fully disclose the position of the Company's affairs. But it has not occurred to the Law Member that with the increased disclosure to shareholders of the financial position of the Companies, as is proposed by the alterations in Form F in the Third Schedule to the Act, which are, indeed, in the right direction, the Balance Sheet will not reveal without further investigation:—

1. Whether any amount shown for goodwill really represents the capitalised value of future profits in excess of interest on the capital employed and the amortisation of the fixed assets.

2. Whether the land, buildings, and plant are worth their book value as a going concern; whether the lay-out is good or bad, and economical or expensive to operate; whether the plant units conform to modern practice; or are obsolete and incapable of production at competitive prices; whether the geographical situation of the works is suitable for the business; whether the additions made actually increase the earning capacity; or whether the depreciation written off is sufficient to reduce each plant unit to a break-up value within the period of its effective life.

Plant loses its earning power either through failure to keep it up to date, or from lack of trade which renders it incapable of remunerative employment.

In either case its capital value is correspondingly reduced.

Floating Assets

3. Whether the patents have an earning capacity compatible with the capital value shown. The life of such patents, and the effect, at the expiration of any particular patent, upon the profits of the business.

4. Whether there are any commitments for purchases or on contracts which may result in a loss to the company.

5. Whether the value of the assets and the earning power of the business are likely to be adversely affected in the future by

fit-earning capacity of the business as a whole.

4. Whether the valuation of the floating assets is made on the basis of cost or market price, whichever is the lower, no profit being anticipated before realisation takes place.

5. Whether the stock of manufactured or partly manufactured products can be sold at remunerative prices, and whether raw materials stand at a price which on a falling market will not prejudice the profits of the current year.

6. Whether the work-in-progress will show a profit on completion, the amount of work yet to be done on contracts in course of construction, the amount of sub-contracts to be placed, not yet covered, and the financing which will be required for the purpose.

7. Whether the book debts are spread over a number of customers, or whether included therein are certain large amounts involving serious loss should the firm stop payment.

8. Whether proper margins are maintained by the debtors as regards the value of the securities held in respect of their indebtedness.

Investments

9. Whether in the case of investments in non-quoted securities it would be possible to realise if desired, and if the book value reflects the actual worth of such holdings to the company; further whether the subsidiary companies are remunerative or otherwise, and whether individually each has a saleable value equivalent to its book value.

10. Whether there are any commitments for purchases or on contracts which may result in a loss to the company.

11. Whether the value of the assets and the earning power of the business are likely to be adversely affected in the future by

fresh competition, under-cutting of prices or improvements in production methods adopted by competitors.

12. Whether the financial resources of the business are adequate for its requirements both immediately and for the next two or three years.

13. Whether the management is an organisation, any unit in which is capable of replacement without disturbing the continuity of the business or whether it is a "one-man show," the disappearance of the chief actor, "ringing down the curtain."

Unfounded Claim

It is not suggested that any balance sheet could furnish information on all the 13 points above enumerated—even if it were possible, it would not usually be desirable for the simple reason that undue publicity as regards the details of their trade, or as to their financial arrangements may often be very injurious to the trading companies, having regard to the rivalry of competitors in trade, to complications sometimes arising from strained relations between capital and labour, and the like. But the point I wish to emphasise is that the claim of the Law Member that "the balance sheet, as altered by the amending Bill, shall fully disclose the position of the Company's affairs" has no foundation in fact. The shareholders will continue to be kept in blissful ignorance as to the vital importance as aforesaid, and thereby be disabled from ascertaining the intrinsic value of their holding either from the balance sheet as altered or from the directors' report accompanying it, which is made compulsory under section 131A inserted by the amending bill. In the result the shareholders who without a remedy at law are groping in the dark, are a prey to the machinations of the operators of the Stock Exchange.

Such state of affairs, as aforesaid, is a gross injustice to the shareholders. (Continued on Page 13)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

SIGNIFICANT REPORT

Official sympathy of Portugal for the Spanish rebels is an open secret. It may, therefore, be taken for granted that Lisbon is intimately in touch with insurgents' headquarters and that anything that emanates from Lisbon about the conflict represents the views and wishes of the rebels. The report, therefore, that "espionage" (!) is playing a big part on the side of the Government and that it is alarming the rebels is full of significance. The fact that in spite of insurgents' ruthlessness every important plan becomes known to Madrid "incredibly quickly" proves not so much the efficiency of the Government as its popularity. The people are definitely not with the mercenary rebels. If the latter have been able to fight so long, it is because of help they have received from Spanish millionaires and from abroad. In fact a labour M.P. of Britain, Professor Noel-Baker, who is well-known as an internationalist, definitely accuses Signor Mussolini of having engendered the revolt and of having used the armed forces of Italy to support them.

A WELCOME DECISION.

Reversals of Government's orders forfeiting Press securities are necessarily so rare that the public will heartily welcome the full Bench decision of the Bombay High Court setting aside the order of the Bombay Government forfeiting the security of Rs. 3,000 deposited by Mr. S. R. Date, keeper of the Lokasangraha Press of Poona. The forfeiture order was made by the Government in respect of a book, called "Hindus Samaj Darshan," printed at the Press, on the ground that the book contained passages tending to bring the Government into hatred or contempt and to promote feelings of enmity between Hindus and Muslims. The High Court, however, held that only one out of the six passages objected to, was really objectionable, and that, the book as a whole was designed to set out certain aspects of Hindu society, and could not be condemned because of one brief objectionable passage. This is a sound view and one wishes Government had not forfeited the security at all. But in such matters Government have lost their sense

of proportion. They may be more careful hereafter in their attacks on the Press.

AN URGENT MATTER.

Though the Bombay Municipal Corporation has, as usual, referred to a committee Mr. Nariman's resolution urging the Commissioner to take steps to prevent motor accidents on the Hornby-Vellard Road, the question should not be allowed to hang fire indefinitely. About twenty serious accidents have taken place on the road during the last two years, and the Corporation need not wait longer to awaken to its duty in the matter. It is probable that some motor-drivers are tempted to be a little reckless on that smooth road where pedestrians are comparatively few; but for that very reason, and because of the grave danger to life on this road in consequence of accidents that might not be serious elsewhere, special measures must be taken to minimise accidents. From this point of view it is necessary to widen the road, to raise and strengthen the sea-wall and also to enforce strictly a speed limit.

UNPROVOKED ORDERS.

Yet another instance of how civil liberty is seriously interfered with in the districts by the executive authorities comes from Ambernath where the Resident Magistrate of Kalyan has promulgated a most arbitrary and unprovoked order, which virtually amounts to gagging the workers who are on strike. "Speeches likely to create disturbance of the public peace or likely to encourage offence or class antagonism," are prohibited for a month. The reference to "class antagonism" makes the object of the order clear and the dangerously elastic terms in which it has been framed, make it a veritable Damocles' sword perilously hanging over the heads of workers, who are engaged in a fight for their rights. An attitude of impartiality is the least that may be expected of the authorities in such a situation. This is, however, not the only flagrant misuse of authority. Another order has been served on Mr. S. V. Parulekar, a member of the Servants of India Society, prohibiting him from entering certain villages, including Ambernath, in Kalyan Taluka. This ban is as

unjustifiable as it is reprehensible.

ABUSE OF POSITION.

There have been insistent allegations of official interference, especially by Nawab Sir Md. Yusuf, Minister for Local Self-Government, in the recent local boards elections in the United Provinces. These allegations have now culminated in the issue of a pamphlet by the Secretary of the U.P. Provincial Congress Committee. The pamphlet contains a circular, alleged to have been issued by the Nawab in connection with the election of the Chairmen for Education Committees of the District Boards, in the course of which the Minister says: "It will be a misfortune, indeed, if the chairmanship of the Education Committee goes into the hands of any Congressman." If the report is true, and we have no reason to believe it is not, the circular constitutes a calculated abuse of the Minister's official position. Nawab Sir Mohamed Yusuf's anxiety to keep out Congressmen wherever possible is but natural, as they are a grave menace to the election prospects of himself and his party. But such a furtive attempt to take an unfair advantage of his ministerial position is hardly something of which Nawab Sir Mohd. Yusuf and his party can, in decency, feel proud.

Freedom Of Speech

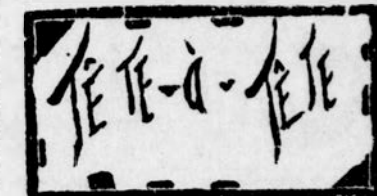
To The Editor of "The Chronicle". Sir,—I was pained to read the report of the Poona meeting and feel constrained to say that if this is the beginning, what is to be the end of right to speak during the coming elections?

Was it not Voltaire who said that he stood for the full and free right of expression of opinion by his opponent when he knew that he was absolutely wrong!

The Congress authorities all over the country will do well to see that their opponents are not denied facilities to address public meetings, as that way they will show by action more eloquent than words that they stand for Purna Swaraj for all.

Otherwise for the acts of some noisy hotheads the struggle for Swaraj is likely to be hurt.

Quite lately we heard a lot about discipline. Now is the time to show that discipline is the first step forward in our struggle. Un-



WITHOUT COMMENT—

"The great reason why the country-side is agog for bulls and cows and milk is that the Marquess of Linlithgow, viceroy of India, has reminded us that cattle-breeding is our major problem. And the Viceroy's word has the percussive power of a pile-driver."

—Mr. A. LATIF, Punjab Government Financial Commissioner, in a broadcast talk.

From Assembly Proceedings:—
"Mr. Satyamurti: Is it Government's policy that in view of the coming federation all key-posts in the Secretariat should be filled by Europeans?"

Sir H. Craik: I have never heard of it.
Hardly a compliment to the efficiency of the Hon'ble the Home Member

Speaking on Mr. Satyamurti's adjournment motion, Sir Md. Yakub declared that the system of nomination was far superior to the competitive.

Sir Md. Yakub, we are afraid, is keenly, extra-ordinarily and far-sightedly self-conscious.

To attempt, writes B.B. Minor, to muzzle one's opponent is to reduce parliamentary practice to a farce.

How true! But we DON'T believe it applies to the C.L.A.A. Sec. 144, etc. Does it?

Principal Hamill, we note, has been appointed Secretary to the Public Services Commission.

The Commission being a body famed for its competitive test questions, no tribute could be more appropriate to Mr. Hamill's past-setting genius as revealed at the last Matric examination.

A Guntur "Independent" Congressman admires "the spirit underlying the wearing of Gandhi cap by His Excellency Raghavendra Rao."

Which spirit, His Excellency Raghavendra Rao was illustrating and justifying the same day elsewhere in an address to Zemindars thus: "Your position in the Province is still formidable, if you only realised your responsibilities."

"You are," His Excellency Raghavendra Rao assured the Zemindars, "the men who form the link that binds and knits society together."

They certainly ARE the link that binds and knits society together—tightly.

The spirit underlying the wearing of the Gandhi cap only underlies the cap but not the head.

And the Guntur "Independent" Congressman seems to possess the same spiritual quality.

With reference to Mr. Jinnah's efforts in Bengal, Mr. A.K. Fazlul Huq has issued a statement "explaining the position of the Nikhil Banga Krishak Praja Samiti."

It is now Mr. Jinnah's turn to issue a statement explaining the position of the League Parliamentary Board again.

"Resuming his speech after lunch, Mr. Sri Prakash favoured the Continental practice under which the conductors charged what was due."—A.P.I.

Would he have favoured the British practice had he resumed his speech after tea?

"Colonel Nawab Sir Ahmad Said Khan of Chhatari arrived at Government House on Sunday and left on Monday."

—Nainital Report.

Which was just twenty-three hours more than enough.

By the way, is the Agriculturist Party suffering from some new trouble or only an acute aggravation of the old?

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLER.
(By The Junior Colleague.)

The Liberal Federation is seriously considering the advisability of cornering the market in rotten eggs.

"Archimedes," read the school-boy, aloud, "leaped from his bath shouting 'Eureka! Eureka!'"

"One moment," said the teacher. "What is the meaning of 'Eureka?'" "Eureka" means, "I have found it," said the boy. "Very well. What had Archimedes found?" questioned the teacher. The boy hesitated, then ventured, hopefully, "The soap, sir!"

less the spirit is checked in the beginning it is likely to attain proportion not easily to be checked first; stroke is half the battle.—Yours, etc.

LAKHMIDAS ROWJEE TAIRSEE.

Bombay Observes All-India Kisan Day Abolition Of Landlordism Is Only Solution Of Peasant Problem, Says Nariman

"If the Viceroy really wants to help the Peasantry of India, then let him tackle the land tenure question, or the ryotwari system, or do something with the agricultural indebtedness instead of carrying on with his Stud-Bull campaign, which is merely a cruel mockery," said Mr. K. F. Nariman, presiding over the public meeting held at Jinnah Hall on Tuesday evening to observe the "All-India Kisan Day."

The meeting was organised under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress, the Press Workers' Federation and the Bombay Students' Brotherhood.

Similar meetings were held at Fergusson Road and Parel.

CONGRESS AND PEASANTS

Mr. K. F. Nariman in the course of his speech said that it was essential to define and describe the attitude of the Congress towards the peasant question. Congress had been criticised by certain sections of the capitalists and was more interested in cities than in the countryside. Whatever might have been the attitude of the Congress formerly, it was a fact that, since the last fifteen years and over, since the advent of Mahatma Gandhi and Lokamanya Tilak, it was becoming more and more a mass organisation. No organisation could call itself a mass organisation unless it cared for the masses, the majority of whom were peasants. It was true that nothing much had been done by the Congress towards the amelioration of the peasants. It was not because the Congress did not want to do anything, but because the circumstances were such that it could not do anything.

A LIVING EXAMPLE.
Continuing Mr. Nariman said that Mahatma Gandhi was a living example for what the Congress had stood for all these years. He had identified himself with the poor peasants. Every worker or leader of the Congress had been shown the way towards such identification with the peasants. Unless a worker or a leader of an organisation, which called itself a mass organisation, identified himself with the peasantry there was every possibility of the efforts and motives of such a person being questioned.

THE ONLY SOLUTION.
Although every political party claimed that it would do this or that for the peasants, yet it was the Congress alone that not only declared what it wanted to do in statements or manifestos or resolutions, but also worked for it. The speaker referred to the resolutions of the Congress both at Lucknow and at Karachi and to the Mass Contact Committee appointed by the Lucknow Congress and said that the Congress was doing everything that it could towards solving the problem of the peasantry in India, which was in a very tragic condition to-day. The problem could not be solved by tinkering with it. The only way to solve the problem was to overhaul the system. He admitted that the Socialist solution of abolishing the Zamindari system was the best way by which the problem of the peasantry could be solved.

The speaker then criticised the stud-bull campaign carried on by the Viceroy and said that it would not solve the problem of the Indian peasantry. If the Viceroy was really anxious to solve the problem of the Indian peasantry, he should tackle the land tenure system, and other systems.

SUPPORT TO PEASANT DEMANDS.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally moved the following resolution:—
"This public meeting of the citizens of Bombay held under the auspices of the B.P.C.C. etc. in furtherance of the call of the All-India Kisan Committee sends its warm fraternal greetings to the Kisans and their organisations all over India."

It views with grave concern the serious worsening in the already miserable condition of the Indian peasantry, the steady deterioration in their standard of life and the intolerable hardships and exploitation to which they are subject.

It welcomes the rise of the nascent Kisan Movement at this critical juncture in Indian politics and expresses satisfaction that it is rapidly taking organisational shape. It is of opinion that this development is a happy augury for the early achievement of complete independence. This meeting pledges its full support to the demand of the

suffering Indian peasantry, for emancipation from its present terrible conditions."

PROGRESSIVE DETERIORATION.

In the course of his speech Mr. Mahareddy said that a detailed study of the condition of the peasants of India since the advent of the East India Company would show that there had been a systematic deterioration. Statistics taken in the seventies of the last century showed that there was not a single landless peasant in India, while thirty years later several lakhs of Indians were landless. In 1921, twenty-five per cent. of the Indian peasantry were landless while in 1931, four hundred and twenty-seven out of every thousand peasants were landless. He gave the example of the Punjab where the peasants got Rs. 5-8-0 per maund of wheat in 1930 while the price had come down to Rs. 2-4-0 per maund in 1935, though the peasant was required to pay the same land revenue as in 1930. Practically the same conditions prevailed in every province in the country. The only way by which the problem of the peasants could be solved was by the abolition of landlordism and liquidation of agricultural indebtedness which was somewhere about two thousand crores.

Continuing the speaker said that it was not only the Congress Socialist Party that was talking of expropriation, but the Government were also actually expropriating the peasants by the thundery way. He referred to the legislation of the C. P. Government had thought of doing something by the backdoor and in some cases the Commission appointed by the Government reduced the agricultural indebtedness to one-seventh of the original amount.

Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel seconded the resolution said that the peasantry, finding that it was impossible for it to pay taxes to the Government as also pay the money lender, had migrated to the cities with a view to find employment so that the Government and the money lender might be paid. The condition of the peasants were appalling and unless the systems which were responsible for the pitiable conditions prevalent were overhauled one could not say what was in store.

Mr. Vamanrao Kulkarni said that the conditions of the peasantry would not improve unless their purchasing power increased, and their purchasing power would not increase as long as there was no industrialisation. There could be no industrialisation as long as the Zamindars swallowed up the unproductive money and the Zamindari system could not be abolished.

Mr. Bhogle of the Press Workers' Federation then delivered a vehement speech in the course of which he pointed out how peasant women often had to sell their daughters in order to pay the 'Sawar' or the dues on land. The resolution was passed unanimously and the meeting dispersed.

LABOUR SUPPORT TO PEASANTS' DEMANDS

A mammoth workingclass meeting was held on Tuesday evening at Fergusson Road to observe the "All-India Kisan Day". Mr. Maniben Mulji was in the chair. Messrs. Bhogle, Bhukari and More spoke on the condition of the peasantry in India.

The following resolution was passed unanimously:—
This public meeting held under the auspices of B. P. T. U. C., B. C. S. P., Bombay Kisan Propaganda Committee and All-India Press Workers' Federation views with grave concern the serious worsening in the already miserable conditions of the Indian peasantry, the steady deterioration in their standard of life and the intolerable hardships and exploitation to which they are subject.

This meeting welcomes the rise of the growing and militant Kisan Movement and expresses satisfaction that it is rapidly taking organisational shape. It is of opinion that this development is



Mr. K. L. Panjabi, I.C.S., Registrar of Co-operative Societies, was entertained at a tea-party on Sunday last, on the eve of his departure on leave by members of the Bombay Divisional Co-operative Institute. Photo shows Mr. Panjabi in the centre of the group.

a happy augury for the early achievement of National Independence and for the economic emancipation of the peasant masses.

This meeting pledges its full support to the manifesto of the A.I.K.C. and the demands contained in it, particularly that:

1. The present system of Zamindari (U. P., Orissa, Bengal, Behar, Madras, and Assam) Talukdars (U. P. and Gujarat) Malguzars (C. P.) Ishimardars (Ajmer) Knotes (Deccan) Zamis (Malabar) Inamdar—all such systems of landlordism—shall be abolished, and all the rights over such lands be vested in the cultivators and these Kisans made to pay income-tax like the Ryotwari ryots.

2. The present system of land revenue and re-settlement shall be abolished and replaced by a graduated land-tax upon net incomes of Rs. 500 and more (for a family not exceeding five (as also recommended by the Taxation Enquiry Committee).

3. The peasants shall be completely relieved from all liability to pay their old debts or interest thereon, and shall immediately put into operation the necessary machinery to provide agricultural credit for peasants' current needs.

This meeting requests the Indian National Congress to incorporate in its Agrarian programme to be drafted hereafter the fundamental and immediate demands of the Kisans as formulated by the A. I. K. C. at its meeting held in Bombay on 21st August.

CONGRESS MASS CONTACT COMMITTEE

Will Meet At Patna On
Sept. 27.

BOMBAY, Sept. 1.
Mr. Jai Ramdas Paulstram, convenor of the Mass Contact Committee, states that the meeting of the Committee fixed for August 30th and 31st has been postponed owing to the sudden illness of Babu Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Jai Prakash Narayan.

The Committee now meets at Patna on September 27. The Provincial Congress Committees that have not submitted their opinions are requested to submit the same by the 15th of September.—United Press.

CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION FOR CAWNPORE

Congress President
Inaugurates Branch

CAWNPORE, Sept. 1.
Cawnpore gave an enthusiastic reception to Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru during his three days stay here and his crowded programme concluded this evening with a citizens' party in his honour.

This morning Pt. Jawaharlal inaugurated the Cawnpore branch of the Civil Liberties Union. Its first President being Mr. Narayan Prasad Digam.—A. P.

Rush For King Edward's Stamps

LONDON, Sept. 1.
The first day of the issue of the new King Edward stamps evoked tremendous run on the post offices throughout the country. It is expected that the day's sale will total over 30 million stamps compared to the normal daily average of 20 million. There was a large number of buyers, collectors or people who wish to send them to friends as mementoes.

The stamps are generally very well received by the public who appreciate the striking simplicity of the design.—Reuter.

Patna 'Varsity Convocation

PATNA, Sept. 1.
The "United Press" understands that the Vice-Chancellor of the Andhra University will deliver the Convocation address of the Patna University this year towards the close of November.—United Press.

INDIA BEATEN AGAIN

Sussex Win Three-day
Match By Eight
Wickets

LONDON, Sept. 1.
Sussex beat India by eight wickets.

In their match against Sussex, Indians were all out in their second innings for 239 runs. Sussex made 71 for two in their second innings.

THE SCORES
Indians, 1st Innings 309
Indians, 2nd Innings 239
Sussex, 1st Innings 479
Sussex, 2nd Innings (for 2) 71

On the third day the wicket was still hard. The weather was fine.

Merchant and Dilwar Hussain made a quiet start and sent up 45 before Merchant was caught in the gully (45/129) and Vizianagram coming in was caught in slips (46/21).

J. Cornford was injured in the rib and was substituted in the field by Pearce. Dilwar was substituted but was caught off a big hit down on the boundary (125/350). Wazir Ali later played with great confidence.

INDIANS SUFFER COLLAPSE
Wazir Ali was out at 199. He played very confidently. With the dismissal of Ramaswami the side suffered collapse. James Langridge capturing four of the remaining wickets. Ramaswami batted for 70 minutes and hit 2 sixes and 8 fours. He collected 20 runs in one over off John Langridge.

INDIANS (2nd Innings).
Merchant c Melville b Jas Langridge 29
Dilwar Hussain c Harry Parks b Jas Langridge 56
Vizianagram c John Langridge b J. Parks 1
Wazir Ali b John Langridge 67
Ramaswami c Holmes b James Langridge 69
Hindikar c James Langridge b John Langridge 0
Jilani c John Langridge 4
b James Langridge 4
Jehangir Khan c Nye, b James Langridge 5
Gopalan st. Cornford, b James Langridge 8
Elahi c John Langridge 2
b James Langridge 2
Mohd. Hussain, not out 0
Extras 9

Total 23

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Nye 0 for 62.
J. Parks 1 for 60.
James Langridge 7 for 47.
John Langridge 2 for 54.
Melville 0 for 7.

SUSSEX (2nd Innings)

John Parks, not out 37
John Langridge c Merchant, b Jehangir Khan 7
Stainton c and b Baqa Jilani 5
Cumming, not out 5
Extras 17

Total (for 2) 71

EOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
J. Khan	6	2	16	1
Gopalan	4	0	15	0
Baqa Jilani	7.2	1	2	1
Elahi	3	0	21	0

C. K. NAIDU GOING TO AMERICA

LONDON, August 31.
Major C. K. Naidu is not returning to India with the rest of the team, but is leaving for the Riviera to join the Maharaja of Indore with whom he is going to America.—Reuter.

TOLL OF GERMAN MINE DISASTER

BERLIN, Sept. 1.
The death toll in the Bochum Mine Explosion now totals 25. Eighteen are missing. Two were injured.—Reuter.

WANTED "ESPRIT DE CORPS"

Madras Association Chief
On Indian Cricket
Team In England

MADRAS, Sept. 1.
Speaking at the Annual Day celebrations of the Madras Cricket Association this evening, Dr. Subbarayan, President of the Association, referring to the recent troubles in the cricket team touring England attributed them to the lack of Esprit de Corps and hoped that when future Indian teams toured foreign countries "communal spirit" would give way to one of real comradeship.

GOVERNOR'S TRIBUTE
Sir Kurma Venkata Reddi, acting Governor, who presided, said that Indians had really played their game and if they had lost it was because the English were a better side. He added that if their players had been accustomed to the wicket and weather they would have fared much better. As it was, they were really proud of the success that had attended the team.—A.P.

DERBYSHIRE TOPS COUNTY CRICKET CHAMPIONSHIPS

LONDON, Sept. 1.
County Cricket Championship final positions:—Derbyshire, 58.90 per cent; Middlesex, 52.05 per cent; Yorkshire 51.11 per cent; Gloucestershire 45.11 per cent; Nottinghamshire 45.00 per cent; and Surrey 42.44 per cent.

VERITY'S 200TH WICKET
Verity by capturing his fifth wicket completed 200 for the season.—Reuter.

ROCHDALE BEATS FEATHERSTONE

LONDON, Sept. 1.
In Rugby League matches Rochdale beat Featherstone by fifteen points to eight.—Reuter.

Walker Cup Draw

FINEVALLEY (New Jersey), September 1.

Following is the draw in Walker Cup. Foursomes to be played to-morrow:—Thomson and Bentley (Great Britain) v. Goodman and Campbell (United States); McLean and Langley (Great Britain) v. Reynolds Smith and White; Peters and Montordykes (Great Britain) v. Yale and Emery; Hill and Ewing (Great Britain) v. Glivan and Voigt.—Reuter.

FAREWELL TO PROF. HAMILL

(Continued from Page 6)
dary teachers. I am sure he ceased to drop his 'alches' (or were they haiches?) before he went into his teens but there is an insidious danger in dropping them too fast. I chanced to read a discourse on the subject, by a pronunciation-fend who opined that in "Hunt has hurt his head," it is nearly as bad to sound the "h" in "has" and "his," as not to sound it in "Hunt" and "head and hurt."

Father Goodier, who had a livelier sense of the vagaries of the English pronunciation told the students of the St. Xavier High School, that an Englishman was quite capable of spelling a word as "Constantinople" and pronouncing it as "Bosphorus."

War-time Scientist Dead

LONDON, Sept. 1.
Death has occurred of Dr. Edgar Reginald Deacon, scientist, who played an important part in the victory of the Allies by discovering the secret of how to use "Amatol" in filling shells.—Reuter.

Bombay To Rescue Of Famine Areas MAYOR CALLS CITIZENS' MEETING

Vast Areas In Presidency Look Like Deserts

The Secretary, Bombay Municipal Corporation, writes:—
In response to an influentially signed requisition the Mayor of Bombay has convened a meeting of leading citizens of Bombay at the Corporation Hall on Friday, the 4th September, 1936, at 5-21 p.m. (B. T.), i.e. 6 p.m. (S. T.), to consider ways and means for affording such relief and assistance to the people affected in the several districts of this Presidency where, on account of the failure or shortage of rains a serious situation has arisen threatening widespread economic distress.

As the situation requires prompt action, it has not been possible to send individual invitations. The Mayor hopes that this will be treated as an invitation by the citizens and requests that they will make it convenient to attend the meeting.

VAST AREAS LOOK LIKE DESERTS

Citizens' Appeal To
Mayor

The following is the requisition made to the Mayor of Bombay by prominent citizens of the city:—

We draw your urgent attention to the conditions of scarcity and famine that is rapidly developing in Ahmednagar and Bijapur Districts in the Deccan and the greater part of the Panch Mahals, Broach, Kaira and Ahmedabad Districts in Gujarat, the Faroda State, Kathiawar and Cutch.

The Official figures of rainfall upto date for Ahmednagar and Ahmedabad are 3.15, 15.3 inches which are about 7 to 8 inches below normal.

REDUCED TO DESERT

While the situation of Ahmednagar is admittedly grave, most parts of Ahmedabad including Sanand, Viramgam, Dholka, Chandhuka got little rain at the beginning of the season and hardly a few cents during the last weeks. The Districts of Kaira and Broach are still about 7 to 10 inches behind their normal measure of rainfall.

The Bhil areas of Dohad and Jhalod with 6.89 inches of rain are worse off than the great famine of 1900-01 when it had 15.32 inches of rain.

Like most districts of Gujarat the whole of Kathiawar looks like a vast desert interspersed with small green oases here and there. Cutch had hardly a drop of rain during this season.

CROP FAILURE

Most of the crops sown at the beginning of the monsoon have withered or are withering away. Prices of all food grains are rapidly soaring while scarcity of grass is keenly felt in all areas. Cows and bulls are often sold at Re. 1/- and less. Rivers have ebbed, where they have not dried up and the level of well water is rapidly sinking where it has not already touched the bottom.

The heaviest responsibility must necessarily be on the Government and Indian States which should declare a state of famine in most of these areas and set in motion the whole machinery.

BARODA CRICKET

Railwaymen Lead

(From Our Correspondent.)

SAYAJIGANJ, September 1.

In the cricket match between the Gaekwar State Railway and Hindvijaya Gymkhana teams, the Railway scored 276 (Harkant Desai, 68, Yakub 76 and Ansari 55).

The Gymkhana only scored 108 runs for seven wickets, sequel to Aruna Desai's good bowling.

DRIVE AGAINST POLYGAMY IN SIND

HYDERABAD, (Sind) Aug. 31.

With a view to create public opinion against polygamy, a big procession of Hindus with black flags was taken out at 5 p.m. this evening.

The decision was made to take out the procession by the Amil Panchayat of Hyderabad last week primarily as a protest against the second marriage of one Mr. Udhamram Parabhai Vasvani, while his first wife was still alive. The processionists paraded several streets singing songs against polygamy and dispersed late in the evening.

nery provided by the Famine Relief Code.

We feel, however, that the citizens of Bombay, the capital of the Presidency, should, without delay, organise a representation Committee to collect funds and take steps for relieving distress in all affected areas and send money, grass and grains to save the lives of people and also save cattle in the affected territory in the Presidency and in particular in Deccan, Gujarat, Cutch and Kathiawar.

With this end in view we request you to convene a meeting of the citizens of Bombay to consider the serious situation outlined above and to appoint a Central Famine Relief Committee at a very early date.

NEED OF IMMEDIATE RELIEF

South Daskori Peasants'
Demand

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail.)
A meeting of the South Daskori agriculturists was held to consider the situation arising out of drought. Rao Sahas Chotalal, president.

Among those present were Mr. Hariprasad Desai secretary of the District Congress Committee, and Mr. Ramrai Munshi, president of the Farmers' Federation.

The meeting passed several resolutions, drawing Government's attention to the famine-like conditions in the taluka, consequent upon the failure of rains, and requesting Government to make immediate arrangements for fodder and water, free supply of seeds to farmers who want to sow crops to be grown on well-water and to open cheap grain shops. The meeting also requested Government to pass orders for the remission of revenue.—United Press.

RELIEF FOR FLOOD VICTIMS

Remission Of One Year's
Rent In Saran District

PATNA, Sept. 1.
Hathuwa Raj, Bettiah Raj and Bahurial Phulpati Kunwar have ordered remission of rent for one year in the flood-affected areas of Saran District.—United Press.

Ward Members' Protest Against Decision Of President Of City Committee

AHMEDABAD, August 31.

There was some disorder at a meeting held by the Ahmedabad City Congress Committee last evening, when about 20 Congressmen, belonging to various City Ward Congress Committees walked out of the meeting as a protest against the ruling of the President, Mr. Jivanlal Diwan, who refused to discuss any extraneous matter with members of Ward Committees.

The meeting was held to consider the programme of Gandhi week when several members enquired as to why they were not consulted when the Election Board for ensuring Municipal elections was appointed. They also contended that they had not received any reply to their requisition. The President ruled that these were matters not before the meeting and hence he could not reply. At this the members walked out as a protest.—United Press.

gamy and dispersed late in the evening. Mr. Vasvani and his friends who attended his second marriage, were ex-communicated by the Panchayat.—United Press.

Plea For A Traffic Committee For City Co-ordination Of Engineering Education And Enforcement Can Alone Solve Problem, Says Trollip

The importance of the recognition of Road Education and the urgent need for the establishment of a Traffic Committee for Bombay were emphasised by Mr. A. S. Trollip, General Secretary of the Safety First Association in a lecture on Tuesday.

The solution of the traffic problem depended on competent engineering revision, thorough education, and intelligent enforcement. These three elements must be recognised and fostered. The co-ordination that was necessary would necessitate the appointment of a small, well-manned committee.

Mr. Trollip made a fervent appeal to 'act' for action was the only prayer that was answered.

In the course of his lecture, Mr. Trollip said:—

As Motorists, you probably regard the pedestrian as a con-founded nuisance in that (1) he walks along the road to his and your danger; (2) he crosses the road where and when he likes.

As to what you think of Cyclists, I am not going to venture an opinion here.

Some of the time you are also a pedestrian, and it is probable that even if you do walk on the pavement, you cross the road where and when you like.

The interesting thing is that what pedestrians do may seem strange and illogical to us while we are driving; but we are all leading double lives—sometimes drivers, sometimes pedestrians. It's funny how our psychology changes when we change from one to the other.

WHY THEY DO THAT.

The causes of the pedestrian doing this are many. These are in the main, (1) the instinctive habit of walking in the middle of the road; (2) The road is more comfortable and often safer than the pavement.

(a) Surface is slippery, uneven, hard or hot to walk upon, badly lighted. Surface is marred by protruding tree roots, long grass, stones etc., and interfered by private carriages, etc. (b) Presence of hawkers, squatters, beggars, window-shoppers, fruit and vegetable sellers; (c) Presence of builders' materials; (d) Too narrow; (e) General lack of cleanliness, presence of fruit-skins, rubbish, animal excreta, etc. (f) Fear of garbage, rubbish being thrown from upper storeys of houses; (g) Physical obstructions on pavements at street corners, e.g. poles, pillars, trees, advertisement boards.

(3) Lack of education, especially in crossing the road, (4) lack of enforcement, and (5) Bad motorist practices: Cars parked at corners. Cars unloading at corners: Relatively excessive speed of cars when filtering, as it were, from the back of the pedestrian.

These causes may be due to lack of competent engineering; lack of thorough education; lack of intelligent enforcement.

These causes can be corrected. First of all, Pavements, Pedestrian Crossings, Traffic Signals, Islands and Pedestrian Fences, must be constructed. A graded plan must be followed in the important parts of the city or town.

Pedestrian crossings are very badly needed in all heavy traffic streets. It is one of the most important necessities of Engineering Revision.

ROAD DESIGN.

When the design of the roads has been revised to suit modern conditions, then it will be necessary to educate the pedestrian to use these aids. The Press, the School, Cinema and the Radio must all hammer away to form new habits, and make our people road-conscious, and then when the majority have voluntarily adopted the safe standard practices, it may be necessary to compel the heedless minority to observe these practices.

The Safety First Association had lecture-demonstrated the art of Walking to over 100,000 students.

HOW TO WALK.

"Walk on the right side of the road facing the approaching traffic when there is no pavement, and at night wear white clothes, so they can be seen in the headlights of approaching vehicles."

Crossing the street is a most hazardous job. It is necessary that the basic rule of 'Stop' on the curb, 'Look and Listen', 'Look Right', 'Walk to the centre of the road, look left', walk to the opposite side of the Road, should be inculcated in us from very early life, so as to make it part of our automatic mind.

Traffic filtering round the corner should be observed.

When Traffic Islands are provided, the Association teaches young people to make use of them for crossing the road.

SCHOOL PATROLS.

School Patrols are places outside the school gates they prevent students from rushing out of school

across the road. This system was first introduced in India. It does not exist even in England.

When the Patrol sees that there is a gap in the traffic, he signals and then the students cross the road in accordance with the standard practice, 'Looking Right', and 'Looking Left'.

The object of the Patrol is not to control vehicular traffic. When a member of the Patrol raises his hand, he does so to warn approaching motorists that students have left the curb and to invite the motorists' courtesy in the matter of respecting the rights of safety of pedestrians at recognised crossings.

BENEFITS.

The School Patrol has many benefits to the Community. Besides protecting students and teaching them Road-sense, there is another advantage which I should like to refer to. Many schools have asked me to approach the authorities to place a Sepoy to control the vehicular traffic, whilst children are coming to and from school. I have viewed many of these situations, and have recommended the Headmaster to institute a School Patrol instead.

The School Patrol represents a fine opportunity to develop that very desirable characteristic Self-reliance.

THE FORGOTTEN MAN.

My illustrations have referred to the Pedestrian—the forgotten man—the man for whom very little is done. He is only a part of the General Traffic Problem, but the principles enunciated in respect to the Pedestrian apply equally well to the whole problem. Like a three-legged stool, Traffic Relief needs three supports: Competent Engineering Revision, Thorough Education, and Intelligent Enforcement—the neglect or omission of any which will cause insuperable difficulties. Whether the entire traffic force is the duty of one man or thousands, these three elements must be recognised and fostered, or the labour expended will fail to produce satisfactory and permanent results.

The solution of the Traffic Problem depends upon the satisfaction of these constituents, in the order named; each must support a part of the load and progress depends on all.

Education must precede enforcement. Remedy first, Regulate Last, i.e. Engineering Revision must precede Education and Education must precede Enforcement.

Some of our Educational friends here are tempted to say "Our syllabus is already full. Here is one advocating another subject." Gentlemen, I am not doing so. All I ask you is to illustrate the curricular subjects, which are taught in the schools to-day by examples from the world we live in.

Since Safety is life, the Safety knowledge that is required to make adventure possible can be taught by illustrations through languages, Geography, Science, Drawing and Mathematics.

TRAFFIC COMMITTEE.

The co-ordination that is necessary to solve this problem will necessitate the appointment of a small, well-manned Committee with sub-committees, covering the general subjects of Engineering Revision, Education, and Enforcement. The Vice-Chairman of the Committee has an extremely important part to play. No enterprise which directly affects the public can operate effectively without public support. The Press must be kept informed of the Plan. This is the Vice-Chairman's job. It is the Press who will be able to mould public opinion, check public reaction, and enable the public to ventilate their opinions on the plan.

WHAT THEY SHOULD DO.

Fellow Rotarians, as important members of the Community, may I ask you to press Public Bodies for:

- (1) The recognition of Road Education as being necessary to the solution of the Traffic problem.
- (2) The co-ordination of the three factors in the problem viz. Engineering Revision, Education



Hindu ladies preparing "Bhakar," or wheat-cakes, for the inter-caste dinner, in which over 2,000 "caste" as well as Harijan Hindus participated on Sunday evening, at the Mozaffarabad Hall, Bombay. The object of the promoters of the dinner was to break down the caste barriers.

THE WORLD AND ITS WAYS

Japan Renews Attempts To Split Up China? Helping Chile's Middle Classes ... Peasant Problem In Spain

Will Hopei-Chahar Provinces be Merged with Manchukuo?

"Renewed devices are being planned by Japan to split up China for all times," writes H.R. Ekins in L'Histoire Contemporaine.

The Japanese are anxious to smash the Kuomintang which has prevented any real partition of China, which has fostered anti-Japanese economic boycotts, and which has encouraged what resistance there has been by the Japanese.

Nanking's passive resistance prevented the plans of the Japanese for the economic exploitation of North China and effective penetration to the plains of Mongolia, from which they may have to strike at Red Russia in the far distant marches of the Lake Balkal area.

If internal strife so weakens China that continued passive resistance remains impossible, there may be a new deal in Oriental diplomacy, with consequent ratification of Manchukuo's status and clarification of North China's situation.

There would appear little doubt that the provinces of Hopei and Chahar will become autonomous in fact and under absolute, unquestioned Japanese control, with the eventual possibility that they will be merged with Manchukuo. Of itself, that would continue the process of partitioning China, not among Occidental powers, but among the Chinese themselves—and, of course, the Japanese.

Except for those who have an axe to grind, it may be said that North China is no more sympathetic to the Japanese programme than South China.

RESISTANCE AT LOW EBB

But North China resistance is at a low ebb. Since 1933 when the Japanese advanced south of the Great Wall after conquering Jehol Province and adding it to Manchukuo, Hopei and Chahar have been under Japanese domination. The Chinese flag has continued to fly over Government offices but Japanese Garrison Forces have operated without challenge and Japanese officials have dictated policies. Japanese goods have blanketed North China in disregard of the attempts of the Chinese Maritime Customs to collect tariffs.

Many of the soldiers remaining in North China have faced Japanese guns, or have seen the mighty Japanese military machine on parade. They have no will to die in a lost cause. They

and Enforcement, into a Central Traffic Committee charged with the responsibility of formulating and directing a plan for the solution of the Traffic problem.

In view of the accidents we have had in this City, and the many more we are going to have, if nothing is done in the matter, let us remember that action is the only prayer that is answered.

The Traffic Committee should have three Sub-Committees—the engineering, education, and enforcement sub-committees.

The engineering sub-committee might be composed of the road-engineer, the lighting engineer, the Tramways engineer, the representation of the W.I.A.A. and the town planner.

The Director of Public Instruction, the Safety First Association, the Women's Council, Schools, might be represented on the Education sub-committee. The Press is, one of the main media of education.

The police, the motoring magistrate, legal draftsman and the municipality would make the enforcement sub-committee.

lack equipment and money. Above all, they lack a leader for battle.

Japanese troops are astride every North China railway and highway. Every strategically and tactically important town in Hopei Province has quota of brownclad, grimly-determined Nippon troops. They are ready to write a new chapter in the major Japanese aim for the partition of tortured China.

Help For Chile's Middle Classes

SANTIAGO (By Air Mail).

President Alessandri is understood to have requested the Congress to pass two laws to ameliorate the living conditions of the workers and middle classes.

Of the two, that on behalf of the white-collar class, is deemed more important, as the Government considers this type of worker has been the principal sufferer from the depression.

The Legislature has promised co-operation in the shape of a law including the following six points:

- (1) Suppression of extra working hours in all professions employing intellectuals.
- (2) Dual office-holding will be prohibited. No public officer can simultaneously draw pay for private work.

- (3) Persons holding public office must declare their private incomes. No one with a private income exceeding \$12,000 per year can become or continue to be a government officer.

- (4) The principle of "equal work, equal pay" will be applied for men and women in state and private enterprises.

- (5) Women, however, can only form 20 per cent of the total personnel of official and semi-official departments.

- (6) Ninety-five per cent of all persons employed in private industry must be of Chilean nationality.

Peasant Problem In Spain

PRAGUE (By Air Mail). "Whatever may be the outcome of actual conditions, Spain could not progress without collectivised agriculture," writes Louis Fischer who claims to have studied the Spanish peasant problem on the spot, in "The Neue Weltbühne," Prague.

Most Spaniards live on the land but they own none. There are however the "yunteros," who have benefited by the agrarian reform.

The "yuntero" is a peasant who owns a team of mules. In theory he is supposed to own a little land, but in practice he seldom does. He lives by selling his labour and that of his beasts to the big landowners. In the provinces of Extremadura, Andalusia and Castile practically no "yuntero" owns land, and their distress is indeed appalling.

At Mostoles near Madrid I visited a collective farm and its enthusiastic atmosphere reminded me of the Russian kolkhozes. But the Spanish peasants there did not seem to know anything of collectivised farming in Russia.

Among the officials with whom I discussed the problem were two experts who had supervised the application of the law in Cáceres and Badajoz. Both of them were of the view that Spain could not progress without collectivised agriculture.

57 DETENUS TO BE RELEASED

CALCUTTA, August 31. In pursuance of the policy adumbrated by the Governor of Bengal in the address to the Bengal Legislative Council last year, the Government of Bengal have decided to release next month fifty-seven detenus, whose conduct has been found satisfactory after training in agriculture and industries by the State. The Government is also providing them with a loan as working capital.—A. P.

New Vice-President Of Baroda District Panchayat

(From Our Correspondent) BARODA, August 31.

The election for the Vice-Presidency of the Baroda District Panchayat was held to-day. Mr. Bhailal Patel and Mr. Maganbhai Shankerbhai Patel were the two contestants.

The former having withdrawn his candidature, Maganbhai was declared elected as the Vice-President.

Sind Govt. And Karachi Municipal Loan

KARACHI, August 31. The Government of Sind is seriously considering the various loan applications from the Karachi Municipal Corporation involving an amount of Rs. 9,50,000 for many Municipal schemes.—United Press.

139 KIDNAPPED CHILDREN RECOVERED

Inter-Provincial Gang Case Sequel

LAHORE, September 1. So far 139 children whose ages vary from four years to sixteen years have been recovered by the Punjab C. I. D. police from the Inter-provincial kidnappers gang. The police have been able to trace the parents of 64 children and restore them to their lawful guardians, but the parents of the rest of the children have not yet been traced.

The C. I. D. police are making arrangements for broadcasting particulars of untraced children from Lahore and Delhi Broadcasting stations. Photos of recovered children will also be exhibited in Indian cinema halls in various towns with a view to tracing the guardians.—United Press.

With a view, it is understood, of ridding Delhi of Malaria epidemic, arrangements are afoot for spraying germicidal preparations from aeroplanes on marshy areas on the bank of Jumna, the active area of mosquito breeding.

(Continued from Col. 7)

If your party does not agree to join the Committee as one of the several organisations participating in and forming an integral part of it, we cannot agree to any other alternative course of associating your party with our Committee.

We hope you will not stand on this petty detail of dignity which has little or no justification, and thus isolate yourself from the efforts of working class, peasants and other radical organisations to organise and observe a successful All-India "Spain Day" which is a common cause to all of us.

We, therefore, again invite you to send your representative on the Committee and join your efforts to those of other organisations through our Committee and contribute to the success of the All-India "Spain Day."

Why Unemployment Is Unsolved In India?

A. I. C. C. Official Criticises Govt. Solution

(From Our Correspondent.) PATNA, Aug. 31. That the solution of the problem of unemployment on provincial basis, leading on to the All-India solution was wrong and that the general structure of the society was fundamental in consideration of the Governing problem, were emphasised this evening, in the course of a public lecture on unemployment by Doctor Ashraf, who is in charge of the foreign and economic department of the A.I.C.C.

PUZZLE TO SPEAKER.

The speaker emphasised that the existence and extent of unemployment was admitted even by the Government, but that it was a puzzle to him that in a country with such unlimited resources awaiting the development, where the national income was below Rs. 50 per year, and where if the Government decided upon giving even elementary amenities to people, they would require to have a regular army of educated people, unemployment should not have existed on such a scale that it did. The speaker thought that this as other problems concerning India, could not be solved without considering the position of the British Empire.

"PEOPLE'S FRONT 'SPAIN DAY' COMMITTEE"

Letter To Socialist Party Traces Its Origin And Formation

The Jt. Hon. Secretary of the "People's Front 'Spain Day' Committee" has released the following letter addressed to the Bombay Congress Socialist Party on Aug. 23 for publication:—

You must be aware that a letter was addressed to you on the 16th August by the National Students' League which took the initiative of calling a preliminary meeting for organising the expression of the sympathy and the solidarity of the people of India with the Peoples Front Government in Spain. In the letter you were invited to send your representatives to that meeting which was to discuss the ways and means of achieving that purpose.

COMMITTEE FORMED.

That preliminary meeting attended by the representatives of the A.I.T.U.C., A.I.C.C., the Tenants' Central Committee, the National Students' League, the All-India Students' Federation, the Tramwaymen's Union, the Lal Bawta Press Kamgar Union, the Bombay G.K.U. and various other organisations, decided to form itself into the Peoples Front "Spain Day" Committee when processions and meetings were to be organised all over the country to declare the solidarity and the sympathy of the people of India with the Peoples Front Government of Spain. It was also decided at the meeting to appeal to all local organisations in different parts of the country to co-operate and make the "Spain Day" a great success.

DISAPPOINTED AND SURPRISED.

You must have also read in the local papers of the 20th inst. the appeal made and the call given by our Committee to observe the 30th as the "Spain Day" all over the country.

We were of course disappointed and surprised to find that no representatives of your organisation were present at the meeting to help it in performing its task.

Our surprise was still greater when we read in the papers of the 22nd inst. that your organisation

The speaker characterised Sapru Committee's report as containing the standard solution that imperialism could offer. Omissions in report were more important said the speaker, than actual recommendations, for they might well like to know where money was to come that would make mechanisation of agriculture and other remedies suggested possible. The result of recommendations might well be to increase the cost of commodity without corresponding increase in purchasing power. If they really meant to embark on an extensive scheme of education public starts house building and light, it would not be impossible to absorb educated unemployed.

DIVERSION OF EDUCATED.

The speaker condemned the diversion of educated people into a futile channel, and the proposal to cut down higher education. He suggested concentration on following demands namely immediate relief to unemployed, insistence that all who are being educated must be assured of employment, together with a maintenance allowance during the period, they remained unemployed and lastly more and more of higher education.

had also decided independently of our Committee to observe the 30th as the "Spain Day." This decision has been taken by two days after the public announcement to the same effect made by our Committee.

Coming to the preparatory meeting that we held on the 23rd (Sunday) we must inform you that our representative saw some of the members of your party including Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya and Messrs Jayaprakash Narain, Sampurnanand and others to address that meeting, an invitation which was accepted unconditionally. On the next day, however, we were informed verbally by one of your secretaries that those persons would not speak unless the meeting, was announced as being held under the joint auspices of the Bombay C.S.P. and our Committee. Taken back by this eleventh hour ultimatum our Secretaries reluctantly agreed in order not to mar the success of that preparatory meeting and jeopardise the cause of the people all over the world.

That meeting however was not held for reasons made public in the press.

NO CHANGE OF NAME.

On the 25th your two letters, one dated the 22nd and the second the 25th were considered by our Committee. The Committee decided to stand by their original decision of calling the Committee the Peoples Front "Spain Day" Committee as suggested by you. It of course noted the fact that even in these two letters you had not shown the common courtesy of replying to the original letter inviting you to participate in and co-operate in the Committee.

For the future, therefore,—and the 30th in particular—we must make it absolutely clear that since the Peoples Front "Spain Day" Committee is composed of the representatives of workers' peasants' and students' organisations having nation wide affiliations like the A.I.T.U.C., A.I.C.C., and various other we can accept your participation on the Committee only on a footing of equality with those workers', peasants', and students' organisations whose representative character influence, and status among the masses is, as great if not greater than that of the Congress Socialist Party.

(Continued in Col. 5)

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Mainly About Motion Pictures



"Saed-e-Havas" at the Minerva.

"AMAR-JYOTI"

At The Krishna

Prabhat's "Amar-Jyoti" which is showing for the 9th week at Krishna, is a major miracle of our particular corner of the Film World, for its box-office appeal, seems to be inexhaustible. Crowds thronged its premiere and filled the Krishna to bursting throughout its first week. They still behave as though the picture was in its first week instead of being in its ninth and there seem to be any number who have seen it half a dozen times and want to see again. The secret of this great picture's appeal lies partly in the powerful and thrilling tale of piracy and stirring adventure on land and sea, of romance that bloomed in adversity and of revenge, and of partly in the marvellous music and songs which are the chief attractions of this splendid Prabhat picture, the great spectacular romance, rarest production ever produced. The tale of Maratha glory, and Indian women's chivalry, moreover, will always find a ready interest in this city. With the popular screen artiste, Durgabai Khote, and the versatile star and singer Shanta Apte, the most popular among screen stars, supported by Chandramohan, the great character actor, Kumari Vasanti, who has thrilled this country in "Mahatma", Narayan Kale and Baburao Nandekar, leading the cast, the success of the picture was assured, and they, all of them, put over the performances that are brilliant, that of Shanta Apte being particularly marvellous. The picture abounds in gorgeous sequences, the sea battles being presented with a graphic realism that is incredibly stirring and the



Kumari Madhuri in "Lohari Lala" Ranjit's forthcoming release at the West End.

sea has been screened in its most impressive moods and beauty. As Soudamini, the pirate chieftess, Durgabai Khote is marvellously virile while Shanta Apte as the captured Princess, Nandini, who falls in love with the shepherd boy, Sudhir, who turns out to be the chieftess' long-lost son, is glamorous and altogether irresistible. She sings most charmingly and acts with a waive sympathy that captures the sympathy instantaneously. Altogether, "Amar-Jyoti" is a production that bears a lot of seeing and it is difficult to visit it without being impressed and satisfied. Certainly after seeing it, one should determine to see it again. Such is the charm of "Amar-Jyoti" now showing to crowded houses at Krishna Talkies.

"SAVKARI-PASH"

Picture Of Rural Life At The Majestic

Shalini Cinetone's latest social picture of topical interest "Savkari Pash" in Marathi, is proving very popular at the Majestic Talkies, where it has been occupying the screen for the last four weeks. Rural India and realistic peasant life apparently is close to the urban Indian's heart.

The picture has a beauty of rural India, all its own, a beauty of nature and the appeal of simplicity that belongs to those who live in the heart of nature and are nurtured by the soil. Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, who saw the ideal picture "Savkari-Pash" depicting Indian Peasants' realistic life and the conditions of the peasantry in its social reality, expressed his appreciation in eulogistic terms. The story of "Savkari-Pash" illustrates a very familiar



Franchot Tone and Grace Moore in "The King Steps Out"—A Columbia Picture

GRACE MOORE ARRIVES

At Pathe On Friday

Again that golden voice rings out! Again her magic songs thrill the world anew! Your heart will soar as Grace Moore sings the love songs of the immortal Kreisler... in the grandest of all musical love dramas! This latest film is Columbia's "The King Steps Out", featuring Franchot Tone, Walter Connolly and Raymond Walburn, and showing... at the Pathe Cinema.

It hits a glorious new high in screen romance... the lyric lark of the divine madcap who stole a king on his wedding day! You'll thrill to the golden voice of Grace Moore! The romantic dash of Franchot Tone! The glorious melodies of Kreisler! You will be held breathless in its enraptured spell!

"The King Steps Out" is Grace Moore's gayest gift of glorious entertainment—the rollicking romance of a merry madcap who tempted a monarch!

Supporting the principals is a star-bright cast including Victor Jory, Elisabeth Risdon, Nana Bry-

"SAED-E-HAVAS" DRAWING CROWDED HOUSES

At The Minerva

In spite of the fact that rains sometimes pour in right at the time of show, Minerva Film Co.'s "Saed-e-Havas" has been drawing crowded houses at the Minerva Talkies this week.

The credit for the success of this remarkable picture adapted into Urdu from Shakespeare's King John, goes to Sohrab Modi whose able direction and brilliant performance has made "Saed-e-Havas" an outstanding picture of the year.

On the very first day when His Excellency the Royal Consul for Afghanistan declared the picture open, the mere appearance of Sohrab Modi's name, in the titles was enough for his admirers to



Kay Francis and Wm. Powell in "One Way Passage," opening to-day at Opera House.

"ONE WAY PASSAGE"

At Royal Opera House

Seldom has a stranger or more dramatic or more fascinating romance been unfolded on the screen than the one enacted with magnificent recklessness by Kay Francis and William Powell, "One Way Passage" which opens at the Royal Opera House to-day (Wednesday).

Two people—strangers to each other until they jog elbows in a Hong Kong Cafe—meet by accident on the eve of their steamer's departure for San Francisco. Both are under sentence of death, though of a widely different sort. But the joy of love replaces the terror of death from the moment their eyes meet. Neither of the lovers knows the fate that has marked the others. Powells is Dan Hardesty, on his way back to the gallows on a murder charge. Kay Francis is Joan Ames, a lovely invalid dancing on the brink of death with a heart that threatens to stop with the next shock or excitement. Within the same five minutes that Dan Hardesty has found the one woman that makes life worth-while, the detective who has dogged his footsteps around the world comes to take that life away from him. Joan Ames, laughing aside her doctor's warning, decides to stake all the years she might have by hoarding her scant strength, for one glorious month of romance while the steamer makes the crossing from the Orient to America. No more "happy ending" to such a romance could have been as genuinely thrilling and stimulating as the one that the producers have courageously chosen to give it. There is a breath and death to such a story as this, a gallantry that lifts it above the level of every day entertainment. William Powell and Kay Francis are ideally cast in the roles of Dan and Joan.



"Savkari-Pash" at the Majestic (Shalini Cinetone) Marathi picture.

welcome him on the screen with prolonged cheers. The same enthusiasm is being shown by the public every day. Sohrab Modi's popularity and success, as a matter of fact lies in his truly interpreting his character and we are glad to see this Indian Genius

well-known comedian Eruch Shah at his best whose funny way of acting paves the way for a non-stop laughter all the time.

The sweet delicious song by Mahboob Jan, a songstress of all India reputation, the wonderful Leopard dance composed by Do-raine and Wallace of screen fame, the Kathakali dance performed by the Poonyia Sisters and several other song hits and beautiful dances, add immensely to the attraction of this picture.

The cast is absolutely flawless—each artist playing his respective part thoroughly well. There is not a single dull moment in "Saed-e-Havas" from beginning to end. The settings are undoubtedly grand and gorgeous for which Rusti K. Banker, art director deserves congratulations. The recording is extraordinarily nice, the credit for which goes to M. Eduljee, the sound Engineer. S. D. Patil, deserve our admiration for the artistic photography. In fact, the Minerva Film Co. should be proud of "Saed-e-Havas," which is sure to enhance the prestige of the film industry in India.

Question Of The Week

When can we expect to see something like the "Life of Louis Pasteur" on the Indian screen?



Syt. Nandekar and Kumari Shanta Apte in "Amar Jyoti" at the Krishna.

squanders his father's ill-gotten wealth upon his mistress.

The shots of the fields with the other plentiful harvests, and all the other pleasures of the peasants—the dancing, singing and harvesting, as well as life in factories, are presented for the edification and pity of his city brethren. The role of the Sowcar is powerfully executed by Mr. Vishnupant Aundhkar, the famous Marathi stage artiste, who makes a most execrable character of it. The old father, his son and daughter are well cast and better played by Powar, Mandre, and Miss Ameena. There are beautiful songs coupled with heart-rendering acting in this picture. Every citizen must make a point to witness this picture.

SCREEN AS SOCIAL REFORMER

"Achhut Kanya" Indicates Tremendous Possibilities

(BY "BHARAT PUTRA")

Propaganda, it has been well said, is effective only when it does not appear to be so. And the same is doubly true of the propaganda in favour of social reform. No one likes to be told of his weaknesses; much less does one relish "lecturing down" or "sermonization." It is necessary, therefore, to employ less transparent and more likable means of propaganda. Short stories, novels, satire, poetry, drama, pantomime and burlesque have all been tried, in turns, to point out social evils and suggest remedies. Thomas More's "Utopia," Swift's "Gullivers' Travels," Shakespeare's "Merchant of Venice" and "Taming of the Shrew" and must of Bernard Shaw's plays are only

ant, Frieda Inescourt, Thurston Hall, Herman Bing and others. Sidney Buchman wrote the screen play, and Josef won Sternberg directed.

a few instances of disguised propaganda for social and political reform. It is only recently, however, that the possibilities of the screen as a medium of propaganda have been realized. In fact, compared with all other forms of artistic expression, the talking film is far more adaptable as a vehicle of reform than either fiction, stage or pantomime. The emotions that it can express cover an infinitely larger gamut and the range of subjects it can deal with is almost unlimited. It eliminates all considerations of space or time and for the dramatization of contrasts nothing could be more effective than the talking screen.

The success of a few such films as "Uncle Tom's Cabin" in the silent days had but indicated the tremendous possibilities inherent in the film. With the advent of the talkies, the scope has become larger. The pathos and comedy of "Modern Times" which revealed Chaplin as a social thinker, the brilliant satire of "Mr. Deeds Goes To Town," the Wellsian forecast of the future in "Things To Come," the exposure of American mob-violence in "Fury" and, the greatest of them all, the study of a great humanitarian's life in "Louis Pasteur"—they have all vindicated the claims of the screen as a vehicle for spreading ideas. No longer are foreign productions restricted to mediocre comedies, cheap romances or the pageantry of historical tales. They are exploring now fresh avenues for screen interpretation and

whose position in India is exactly the same is held by George Arliss and Charles Laughton in the foreign film companies.

The story need no introduction. It is full of thrilling intrigues, heart-wrenching pathos and innocent romance. Sohrab Modi's portrayal of Qazal—a very important role in the drama, is so real and remarkable that the audience cannot help cheering him again and again. His mastery over the Urdu language together with the expression of its accent and tone, makes his task more faithful.

The part played by Chandra Kumar as Qaiser, though difficult enough, is rendered by him most effectively. He keeps the audience gasping with his emotional acting and is cheered time and again for his innocent pleading with Qazal who comes to put out his eyes in the prison. An equal important role is played by Sarla, a girl of 10 who is also greeted with cheers on several occasions for her lovely acting. The crown prince Sinjar is played by Anjum, the well-known sportsman from the Frontier Province, who justified his selection for the chief role by his fine acting while Shama's gay and modest performance as Iqbal receives much applause from the audience. Gulzar's (Maleka) expression of emotion deserve much appreciation while Sadatall's portrayal of Villain's role as Nadir, is most striking.

The comic portion which is presented twice along with the main picture reveals some most amusing and delightful confusion of situations. Here we find the



"Sonhera Sansar" forthcoming release at the Roxy.



Sabita Dey in "Jivan Lata" at the Imperial

(Continued on page 12)

World News From Across The Seas

CORONATION INSURANCES—UNPARLIAMENTARY LANGUAGE—BASIC ENGLISH—
NOMENCLATURE IN STARDOM—RACIAL PROBLEM OF U. S. A.—“KING”
HITLER?—INTERNATIONAL SOCIALIST SUPPORT TO SPAIN

(BY OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT).

Underwriters at Lloyd's are becoming quite busy with "Coronation insurances", the bulk of the business being in respect of the contingency of the ceremony's being postponed.

To cover the risk of postponement by one day or more, a rate is 15 guineas per cent. and for postponement of not less than one month the rate is 12 guineas per cent. while for postponement beyond the end of 1937 the rate is 10 guineas per cent. Owing to the request of the Committee of Lloyd's, which was made consequent upon the "Budget risk" affair of last April, underwriters are making careful inquiries as to the origin of orders for Coronation insurances, and only when there is a genuine insurable interest and the assured stands to lose in the event of postponement are the orders accepted.

The bulk of inquiries come from flag makers and potters, and those interested in the erection of stands and in property overlooking the procession route are also making inquiries for insurance. One curious order that has been in the market came from a pottery which is manufacturing a large number of mugs bearing the King's portrait. Since these would have to be scrapped in the event of the King's marrying before his Coronation and replaced by others bearing the portrait of the King and his consort, the pottery in a question requires an insurance against the King's being married at the time of his Coronation, but so far as can be ascertained this insurance has not yet been effected.

The Late Sir Henry Lytton

The late Sir Henry Lytton was one of the few actors who reached the top of the theatrical tree after making his first success as an understudy. Considering the comparative frequency with which understudies are called upon, it is surprising how seldom those "who only stand and wait" achieve stardom in the process. It was the sudden illness of George Grossmith just after the first night of "Ruddigore" which brought Lytton success. At this time his "nom de theatre" was "H. A. Henri". This was his wife's surname. Lytton posed as her brother when he went on the stage, as he believed managers disliked employing married couples. He was married at 17, and to obtain a honeymoon he played truant from school. On his return he was birched. When he expostulated that a married man should not be thrashed, he was promptly expelled.

Glossary Of Unparliamentary Language

The New Zealand House of

"KEEP INDIA'S FLAG FLYING"

The monthly flag salutation ceremony in G. Ward was performed by Mr. T. R. Naravane, ex-president of the "G" Ward District Congress Committee on Sunday. After the singing of "Vandemataram" Mr. Naravane made a short speech saying he was sorry to see such a small gathering. He asked those present not to be discouraged at the small gathering as there is always an ebb and flow tide to every movement but go on doing Congress work and keep the flag flying.

After the flag salutation a function to give a send-off to Mr. Naravane was arranged.

Mr. T. R. Naravane is proceeding to Dublin for further study in medicine.

"No cold for four years"

"I used to suffer dreadfully from colds, but have not had one for four years, entirely due to using Vapex. I advise all my patients and friends to use it."

From a Vapex user

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Representatives has compiled a glossary of unparliamentary language, in which such phrases as "blow-fly minded", "a giggling monkey", "nose so long that he trips over it", are ruled out. English Parliamentary language is extreme on occasion, but not so fruitfully as in New Zealand. Mr. George Buchanan once said Ramsay MacDonald: "He is a low, dirty cur, who ought to be flung out of public life and horsewhipped out of it. He is a coward. He sneaks away."

Mr. MacDonald, as Prime Minister has himself called Conservative interrupters "swine". "Liar" and "damned liar" have been used several times, and ruled to be out of order. But such expressions are tame compared with the Parliamentary abuse of the past. O'Connell, a hundred years ago said of Lord Alvanley, "there is a creature, half idiot, half maniac, in another place..... The bloated buffoon....." This led to a duel between O'Connell and Lord Alvanley's son.

Basic English

While the Nationalists of England seek to give their countrymen divers languages in their own land, Basic English, the system invented by C. K. Ogden for expressing all one wants in English in 850 words, is progressing. It has now spread to Singapore.

A year ago the Straits Settlements Director of Education authorised the establishment of a Basic English training school for teachers. The teachers have come, have learned and have now opened six schools for pupils. Already, would-be learners are being turned away by the score owing to the lack of teachers. The pupils, mostly Chinese adults with no knowledge of normal English, learn with great rapidity. Advocates of the system say that Singapore, a predominantly Chinese city, will be English-speaking in less time than the 25 years forecast by the prophets.

"Stars" And Their Names

By legally changing her name to the one she uses professionally, Miss Kay Francis, (Mrs. Katherine Gibbs Melziner) should save a lot of legal confusion. So few stars possessed real names anything like their exotic pseudonyms that the Californian court officials were at one time supplied with a list of comparative names to help them in their legal work.

Thus Miss Francis's former husband, Mr. Leo Melziner, was known to an eclectic film public as Kenneth McKenna. How many fans would recognise Richard Dix in Ernest Brimmer, Ricardo Cortez in Jack Krantz, Nancy Carroll in Nancy la Hie, Josef von

Sternberg in plain Joe Stern, or even Douglas Fairbanks in Douglas Ullman? And what admirer of Miss Claire Windsor could fail to be shaken by the knowledge that her real name is Olga Cronk? The only star who appears to have exchanged an exotic name for a less decorative one is Dolores del Rio. She was originally Lolita Dolores Asunsola de Martinez.

Democratic Nominee

Governor Alfred Landon's Republican supporters have frequently stressed the fact that their candidate for the U. S. presidency is a "quiet undramatic family man".

His speech when he accepted the nomination seemed to the impartial in-keeping with this role. But the Democrats are already pointing out hidden depths in his words. The latest to do so is Governor Earle of Pennsylvania. In a recent broadcast Mr. Earle declared that "Governor Landon, who radiates sweetness, light and love for all mankind, is a Kansas Lorelei". Meanwhile, the Republican camp is working hard to impart a "feminine interest" to Mr. Landon's candidature. In Mrs. Roosevelt, with her syndicated diary, Press conferences and disregard for previous White House convention, their rivals have a strong card. As Mrs. Landon has said, she will play no prominent part in the campaign, the limelight is being focussed on her daughter, Miss Peggy Landon. She is only 18, however, and shows little anxiety to become a political exhibit.

Jesse Owen's Triumph

Jesse Owens is only one of several Negroes in the American team whose colour and features suggest mixed blood.

Two of the others are even lighter in colour, and one of them is hardly distinguishable from a European in feature. One is reminded of Mr. Shane Leslie's theory, put forward in his book, "American Wonderland", that the colour problem in the United States will ultimately be solved by inter-marriage.

An American ethnologist in Berlin who watched the recent Olympic Games expressed the same belief and said that he saw signs already that the crossing of black and white in the United States was producing a type distinct from both and with particularly fine qualities of its own. One wonders, he adds, whether the large proportion of Negroes in this year's American Olympic team is in part a symptom of the growing prominence of this racial group?

A Crown For Hitler

Whether Herr Hitler should go

one better than Julius Caesar and Oliver Cromwell and accept a Crown is a question which has long exercised in minds of many humbler members of the Nazi party.

The ordinary German is a born Monarchist, and would dearly love to see an Emperor again on the throne of the Reich. These feelings are voiced in a letter printed in the "Schwarze Korps", the official weekly paper of Herr Himmler's black-uniformed guards. They do not find favour with this distinctly radical organ.

"There can be no such thing," it comments editorially, "as National Socialist monarchists, any more than democratic dictators. A man must be one thing or the other. For Germany the monarchy belongs to a past epoch."

French Socialists And Spain

M. Jouhaux, Secretary-General of the French Confederation of Trade Unions, began life as a match-worker, but is not a fire-brand.

After the private conference held in Paris on August 13, and attended by several British Socialists, including Miss Ellen Wilkinson, at which there was a good deal of sympathy for the Spanish Government, M. Jouhaux decided to go to Madrid to study the position at first hand and to discuss with leaders there means by which French Socialists could best assist them. During his stay there he saw the members of the Spanish Government and also the leading trade unionists and Socialists, including Largo Caballero whom his admirers like to call the Spanish Lenin. Caballero, incidentally, is 68. When he made his revolution, Lenin was only 47.

M. Jouhaux is a thick-set, bulky man, with a beard, a heavy face and a preface. He has been in the trade union movement for nearly 30 years and has the confidence of British leaders of the movement.

Obiter Dicta

When I address a hotel porter abroad in pidgin French, I do not like to be replied to in perfect English.—Mr. Robert Lynd.

Our civilization and our culture are a mass of contradiction, and I sometimes feel very sorry for people, who try to make sense of them.—Dr. Boyd H. Bode.

Permanent friendships between nations as between men can be sustained only by scrupulous respect for the pledged word.—President Roosevelt.

ARMED ROBBER EVADES POLICE

'Phone Operator Puts Up Bold Fight Against Desperado

JUBBULPORE, Aug. 31. A daring and dastardly attempt at murder with robbery is reported to have been made early this morning at about 2.30 in the Telephone Exchange attacked by a four-man gang. Abdul Jabbar Khan, telephone operator on duty was surprisingly overpowered by an unknown assailant who gripped Jabbar at the throat and pointing a dagger against his heart demanded cash boxes and keys.

In a state of suffocation Jabbar attempted to extricate himself from his assailant's grip and received a number of cuts in his palm and arm after which he became unconscious.

In the meantime Mr. F. A. Lemos, telegraphist, hearing the noise in the Telephone Office rung twice without response. Suspecting foul play Mr. Lemos with a peon rushed across and found the Telephone Office in utter darkness with doors closed. Kicking open the door and switching on the lights he saw the ghastly sight and the assailant missing.

After rendering first aid to and bringing Jabbar into consciousness they informed the police. Despite Police vigilance the assailant still remains untraced.—United Press.

Remitting sixth instalment Rs. 75. One more bale clothing forwarding to-morrow. Collections closed for Saturday.

The Flood Relief Procession for the eighth and the last day started collections on Saturday and collected Rs. 24/8 only, and decided to close the collections. The total collections of five days amounted to Rs. 662, the six-day collections being Rs.



Mr. Shridhar Sohoni, who scored the highest marks in History in M.A. and won the Sir Lawrence Memorial Medal, left for England for qualifying for the I.C.S. Examination.

INDO-AMERICAN UNION

America-Returned Indians Organise Association For Promoting Cultural Relations

The inaugural meeting of the Indo-American Union was held at Greens Hotel, Bombay on Monday afternoon, when there was a fairly large gathering of America-returned Indians, both ladies and gentlemen, and also some American residents of India. In the absence of Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, who was to deliver the inaugural address, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu spoke and Dr. J. M. Kumarappa presided.

Dr. Kumarappa in his introductory speech emphasised in appropriate words the need for an institution like the Indo-American Union, which was mainly for the purpose of promoting the cultural relations between India and America.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu pointed out, in the course of her speech, that America's greatest contribution to India was the ideal of Freedom and Democracy that was the basis of all culture and that if we were to draw inspiration from that country then we would be benefiting ourselves by identifying ourselves with an association like the Indo-American Union that tries for an interchange of ideals. In return for this lesson, India has something to give—the cardinal point of all great religions and philosophies, the truth "I am Brahma", the essential identity of the human soul and the divine.

Atiya Begum Saheba, who is shortly proceeding to America, then spoke and laid stress on the necessity for intellectual co-operation between the two countries. She said that an institution like the Indo-American Union would do a great deal for the cause.

Dr. C. Manshardt then spoke on behalf of the American residents of India and said that with true mutual co-operation they could do much towards bringing an understanding between these two nations and wished the Indo-American Union every success.

Then a vote of thanks to Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and other speakers including the Chairman and all those assembled, was proposed by Mr. Mohan V. Raj, and the meeting thereafter terminated.

OFFICE-BEARERS.

Immediately after the meeting was over, those members present, had a business meeting and elected the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman and the Committee of the Union for the year, as follows:—

Chairman: Dr. J. M. Kumarappa.

Vice-Chairman: Mr. V. B. Gandhi.

Committee:—Mr. S. K. Mukerji, Mr. Mohan V. Raj, Mrs. K. Nimbkar, Mr. J. P. Mehta and Mr. U. B. Parulekar.

The new Committee then met and co-opted Dr. V. M. Desai and Mr. B. C. Majumdar as the co-opted members of the Committee.

Mr. S. K. Mukerji was elected the Honorary Secretary and Mr. J. P. Mehta was elected the Honorary Treasurer of the Union.

NAGPUR WAR ON SUTTA

The Nagpur Police is continuing its drive against satta gambling. During the last week five persons were arrested on the alleged charge of keeping gambling dens.

As the district of Nagpur is threatened with cholera epidemic the local government has made temporary regulations to deal with the same.

Bright Chances For Congress In Karnatak

BUT EFFORTS TO EDUCATE VOTERS MUST BE MADE FROM NOW ON, URGES UMABAI KUNDAPUR

HUBLI. (By Mail) Mrs. Umabai Kundapur, President, Karnak Provincial Bhagini Mandal, writes:—

The eagerly awaited meeting of the A.I.C.C. is over and the Manifesto expected to be issued on the eve of the electioneering campaign is out. The opponents of the Congress were jubilant in the anticipation that there would be quarrels among the members of the A.I.C.C. with regard to the contents of the said manifesto and the general policy of the Congress in connection with the elections. They were also expecting squabbles over the question of office acceptance. But contrary to their expectations things passed off smoothly in Bombay during all the deliberations of the various meetings that took place during the last week of August.

If Sjt. C. Rajgopalachari and withdrawn his resignation and the Democratic Swaraj Party had joined the Congress considering the clarification in the Manifesto of Congress attitude towards the Communal Award, the nation would have been more fortunate. The A.I.C.C. did not fail to show all the latitude it possibly could and the members of that body took the most conciliatory attitude realising the need for unity. Not less creditable was the clever handling of the matters by the President, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru who was at the helm. All this contributed to virtual unanimity in adopting the manifesto prepared by the Working Committee.

By the issue of the manifesto the Congress has set the ball of electioneering campaign rolling. The members of the A.I.C.C. who are now back from Bombay will carry the message of the Congress to the nooks and corners of their respective provinces. The whole nation will hum with activities congenial to the success of the

Congress. The Provincial and District Parliamentary Boards that have come into being in various parts of the country during the last few weeks shall now start their work with redoubled vigour. They will take up the Manifesto passed by the A.I.C.C. as the basis in issuing their provincial ones and adjust the contents in accordance with the need of the situation, demands and grievances in their respective areas. Thus for instance, the manifesto to be issued for Karnatak will have to contain an additional item about the unification of the province which at present is divided, distributed and hence dissatisfied.

KARNATAK SEATS

British Karnatak is divided into two presidencies, Bombay and Madras. In the former there are four districts and in the latter two. These six districts have been given in all forty seats in the provincial assemblies. Out of these forty, twenty-eight are for the four districts in Bombay and twelve are for the two in Madras. Out of the former twenty-eight, twenty-one are for general constituencies, five for Mahomedan and one each for Women's and Scheduled Castes' constituencies. Of the latter twelve in the Madras presidency, eight are for general constituencies, two for Mahomedan and one each for women's and Scheduled Castes' constituencies.

BRIGHT CHANCES

In Karnatak the Congress has every chance of securing in each district the majority of seats in the Provincial Assemblies. With regard to other six Congress may obtain success to a great extent if efforts are made from now on to educate the electorate in the necessity of their standing by the Congress in the interests of the country. We are sure the Karnatak Provincial Board shall leave no stone unturned in this direction.

SIR CHINUBHAI M. R. BARONETCY TRUST

Bill To Amend Act Of 1924

The following is the statement of objects and reasons of the Bill to amend the Sir Chinubhai Madhavji Ranchhodlal Baronetcy Act, 1924, before the Bombay Legislative Council:—

Section 2 of the Sir Chinubhai Madhavji Ranchhodlal Baronetcy Act, 1924, provides that the Accountant General of Bombay and the District Judge of Ahmedabad shall be two of the trustees of the trust which is the subject-matter of the Act. It is found inconvenient in actual practice for the Accountant General and the District Judge, Ahmedabad, to act as trustees. One of the objects of this Bill is to substitute the Official Trustee of Bombay as one of the trustees in place of the Accountant General and the District Judge, Ahmedabad.

Section 4 of the Act provides that certain securities of the nominal value of rupees 28 lacs should be assigned and transferred to the trustees appointed under the Act out of the assets left by the first Baronet, and that the said securities together with the income of certain immovable property specified in the Schedules to the Act should form the Trust Funds. Section 15 of the Act further provides for the payment out of the income of the Trust Funds of annuity or annuities to the widow or widows of deceased Baronets. For various reasons it has not been possible so far to assign and transfer to the

MISUNDERSTOOD HIS DUTIES

Mr. M. J. Kanetkar Editor of the Nagpur Congress Marathi weekly, who was asked by the Sessions Judge of Nagpur to show cause why he should not be proceeded against for refusing to serve as an assessor, has been warned by the Judge, in whose opinion he did not appear to be deliberately contemptuous of the Court but rather seemed to have misunderstood his duties and responsibilities.

It will be recalled that Mr. Kanetkar had informed the Sessions Judge that being a Congress-man he could not serve as an assessor.

Trustees the said securities or any part of them.

This Bill, therefore, provides that the holder of the title of Baronet for the time being shall, from time to time, in such instalments as he finds expedient, assign and transfer to the trustees securities of the nominal value of rupees 28 lacs and that the annuity payable under section 15 shall be one-tenth of the annual income of the Trust Funds for the time being in the hands of the trustees.

The Bill further indemnifies the present Trustees from all liability in consequence of any failure or omission to do anything that was required to be done under the present Act, and provides that there is no liability on the new Trustees to compel the assignment and transfer of the said securities in the future.

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Indian News From Here And There

FEAR OF FAMINE IN GUJARAT

Kalyan Mill Strike Sequel

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, August 30.

There has been no rain after the showers of the 21st instant and the week has passed off with a clear sky during the day and without a single drop of rain.

Days are hot and nights are cool and it is feared that the whole of Gujarat will have to face famine conditions with scarcity of water and very little of fodder for cattle.

To-day there are clouds in the sky and if we have some good showers, the condition is likely to improve in some parts but Panch Mahals and several other districts will still require help, as there are no prospects for maize, bajra and rice crops at present.

STRIKE IN KALYAN MILL.

There has been some trouble in the Kalyan mill. The wages of the weavers were to be paid on the 22nd August when on looking to the pay bills, the weavers suspected that there was a cut in their wages, and so they refused to receive payment. On Monday last they approached the Labour Union for consultation, and the Union asked the mill authorities for an explanation.

The Union was making further inquiries in this connection. On Thursday last, the mill authorities told the weavers that they would be allowed to take up their work if they would receive the wages, which they had refused. The weavers therefore did not go to work on the day and the mill authorities declared a lock-out. The police went up to the place to prevent disorder and there is rumour in the city that the workers have gone on strike.

The mill agent has asked the Labour Union not to interfere as the labourers of his mill are not members of the Union. This argument, however, has been disapproved by the Union which has asked the Mill authorities to convince the workers that no reduction has been made in their wages or to have the dispute settled by arbitration as usual.

DINNER TO SGT. KAPADIA.

The Jain youths of Ahmedabad met together on the 27th August and decided to have a dinner with Sgt. Parmanand Kapadia on September 6. A committee of youths has been appointed for propagandist work and sale of tickets at four annas each for the dinner in different localities. They also considered the ways and means to be adopted to face the opposition of conservatives.

The City Congress Committee with the help of the Secretaries of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee and some prominent members of the Congress Party in the present Municipal Board is making arrangements to form a Congress Party in the municipal elections that will come about towards the end of October.

Some Ward Committees led by youths with Swarajist tendencies have tried to protest against the arrangements made by the Committee, but it seems that general public opinion does not favour these youths and the Congress Party will be returned in a large majority by the electors.

TUSSLE WITH GOVERNMENT.

The Municipal Board in its meeting of the 26th instant resolved to accept the resolution of the School Board about the grade of the Administrative officer and to authorise the president to write to the Government about it. The School Board had resolved to appoint its Administrative Officer on the grade of 170-10-250, with an efficiency bar of 15-440, but to have the right of placing a new man in an intervening grade.

The Government did not agree to this and informed the School Board that a new appointment must be made on Rs. 170 only. The School Board stuck to its own resolution and now the question has been taken up by the General Board of the Municipality.

The School Board in its meeting on Thursday last recommended a grant of Rs. 1,200 to the Infant Department of the local Sharda Mandir. It is generally believed that the Sharda Mandir is run more or less as a private concern and it charges heavy fees even in its Infant Department. Miss Savitaben Trivedi is the head of this institution and she is a member of the School Board. The Administrative Officer after making inquiries submitted his report and the School Board decided to recommend the grant of Rs. 1,200.

The question will now come up before the General Board and if the grant is sanctioned other Bal Mandirs in the city also will apply for such grants and will be free from monetary troubles.

CASE AGAINST CONGRESSMEN

E. Khandesh D. C. C. Officials Charged With Breach Of Peace

(From A Correspondent.)

E. KHANDESH, Aug. 30.

Messrs. S. M. Kabare and S. H. Biria, President and Secretary, District Congress Committee of East Khandesh, with seven others including one pleader and Congress workers, are prosecuted under D. Police act 61 (R) in the first class magistrate's court for breach of peace in a public meeting held at Erandol on 29th August at 6-30 p.m.

The hearing is fixed on the 31st August.

ZAMINDAR ARRESTED

Alleged Case Of Dacoity

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Aug. 31.

A case of serious robbery involving loss of property estimated at several thousands was reported from Rehri last night, when a gang of 6 or 7 robbers broke into the house of wealthy Sethia, removed clothing, severings, cash and jewellery. Prominent police officials are reported to have hurried to the spot and arrested two persons.

The arrest of a Zamindar under Sec. 395 I. P. C. (dacoity) is reported by a Larkana paper which adds the arrested was produced before the court and bailed out. The trial is proceeding.

FEDERATION OF MILLS AND INDUSTRIES

Girdharlal Parikh Elected President

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, Aug. 31.

Mr. Girdharlal D. Parikh was elected president for the current year of the Federation of Baroda State Mills and Industries.

The Kalabhavan eleven won by eight wickets and one run in the match with Varnama eleven.

Dr. S. M. Pagar, Development Commissioner of Baroda State, will marry the school mistress.

Smt. Subhadrabai Jadava, who has recently returned from England.

For the triple murder of Dhula Gala, his wife and daughter of village Solitra, Chaga Jiva was sentenced to death and his two accomplices were given life sentences. The judgment has to be confirmed by High Court.

WANTED KANARESE ELECTORAL ROLLS

Protest Against Govt. Orders In Belgum District

(From A Correspondent.)

BANGALORE, (By Mail).

The Managing Committee of the Karnataka Sahitya Parishat adopted the following resolution at its meeting held on the 23rd August last.

"The Managing Committee of the Karnataka Sahitya Parishat, in common with the public of the several areas of Karnatak expresses its disapproval of the orders recently promulgated by the Government of Bombay to the effect (1) that the electoral registers in Belgum, Khanapur, Chikodi, Supaper and other localities in the Bombay Presidency should be maintained in the Marathi language and (2) that the Marathi language may also be used for the registration of documents in Belgum, Canara, Dharwar and Bijapur Districts and this Managing Committee prays that in-as-much as the Kannada population forms a very important community in the Bombay Presidency, the Governor of Bombay may be pleased to regard all matters pertaining to the language, education and culture of the Kannada people as a subject of 'special interest' and extend special protection to their rights and interests and also that His Excellency may be pleased to alter the above mentioned Government orders in accordance with the public demand in Karnatak.

The above resolution has been forwarded to the Chief Secretary to the Government of Bombay and other authorities.

CRUSHED WHILE TAKING REST

Three Labourers Killed And One Injured In Nagpur Monsoon Tragedy

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Aug. 30.

Three persons were killed and one seriously injured three others narrowly escaped death and damage to the extent of about Rs. 3,000 was caused when a two storeyed building belonging to Messrs. Pnatak and Co., Hardware merchants and contractors collapsed on Saturday noon in Sitabaldi, Nagpur.

The building was under construction and due to heavy rain the wall of the building gave way and the entire building came down pinning four labourers who were then taking their mid-day rest after the morning work on the second storey.

As a result of prompt rescue work the bodies were taken out, but life was found extinct in three persons while the fourth was removed immediately to the Mayo Hospital with serious injuries.

This is stated to be first accident of its kind in Nagpur.

DEVELOPMENT OF ABORIGINAL TRIBES

C. P. Governor Points Out Need Of "Special Drive"

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Aug. 28.

Replying to the address presented by the Zamindars of Chhatishgarh on Friday at Raipur, His Excellency Mr. E. Raghavendra Rao, Acting Governor of the Central Provinces said that the need of a special drive for the development of the aboriginal tribes who so largely inhabited their estates had been exercising the mind of Government for some time.

A definite policy of economic and moral uplift of those backward tribes was being worked out by Government and last year an allotment of Rs. 40,000 was spent out of the Central Government's grant for rural development on schemes of medical relief and other forms of uplift in areas inhabited by aborigines.

His Excellency advised the Zamindars to raise their standards of administration and general conduct in response to the spirit of the times, and keep themselves and their tenants abreast of the economic, social and political progress in the rest of the province as far as possible.

GIVE UP DEFEATIST MENTALITY

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Aug. 30.

Sardar Sardul Singh came here yesterday. He had some discussions in the Prarthana Samaj Hall at noon in the course of which he asked youths to join the struggle for freedom.

In reply to a question as to whether Swaraj would be obtained through Socialists or by the Congress, Sardar Sardul Singh replied that the Election Manifesto showed that the differences between these two parties had been made up and expressed his belief that all parties would again join hands in the struggle for freedom.

In reply to another question he said that the Congress could not take up the question of all the States but if the subjects of any State asked for help the Congress would render them as much assistance as it could.

As regards Rajaji's resignation Sardar Sardul Singh said that Rajaji would surely be a great adviser even when he was outside the Congress fold.

He expressed his view on several other matters as well and in the evening delivered a lecture in the Hanaraj Praggi Hall against "office-acceptance" under the new Constitution. He argued that the Congress would lose its prestige if Congress members accepted offices while our aim ought to be to reach our goal of Swaraj. He said that Mahatma had shown that soul force could do more than weapons. He appealed to the audience to keep freedom in view, to give up the defeatist mentality and to have high ideals.

Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal Motilal is coming here by the

ILLICIT LIQUOR MAKING IN C.P.

Government View With Anxiety Increase In Excise Offences

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Sept. 1.

In all 1,308 persons were imprisoned for fiscal offences and prosecutions for illicit distillation have risen from 1,676 in 1929 to 4,537 in 1935. The increase in the number of persons prosecuted for excise offences, has been viewed by Government with anxiety.

In their resolution on the report on the excise administration of the Central Provinces and Berar during the year 1935.

A disquieting feature, states the resolution, is the prevalence of illicit distillation in urban areas and the connection of village officials in various districts with this form of crime. As observed by the Excise Commissioner, it is almost impossible effectually to deal with the situation unless the officers concerned receive the support and co-operation of the general public.

Revenue Rises

Successive years of indifferent harvests, especially in the cotton tracts, and continued economic depression have reduced the purchasing power of agriculturists and labourers to a very low level. Nevertheless, in spite of adverse conditions, the excise revenue of the province in the year under report again rose slightly from Rs. 57.81 lakhs to Rs. 59.81 lakhs.

This rise is due not so much to an actual increase in the consumption of liquor and drugs as to the diversion of custom from the purveyors of illicitly-distilled liquor to the licensed shop.

Opium Consumption

There was a further decrease in consumption of opium specially there is no reason to suspect that there has been any increase in the smuggling of this drug.

One of the reasons for the fall in consumption is stated to be that the poorer classes are gradually abandoning the habit of drugging infirmities.

The total prohibition of the sale of charas in the province since 1925 was found to have resulted in a heavy traffic in contraband and a great loss of revenue. Consequently, two charas shops in Nagpur and Jabulpore cities, were opened during the year with satisfactory results. This measure and the continued supply of good quality of ganja resulted in a reduction of the number of offences of smuggling from 349 to 45.

Gujarat mail on the 1st of September and will leave for Nadlad on the 3rd after seeing his voters in the city personally.

NAIB-DEWAN RETURNS

(From Our Correspondent.)

SAYAJIGANJ, September 1.

Mr. Manilal Nanavaty, Naib-Dewan of Baroda, arrived here this morning and was received at the station by friends and admirers. He has returned from an extensive tour of Japan.

B. D. PETIT PARSII GENERAL HOSPITAL

Munificent Donations For Silver Jubilee Fund Total Rs. 1,74,136

The following donations towards the funds of the above Institution in commemoration of its Silver Jubilee are announced:—

Trustees of Seth Manockjee Nusservanji Petit Charity Trust Fund, (established by the late Sir Dinslaw Petit, Baronet, in memory of his father) Rs. 1,00,000.

Mrs. Bachubai Rustonjee Ranjee, daughter of late Mr. Manockjee Hormusjee Damla, in memory of her brother the late Lt. Col. Eduljee Manockjee Damla, Rs. 50,000.

Dr. R. B. Billimoria, for the purchase and installation of an "air-conditioning" plant in memory of his wife, the late Dr. Mrs. Shirin R. Billimoria, for giving relief to asthma and diabetic cases, Rs. 10,000.

Mr. Framroz Ruttonjee Bomanjee, as executor of his deceased brother, Mr. Burjorjee Ruttonjee Bomanji, in memory of their deceased mother, Bai Cooverbai Ruttonjee Bomanjee, Rs. 5,000.

Mr. R. N. B. (for the General Fund) Rs. 1,050.

Mr. R. N. B., in memory of the late Mr. Nusservanji Dhanubhai Mullan, (for the Endowment Fund), Rs. 1,000.

Mr. Sorabjee Munckjee Batliwalla, sisters, daughters and close relatives of late Mr. Manockjee Munckjee Batliwalla, out of amount subscribed in the Othamma ceremony of the deceased, Rs. 1,000.

Dr. Dhanubhai R. Wadia, for purchase of new instruments, in memory of his nephew, the late Dhanubhai Framjee Batliwalla Rs. 1,000.

Bai Bachubai Merwanjee Sorabjee, amount subscribed by her in the Othamma ceremony of her nephew.

The late Manockjee Cowasjee Petit, Rs. 1,000.

Executors of the late Bai Dhanubai Homi Jehangirjee Dadyseth, out of her own estate, in her pious memory, Rs. 1,000.

Bai Mithibai Rustonjee Panday, in pious memory of the late Bai Dhanubai Homi Jehangirjee Dadyseth, Rs. 1,000.

Proprietors of "Palace Talkies" testing proceeds of film, entitled "Queen Christina" specially exhibited on 3rd May 1936, in aid of Hospital, Rs. 680.

Mr. R. N. B., in memory of Nusservanji Dhanubhai Mullan, Rs. 600.

Trustees, the Institute Iranis' Charity Fund Rs. 500.

Proprietor of the New Parsee Theatrical Co., being entire net proceeds of performance of "Harischandra" held in aid of the Hospital, Rs. 306.

Total Rs. 1,74,136.

ALLEGED POLICE HIGH-HANDEDNESS

Punjab P. C. C. Appoints Committee For Inquiry

HOSHARPUR, Aug. 28.

In response to the request made by the District and the City Congress Committees to the Provincial Congress Committee, Lahore, to conduct inquiries into the alleged highhanded policy of the police towards the political workers of Mahalpur Political Conference, which was held last month, the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee, has formed a Committee, consisting of Lala Sham Lal Advocate, M.L.A., Syed Alta Ulla Shah, Bar-at-Law, and Lala Achint Ram, to institute inquiries into the allegations against the police authorities of Mahalpur.—United Press.

The late Manockjee Cowasjee Petit, Rs. 1,000.

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Total Rs. 1,74,136.



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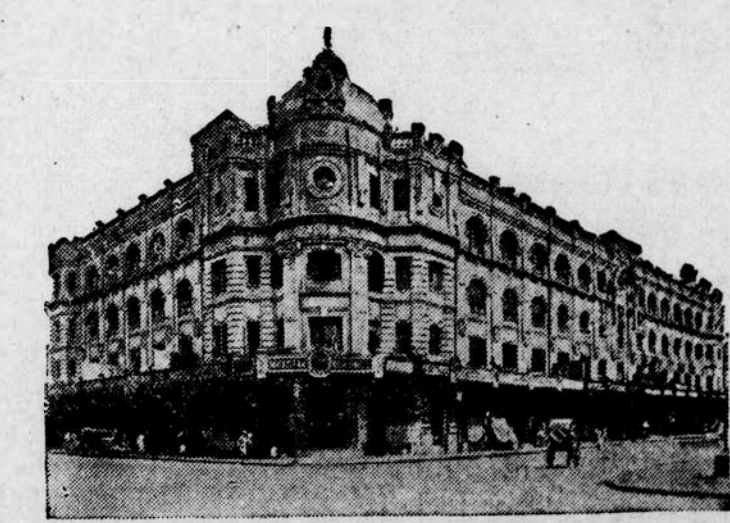
That is why today it is universally known as the vegetable tonic and the best blood purifier in cases where the blood is poor, where there is a general run-down condition, and to combat eruptions, pimples, boils, disorders of the spleen, liver or kidneys.

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The **STRONGHOLD** of Protection



BONUS ENDOWMENT Rs. 23
Per 1000 per Year

WHOLE LIFE Rs. 20
Per 1000 per year.

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INDIA'S LEADING LIFE OFFICE

Bombay Branch: Commissariat Building, Hornby Road, Fort.

DAY OF ASSURANCES IN ASSEMBLY

Adjournment Motion On Tariff Board Abolition Withdrawn

HALLET CIRCULAR ECHO

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

In the Legislative Assembly Mr. Satyamurti's adjournment motion to discuss the abolition of the Tariff Board was withdrawn in view of the statement made by the Commerce Member.

NEW LIGHT ON HALLET CIRCULAR

(From Our Correspondent).
SIMLA, Sept. 1.

It was verily a day of "assurances" in the Assembly. The Commerce Member displayed to-day his usual resourcefulness in securing the withdrawal of Mr. Satyamurti's adjournment motion on disbandment of the Tariff Board. In a five-minute speech, which contained two categorical assurances, Sir Mahomed Zafullah Khan countered the points raised by Mr. Satyamurti and relieved the situation to some extent. If this had been made earlier in the day, Mr. Satyamurti would perhaps have not proceeded with the notice at all.

OPPORTUNITY TO HOUSE

But the debate did serve the double purpose of extracting a timely assurance from the Government that they adhered to the policy of discriminating protection and also giving the opportunity to the House to press for the appointment of a permanent Tariff Board not only to enquire on application for protection but to review the effect of protective duties.

BHULABHAI'S WARNING

In a weighty speech Mr. Bhulabhai Desai reverted to his old charge against the Government and while accepting the Commerce Member's assurance, de-

clared with a melancholy note of warning: "We have been told that the policy of non-co-operation is futile; but the policy of co-operation has turned out worse than futile."

The motion was, as expected, withdrawn after one hour's discussion. The question hour which again bristled with several controversial subjects elicited some more assurances from the Treasury Bench. The Law Member gave the assurance that in concluding the Instrument of Accession with the Princes, the Government of India would take as much care as possible to see that the interests of British India were fully protected.

HALLET CIRCULAR ECHO.

The Home Member who threw new light on the vexed Hallet circular and assured the House that it contained no prohibition against co-operation of officials with Mahatma Gandhi's Village Industries Association and also referred to the subsequent circular which laid down that district officers should refer the matter to the Local Governments, whenever a request for co-operation was made—and according to the Home Member no such request had so far been made.

BAIT TO HOUSE

The Commerce Member had also his assurance ready regarding the new design of third class carriage, that as soon as the design was approved it would be introduced, as and when funds became available, and as a bait to the House suggested that if the Ticketless travel Bill was passed it might provide some funds.

The Finance Member's quota was his laughing assurance, "One Finance Member does not make a permanent policy."

"Thank God" replied Mr. Satyamurti, amidst laughter, while Sir James Grigg rejoined "entirely agree."

Mr. Tottenham did not cut a happy figure when he was made the target of a lengthy series of questions on the University Training Corps—and his position became more uncomfortable, when the Finance Member let out the secret that grants were underspent.

The debate on the ticketless travel Bill which was continued to-day disclosed as aptly pointed out by Mr. Maltra that with the exception of Sir A. H. Ghaznavi not even a single elected member had a kind word to say about the Bill. Mr. Mudie in his maiden speech repeated the Commerce Member's assurance that there was no intention to harass innocent persons but it brought the prompt retort from Mr. Maltra, "What are these assurances worth in practice?"

To-day's debate was brightened by a lengthy disquisition by the Law Member on the onus of proof. His main point being that the Bill effected no violent change.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

Discussion on the Railway Bill against ticketless travel was resumed after the question hour in the Legislative Assembly. Mr. Lalchand Navalsai said that by the passage of this legislation the railways would not benefit because at any rate a small percentage of travellers would be forced due to harassment by railway officials to take to car and bus travel.

Sir A. H. Ghaznavi opposed the circulation motion on the ground that Government had already in its possession the views of the public. Parties in the House had also discussed the Bill last winter, as a result of which discussion, the Government had brought forward the measure (Mr. Ranga: The parties did not express any opinion).

Sir A. H. Ghaznavi: They all expressed their opinions except the Congress Party which remained reserved. Mr. Nilkanthadas opposed the Bill as, he said, the problem of ticketless travel was not a big one. More than 90 per cent. of those found travelling without tickets eventually paid.

GAVE WRONG NAMES? Mr. Mudie, the railway spokesman, said that some unscrupulous

travellers took advantage of the present law in the legislation as they gave wrong names and addresses on being found travelling without tickets. Last year no less than 30,000 persons detected travelling without tickets gave fictitious names and addresses, and thus avoided payment of fare. (Mr. Ranga: Out of 50 crores of travellers!)

The House adjourned for lunch.

"GAMBLER & LOST"

Continuing Mr. Mudie said statistics showed that the bulk of those travelling without tickets were neither railway officials nor beggars. Of the seventeen and three quarter lakhs detected (excluding beggars), seventeen lakhs paid the fare on demand. They had merely gambled and lost. Of the remaining seventy-five thousand, thirty thousand gave fictitious names and addresses, thirty thousand paid only under pressure of Magistrate's order and fifteen thousand were fined. In the United Kingdom a person travelling without ticket could be removed, but not so in India.

(Voice: You too do so).

Mr. Mudie: It is never done in the case of well-dressed persons. THE BILL & JURISPRUDENCE. Mr. Maltra said that the Bill was subversive of the principle of criminal jurisprudence. Mr. Mudie had not given them statistics by provinces and by railways. Moreover if the majority of those detected paid the fare why this legislation?

Sir N. N. Sircar disputed Mr. Maltra's contention that the Bill destroyed the principle of criminal jurisprudence. He said that the initial onus would lie on the railways to prove the contravention of the Act by showing that the accused person had no ticket nor obtained a railway officer's permission. Thereafter as provided in Sec. 106 of the Evidence Act and the illustration given there, it was the accused who alone was in possession of special knowledge as to how he was found without a ticket and must prove so.

PERTINENT QUESTION.

Mr. Satyamurti: Why then make a new provision?

The Law member said this was a pertinent question. His intervention in the debate was to show that the proposal in the Bill did not destroy the principle of jurisprudence. Mr. Qazmi said it was curious that in this Bill the Government wished to imprison persons for a civil liability, whereas in another official Bill amending the Civil Procedure Code, the Government proposed to abolish imprisonment for civil liability.

Adjournment Motion

The clock struck four and Mr. Satyamurti moved: The House do now adjourn.

Mr. Satyamurti asked whether by the recent disbandment of Tariff Board there was any change in the policy of discriminating protection laid down by the Fiscal Commission and whether Government had given up the idea of setting up a permanent Tariff Board as suggested by the same Commission with a view to continuously watching the effect of excise duties, etc. He suspected the hand of Sir James Grigg, the Finance Member—who believed in free trade—especially for India—behind the action of Government in disbanding even the temporary Board. Mr. Satyamurti did not believe in setting up 'ad hoc' bodies for this task.

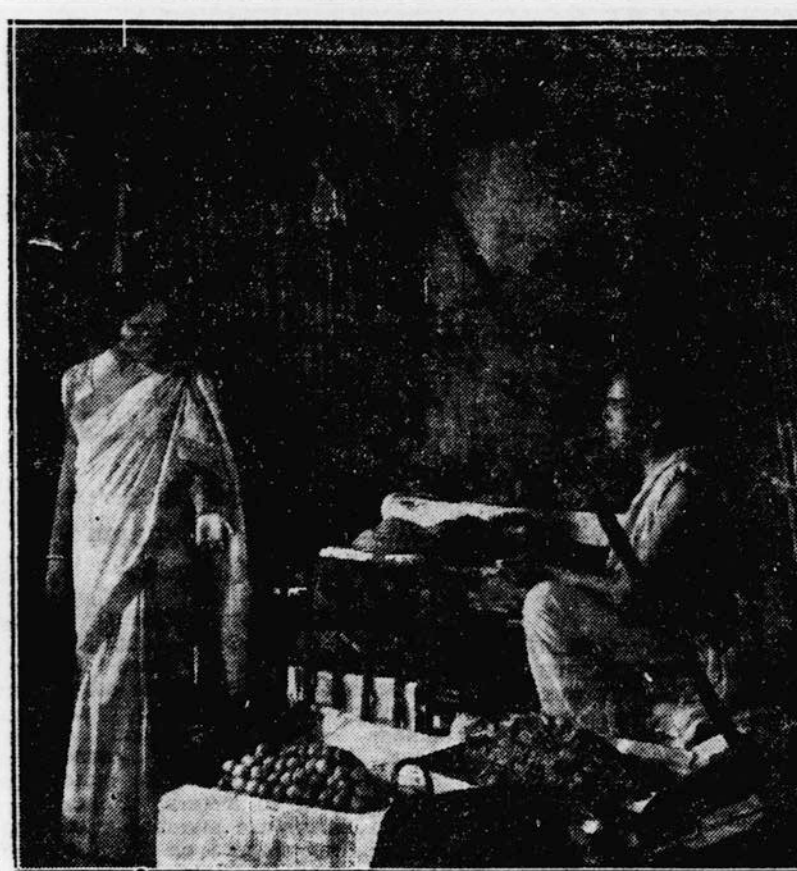
NO CHANGE OF POLICY

Sir Mohd. Zafullah stated categorically that Government adhered to the policy of discriminating protection as laid down by the Commission and secondly that the recent disbanding of the Board did not mean that no fresh Board would be set up. The Tariff Board as so far set up had been on purely temporary basis and for a particular enquiry and as soon as that enquiry was completed it became 'functus officio' unless another enquiry was ordered in which case the personnel might be either the same or a changed one. Recently there was no further enquiry to be made and so the Board came to an end. However, there had been no dissolution or disbandment. Previous Boards as well as the last Board became 'functus officio'. Thus Government's intention had undergone no change whatsoever.

IMPORT OF "EXPERTS"

Mr. B. Das said if a permanent Tariff Board had been appointed Government would not have imported income-tax and other experts from outside, and this body would have developed into India's Board of Trade and would not have permitted the Government of India to be a subordinate branch of British Board of Trade.

Dr. Ziauddin referred to the high dividends paid by the Steel Company and wished that the Tariff Board which recommended protection had been there to advise Government on the subject. Such a Board would also have



Devika Rani as "Pratima" in the new picture in the making at the Bombay Talkies.

helped to prevent maladjustment of prices.

Prof. Ranga suggested that Government appointed as members of Tariff Boards those who were their favourites, whereas a permanent body of experts would have discharged their functions properly and not allowed favouritism to Lancashire and to Indian Mills against the interests of handloom weavers.

Maulana Shaukat Ali suggested that the motion be withdrawn in view of Sir Mohammad Zafullah's assurances.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai said that the policy of discriminating protection had been steadily pursued except during the last two years. Sir Mohammad Zafullah had assured that no adverse inference should be drawn from the extent of the interval between the setting up of 'ad hoc' Boards. As to the prosecution of discriminating protection, this he accepted in letter and spirit and agreed that the question whether the Tariff Board should be a permanent body should be made the subject of a resolution.

Mr. Satyamurti withdrew his motion. The House adjourned till tomorrow.—A.P.

Public Services Commission Appointment May Smash Their Hopes

SIMLA, September 1. Lobby talks this morning revealed disappointment in store for certain Muslim Members of the Assembly, who were in the running for membership in the Public Services Commission for the prospective vacancy on the retirement of Dr. Ryder.

It was well-known here that the job would, this time, be offered to a Bengali Muslim member, who had been loud in protest against the continuous selection from the United Provinces.

The "United Press" learns the appointment would, most probably, be offered to Dr. Rahman, Vice-Chancellor of the Dacca University. The announcement is expected to be made within a fortnight.

Adjournment Motion The adjournment motion of Mr. Satyamurti regarding the abolition of the Tariff Board was allowed by the President to be moved at 4 p.m. this afternoon.

Bose's Condition

Mr. V. V. Giri has tabled an adjournment motion regarding the progressive deterioration in the condition of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and the unsatisfactory nature of the reply given by the Government yesterday regarding his health.—United Press.

HUNGER-STRIKE OF 8,000 RAILWAYMEN

SIMLA, Sept. 1.

Information has been received in Simla that the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Workshop employees numbering 8,000 observed a peaceful hunger-strike yesterday at Kharagpur within the shop between 11 a.m. and 12-30 p.m. as a protest against the refusal of the Chief Mechanical Engineer and Agent to give them an interview regarding the cancellation of short-time working for over five years.

Mr. V. V. Giri, M.L.A., who received a telegram yesterday to the above effect, it is understood, is tabling a short-notice question on the subject and may move an adjournment motion in the Assembly, if necessary.—United Press.

Calcutta Champions Beaten

K. S. L. I. ENTER FINAL OF ROVERS FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT

The King's Shropshire Light Infantry from Kemptee earned the right to figure in the final of the Rovers' Cup, when they defeated the Mahomedan Sporting, the Calcutta champions, by the odd goal in three on Tuesday evening. It was a great game replete with thrills and there was never a dull moment throughout. The Shropshires were deserving winners as they were decidedly on top throughout, and they would have won by a much larger margin if it was not for the magnificent goal-keeping of Osman. Furthermore the referee did not notice Juma Khan handling the ball in the penalty area in the second period of the game.

OUTSTANDING PLAYER

Noor Mohamed was the only player for the Mahomedans who played well, but he was well marked and seldom given any chance of feeding his forwards. Nevertheless, he did his best and was responsible for the only goal scored for his side. If Noor Mohamed played well then Osman played better, for he was the outstanding player on the field, and he was the man chiefly responsible for keeping the score down. On the other hand the K. S. L. I. played fine as a team, excelling the Mahomedans in every department, and it would be unfair to choose any few players for special mention.

THE GAME.

Straight from the kick-off the Shropshires went in great style, and on two occasions took the ball up into the opponent's territory, but could not come within striking distance. The Shropshires were having better of the game from the start and the Mahomedans' goal underwent hot pressure. Then Osman brought off a fine save, by throwing himself at Derrick, thus preventing what would have been a certain goal.

QUICK GOALS.

Then for the first time play was transferred to the opposite area, but did not stay long there, for in the next minute a fine run by Hale saw that player send in a fine pass to Cooper, who had Osman beaten with a terrific shot in the 10th minute of the game. In the very next minute the Shropshires went further ahead, this time Pope being responsible. Hale sent in a long pass just near the goal mouth, Osman ran out but he collided with Juma Khan, thus missing the ball completely. Pope got possession of the ball, however, and placed the ball into an empty net. Spurred on by this success the Shropshires made raids one after another, and then Juma Khan was responsible for intercepting a shot from Derrick.

MAHOMEDANS UNLUCKY

Then for the second time play was transferred to the Shropshires' area. Sattar took the ball right up the line and passed to Rahim, but the latter was unfortunate to strike the cross bar. From now on the Mahomedans played better and for the next few minutes the ball was in the opponents' area; but not within snooting distance. Then Rahim made a great blunder by shooting straight at Chidlow, when he could easily place the ball in the corner of the net. Try hard as they could the Mahomedans could not reduce the lead and at the interval were still down by two goals.

Straight from the kick-off after the interval, a fine movement on the part of the Mahomedans ended in Aktar hesitating from only a few yards out, thus giving time for one of the defenders to intercept. Then a free kick was awarded a little away from the penalty area, against the Shropshires, Noor Mohamed took the kick, and for the second time the Mahomedans were unlucky, for the ball went out after striking against the cross bar. At this stage Shafi was spoken to by the referee for dangerous play.

MAHOMEDANS SCORE

For a time play was confined to mid-field, finally the Shropshires got going and fine movement by the Shropshires was intercepted by Juma Khan by handling in the penalty area. Juma Khan was however lucky as the referee did not notice it. Play was then transferred to the other area where a free kick was once again given against the Shropshires. Noor Mohamed took the kick, and this time did no mistake in placing the ball in the corner of the net, two minutes before the end. Straight from the resultant kick-off the Mahomedans tried their best to get the equalizer, but to no avail, and the end saw them losers by the odd goal in three.

RESULT

King's Shropshire Light Infantry 2 goals.

Mahomedan Sporting .. 1 goal.

TEAMS

K. S. L. I.:—Chidlow; Round and Weston; Blanchard, Friday and Scott; Hale, Cooper, Derrick, Dunn and Pope.

MAHOMEDAN SPORTING:—

Osman; Shafi and Juma Khan; Nassim, Noor Mohd. and Bachi Khan; Sattar, Rahim, Aktar, Saboo and Abbas.

REFEREE:—Mr. Hudson.

To-day's 2nd Semi-final:—King's Regiment vs. Lincoln's, Cooperage, 5-40 p.m.

The public should well note that the W. I. F. A. Ltd., have reduced the prices of admission for the semi-final and the final of the Rovers' Tournament. The prices are as follows:—

MEMBERS' STAND:—Members

Rs. 1-2; Non-members Rs. 1-8.

PUBLIC STAND:—Rs. 1-2; Public stand (Spectators) As. 6; East side As. 6; South side As. 3.

Mr. Warty For Bombay Assembly

Mr. S. G. Warty, M.A. is standing for election to the Bombay Legislative Assembly from the Bombay North and Bombay Suburban District Constituency, in the coming elections under the new Constitution.

FLOOD RELIEF IN BALIA CITY

(From A Correspondent.)

BALLIA CITY, Sept. 1.

The Central Flood Relief Committee, on receiving subscription from distant places like Peshawar has helped about 200 villages and about 50,000 people with food and fodder through six centres. 4,000 men need daily help until the next harvest. 4,000 kambals are needed for free distribution. To save in needy from cold, the problem of housing demands immediate attention. Because grain stored under ground being spoiled and washed away farmers cry for seeds.

The Government should grant full remission, distribute tagavi liberally lend money without interest mostly gratis for building houses and sowing fields. The Committee is handicapped of funds, so public should help us to continue relief, contributing handsomely to relief fund.

NO RAINS IN BARODA

(From Our Correspondent.)

BARODA, Aug. 31.

Weather is dry, there are no signs of rain and the sky is clear. So farmers are anxious about their crops.

SPECIALY SELECTED FOR YOUR HOLIDAYS



FRIDAY NEXT

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Book Now 'Ph. 41561 or Roses'

YELLOW BLADE



Chamberlain's Cough Remedy breaks up the congestion that causes coughs and colds. Swollen membranes soon become normal, the air passages are cleared, you breathe freely, easily, once again. Chamberlain's contains no harmful drugs. It is entirely safe for infants and children as well as for adults. Pleasant tasting, too!

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What others could do in DECADES
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has achieved in six years!
Second Valuation **BONUS**
Whole Life Policies Rs. 66/-
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Menstrual Disorders of all kinds; Painful Menstruation; Irregular and Absence or Suppression of Menses; Whites; Inflammation, Displacement and falling of Uterus; Sterility; Hysteria; Unhealthy colour of the discharge; Scanty or Excessive flow; and a host of other disorders peculiar to women are cured by
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Agents for Bombay: P. M. ZAVERI & CO., Princess Street, Bombay.

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It doesn't count with me!
I know...
It's an advertisement.
You don't know what this sort of thinking costs you. If you could only really know what a Hot Spring is, you would think otherwise. Enquire to-day.
SHIVAJI WORKS LTD.
P.O. TIKERKARWADI (S. INDIA).

"FREQUENT DIZZY SPELLS FRIGHTENED ME..."
"I felt dizzy after nearly every meal—suffered severe pains too. I was miserable, nervous, rundown."
UNTIL I LEARNED TO CORRECT ACID STOMACH
"My doctor told me it was a case of too much acid in the stomach—advised Phillips' Milk of Magnesia to neutralize it..."
"Now I enjoy my food thoroughly without fear of dizziness or pain. Feel so much better too—rested, relaxed, vigorous."
GAS PAINS, heartburn, headaches, biliousness and constipation often are the result of too much acid in the stomach. Phillips' Milk of Magnesia quickly counteracts stomach acids. Aids digestion. Keeps the entire intestinal tract "sweet" and clean. Restores normal health.
How To Correct Acid Stomach...
Take two teaspoonfuls of Phillips' Milk of Magnesia in a glass of water the first thing every morning. Take another teaspoonful half an hour after each meal and one more teaspoonful at bedtime. This will keep your stomach "sweet" and free from acid pains.
For economy buy the large size bottle
PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA
CONTAINS OVER 75% MILK OF MAGNESIA
Phillips' MAGNESIA Tooth Paste Try it! FOR WHITER TEETH

COMPANIES LAW AMENDMENT BILL

(Continued from Page 6)
said, which can hardly be viewed with equanimity, calls for a careful examination of the situation with a view to the discovery of some means which will enable a more faithful picture to be presented than is possible by means of the ordinary balance sheet and profit and loss account and the directors' report accompanying the same.

The Alternative

Fluctuations in trade, the inexorable laws of supply and demand and the vacillations of the financial barometer make the period of the annual "rest" too short to portray effectively the variations in the value of a business—but where lies the alternative?

Life assurance companies have a quinquennial valuation when experts examine and report on the position of the business. Would it not be possible for commercial experts similarly to examine and report on the value of commercial and industrial concerns each five years, their report being supplemental to, and not in place of, the balance sheets now presented by the directors and certified by the auditors?

When a large company gets into financial difficulties these experts are called in to diagnose the case; but why wait until a severe operation is necessary when a periodical examination would in many instances result, not only in the true facts being known, but also, where some disease in management is present in the cause being removed before too late?

Its Advantages

The advantages of the periodical valuation would be:—

1. Fixed assets would be valued for the purpose of the report at their true earning power instead of on a hypothetical basis as at present.
2. Comparison of the earning power in relation to the actual capital could be made with other concerns in the same industry.
3. Shareholders would be educated to the fact that the true worth of fixed assets depended on earning power only.
4. The "danger signal" in case of bad management would be hoisted.
5. Efficiency and economy in production would be encouraged.
6. Real business experts for each type of business would come into existence, competent to advise on the causes of failure and the steps to be taken to put the business on a proper basis to earn profits.
7. The "guinea pig" and "friend of the family" type of director would in time be eliminated.

Need For Change

Modern conditions in commerce and industry necessitate a type of investigation different from the existing one by the auditors to enable a proper perspective to be obtained, and to remove the risk which now exists of shareholders, happy in the existence of reserves, and with sublime confidence that the valuation placed upon assets in the balance sheet is a proper one, suddenly realising that their capital has been lost without any preliminary warning other than the "passing" of dividends.

The ramifications of international competition make or destroy the value of individual business units far more rapidly than formerly; the incessant development of new methods of production, and the discoveries following chemical and scientific research, revolutionise year by year our manufacturing methods. Is it not, therefore, desirable that periodically the business as a whole should be reviewed from an independent angle so that these, to whom it belongs, may have some real idea of the true value of their holding and not live in a "fool's paradise" until too late? Some directors are also like politicians—they are afraid to disclose unpalatable news—but if a periodic independent survey of the business were made, they would be compelled to be less secretive and to face the facts of the position before too late.

It will be admitted on all hands that the necessity and urgency of tightening up the Law governing joint stock companies and freeing it from the fundamental defects to which attention has been called in this and the previous Articles by enacting a Section on the lines of Section 8 of the Indian Life Assurance Companies Act, 1912 (Act VI of 1912) for granting the shareholders the much needed protection in that behalf, can neither be avoided nor postponed.
(To Be Continued.)

A message from Jacobabad says that about a hundred persons have been remanded to custody on suspicion, by the police, in connection with a recent burglary in the Dandol village.

"ALLEVIATING LOT OF JOURNALISTS"

Calcutta Association's Scheme For Benefit Of Members.

CALCUTTA. (By Mail). The Indian Journalists' Association (Calcutta) with the surplus of the All-India Journalists' Conference Fund at its hand, earmarked for employment for the benefit of journalists in distress, has finally adopted the following recommendation of the sub-committee appointed to evolve a suitable scheme. The scheme was approved by the Executive Council of the Association and adopted at a general meeting of the Association on the 23rd August, 1936.

The recommendations of the sub-committee are:—

"We have examined the question of using the existing fund of about Rs. 1,000 as a nucleus for the press benefit fund on a non-contributory basis. The amount is very small and the maximum return from it can be Rs. 40 per year. Unless some amount of money, say Rs. 335 is collected every year to supplement the interest income, the resources will be inadequate. We believe this additional amount can be collected every year.

"We propose the following benefits (A.) In case of death of any member, a contribution of Rs. 250 in one instalment to the widow or the children or parents of the deceased. Provided that a convention is established that in case of death of each member every other member shall contribute Re. 1 to this fund. (B.) In case of unemployment, a monthly contribution of Rs. 15 be given until re-employed, but not for more than three months; provided further that during one year not more than three persons will get this benefit and no person will get benefit for more than once during the same year.

These benefits should be available to only members of at least two years' standing, and provided the member concerned was not in arrears of subscription for over six months at the time of death or unemployment.

Assuming that there will be one death every year and three cases of unemployment every year, we shall require Rs. 385 every year.

Funds should be raised in the following manner:—
Income interest ... Rs. 40
Contribution from the Association at 10 per cent. on subscription receipt ... Rs. 60
Subscription by death-calls and charity show, etc., ... Rs. 285
Total ... Rs. 385

The fund should be managed by a strong Board of Trustees who should be elected for three years and who would frame bye-laws.—United Press.

Starting Journalists' Association In Baroda

(From Our Correspondent) BARODA, Aug. 26. The work of starting a journalists' association at Baroda is receiving encouraging support day by day. Mr. Bhikhalal B. Kapse, Provisional Secretary of the proposed association, has invited opinions of about three dozen journalists in the city and outside. The small committee is meeting on August 30 to discuss the draft of constitution and suggestions thereon. The speech of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru before the Bombay Journalists has given fillip to the work.

If such journalists' associations are formed at places like Surat, Dohad, Baroda, Ahmedabad, etc., the scheme of starting a Gujarat Journalists' Association will also be taken up at its proper time.

COUNTERFEIT CURRENCY CASE

Accused Deny Charges

(From Our Correspondent.) HYDERABAD, August 31. The case against accused for manufacturing counterfeit currency notes was taken up to-day by the Criminal Sessions of the Hyderabad High Court, which was packed with spectators. After reading the charges framed against the accused by the First City Magistrate, Mr. Justice Nawab Nazir Yar Jung Bahadur, recorded the statements of all the accused. They denied the charges levelled against them.

Mr. Fazl Rasul Khan, the investigating officer next gave evidence when the court adjourned. It will be recalled that the accused were arrested on the fourth June and committed to sessions on the eleventh August.

COMMITTEE FOR AFTAB HALL

Aligarh 'Varsity Executive Decisions

ALIGARH. (By Mail). A meeting of the Executive Council of the Aligarh Muslim University was held on 23 August last at 8-30 a.m. in the Council room.

The following decisions were made:—
The Council approved of the draft Statute that the ex-Vice-Chancellors should be ex-Officio Members of the Council.

The Council appointed representatives of the University to attend the Economic Congress at Agra and Philosophical Congress at Delhi in December, 1936.

The Council also approved of the recommendations of the Academic Council that two law lecturers should be appointed. The selection will be made in the month of October next.

COMMITTEE FOR AFTAB HALL. A committee was appointed at the last meeting to report on the Aftab Hall. The convenor, the Hon. M. Justice Chaudhri Niamatullah said that he did not have sufficient time to present the report at the meeting. The report of the committee will be presented at the next meeting of the council.

The Council considered the question of Waqf made by the late Zafar Hasan Khan Saheb of Bilonia and it was decided that the Vice-Chancellor and the treasurer in consultation with the legal adviser of the University and the legal advisors of the Nadwatul Ulama of Lucknow, Darul Uloom of Deoband and Anjuman Hima-yat Islam, Lahore, should take suitable legal action.

The Council approved of the recommendations of the Vice-Chancellor that furniture should be supplied to the students on behalf of the University, but that experiment should first be made in the school and in Aftab Hall.

The Vice-Chancellor was authorised to take legal proceedings against any paper publishing libellous articles against the University or of any officer of the University.

The legal adviser of the University is being consulted on certain articles.

The treasurer was authorised to pay all the liabilities of the Book Depot and the University Press.

WATER SUPPLY. The Vice-Chancellor was authorised to negotiate with Khan Bahadur Ghazanfarullah Khan about the water supply in the University.

It was decided to open a surgical branch of the Tibbiya College in the town with the object of providing surgical training to the students of the Tibbiya College.

The letter of the Vice-Chancellor regarding the strike was laid before the Executive Council together with the proceedings of the Academic Council. It was decided that the report of the sub-committee appointed by the Academic Council should also be laid before the Executive Council and this Committee was authorised to take such action as it may deem fit in connection with the administration in Irwin Circle (V. M. Hall) on behalf of the Executive Council. It was also decided that the Christmas and Eid holidays should be curtailed in view of the extra holidays this year. The University will remain open during the Christmas week except Christmas Day and New Year's day.

SIND HINDUS OUT TO WORK REFORMS

HYDERABAD (Sind), Aug. 30. "The Congress policy of non-co-operation and the creation of deadlocks in the legislatures is impracticable so far as the Hindus of Sind are concerned. Their interests have often been sacrificed by the Congress in furtherance of its All-India aims. And they are not likely to benefit in future from its programme."

Thus states the draft of the Sind Hindu Sabha election manifesto which is to be considered by a conference of Hindu leaders and candidates to be held at Hyderabad to-day.

The manifesto continues that that the representatives of the Hindu Sabha will try to work the Constitution and seek to improve it by all constitutional means. While keeping this aim in mind they will see that the interests of the Hindus do not suffer under the new regime.

The Hindu Sabha party will co-operate with other groups with a view to improve the condition of the people of Sind.—United Press.

New English Daily For Karachi

KARACHI, August 29. An English daily called the "Karachi Daily" will be coming out from Karachi from the 1st of September, 1936, under the editorship of Dr. J. Lalvani, a Congress leader of Karachi.—United Press.


Babies thrive on JOY-WEET
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JOY-WEET for BABIES and CHILDREN. Child and baby welfare specialists agree that Wheat is one of the best cereals to be added to baby's diet at weaning time. JOY-WEET is a whole wheat food, very easy to digest and assimilate. When prepared according to directions on the packet, it makes an excellent milk diluent for babies over six months, or a nourishing gruel for babies at weaning time and for older babies. Children love JOY-WEET with milk, fruit, butter, honey, cream, or jam.
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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 11 POINTS UP

Silver And Wheat Strong But Jute Steady

On Tuesday crossrates moved slightly downward. NEW YORK COTTON FIRM. New York cotton continued to improve on reports of crop deterioration in the west. The closing tone was firm. SILVER STRONG. London gold was quiet but silver was strong. WHEAT BETTER. Wheat was better on slightly unfavourable weather report. Jute and rubber were steady. SECURITIES IN BETTER DEMAND. The London Stock Exchange was more active. Giltedged securities were in better demand. Wall Street was irregular.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

October 1936	New York, Sept. 1.
Previous closing	11.36
Today's opening	11.46
Difference	+1.10
Today's closing	11.47
Difference	+0.11

LIVERPOOL COTTON

October 1936	Liverpool, Sept. 1.
Previous closing	6.18
Today's opening	6.20
Difference	+0.02
Today's closing	6.22
Difference	+0.04

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May	Rs. 211
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N. Y. COTTON MARKET

Cotton continued to improve on reports of crop deterioration in the west with a tendency to reduce crop estimates. There was a good deal of trade and foreign buying which readily absorbed scattered hedging and liquidation. Meanwhile, traders are adopting a waiting attitude pending the release of next bureau report. Operations in October began today at 11.46 i.e. 10 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and trade and foreign buying influenced by unfavourable weather reports with October rising to 11.46 but thereafter the demand slowed down but the undertone kept steady. New York cotton finally closed at 11.47 with a rise of 11 points for October delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Sept. 1.	The following were the opening ranges:
October (11.35/11.33)	11.46/11.46
December (11.30/11.28)	11.35/11.34
January (11.42/11.42)	11.60/11.60

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Sept. 1.	The following were the rates at 12.15 p.m.:
American October (6.16)	6.20
American December (6.11)	6.13
Egyptian October (6.13)	6.19
Egyptian November (6.35)	6.39

BOMBAY COTTON

Broach cotton for April/May delivery moved between Rs. 210.5 and Rs. 211 at night. The rate at 10.0 p.m. was Rs. 211 with New York future 12 points up at that time.

LONDON MARKETS

The rates at 3.30 p.m. were as follows:
Tin (4188 3/4 buyers 4189 sellers. Firm.) 188 3/8 buyers 188 5/8 sellers. Barely steady.
Lead (417 1/8 sellers. No buyers. Barely steady.) 416 15/16 buyers 417 1/16 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (412 3/4 to 413 1/4)
1/4 412 3/4 to 413 1/4
Glasgow Iron (473) 478

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2)	0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (2-6)	1-1 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4)	0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-10)	1-10

JUTE

New Crop September October (417 1/4 sellers)	417 3/8
Old Crop August (420 1/2)	420 1/4 sellers
Lightning August (419)	418 3/4 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (7 5/8 buyers)	7 11/16 paid and buyers.
Forward (7 11/16 buyers)	7 3/4 paid and buyers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay Sept-Oct. (417 1/8 sellers)	417 1/8
Linseed Calcutta Sept-Oct. (413 11/16 sellers)	413 3/8
Linseed La Plata September (411 7/8 sellers)	411 3/4
Groundnuts Comorand October (416 1/4 sellers)	416

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations	Bombay, Sept. 1.
Wheat September	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January 1937	4 14 6
Linseed September	4 15 0
Linseed May 1937	7 10 9
The tone was quiet.	7 8 0

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations	T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
Previous closing	5.03 5/32
Today's opening	5.03 9/32
Today's rate at the time of New York cotton closing	5.03 1/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

Latest Quotations	T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
Previous closing	5.03 3/16
Today's opening	5.03 1/8
Today's closing	5.03 3/16
Difference	+0.01 1/8

FRANC RATE

Latest Quotations	FRANC RATE
Previous closing	76.13
Today's opening	76.40
Today's closing	76.41
Difference	+0.01

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Sept. 1. London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.03 1/8 and then advanced to 5.03 3/16 on better support with a fairly steady tendency. The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 5.03 5/16. Franc opened at 76.40 and then eased to 76.43 on lack of speculative interest. The sterling franc crossrate closed at 76.44.

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Sept. 1.	The following cable information was received from London to-night:
"India bought, China sold. Market steady."	

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 1.	Spot	Forward
19 9/16d.	19 11/16d.	19 9/16d.
19 9/16d.	19 11/16d.	19 9/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 1.	Gold per fine ounce (46-18-3)	46-18-2 1/2
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DISCOUNTS

London, Sept. 1.	3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent)	9/16
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent)	9/16	
5 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cent)	5/8	
3/4 per cent		

CROSS RATES

London, Sept. 1.	London on Bombay (4-6 1/8)	4-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (5/6 5/8)	5/7 1/8	
New York on Bombay (38/60)	38/60	
Berlin on Bombay (0/4 3/8)	0/4 1/2	
London on Milan (63/33)	63/33	
London on Shanghai (1-2 13/32)	1-2 13/32	
London on Kobe (1-2 1/16)	1-2 1/16	

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Sept. 1.	Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 1.09. Prices advanced on scattered local buying and some covering influenced by slightly unfavourable weather reports.
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LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Sept. 1.	Liverpool wheat opened easy with October at 86 1/8 and December at 81. Prices showed a tendency to ease under scattered selling and liquidation influenced by less favourable outside cables.
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BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations	Bombay, Sept. 1.
Silver ready	49 0 6
Silver 1st settlement	49 1 0
Silver 2nd settlement	49 2 0
Gold ready	34 3 6
Gold 1st settlement	34 3 9
Gold 2nd settlement	34 4 0
Sovereigns	21 14 6 quoted.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Sept. 1. The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed today at 499 3/4 as against previous close at 499 5/8.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Sept. 1. 3.30 p.m. Giltedged were steady to firm. Home Industrials were generally rather flat. Tea shares were good otherwise markets were generally quiet and price movements rather irregular.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (485 1/2)	485 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (4107 1/8)	4107 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (4109 3/4)	4109 3/4
5 per cent Indian Loan (4118 1/2)	4118 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (4107 1/4)	4107 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (4115)	4115

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (20-5)	20-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ord (24 1/2)	24 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 7 1/2)	dol 7 1/8
Musical Industries (23-7 1/2)	23-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (40-1 1/2)	40-1 1/2
Imperial Chemical (39-9)	39-9
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (9-9)	9-9
Woolworth New Ford (149-4 1/2)	149-4 1/2
Realisation 1930 (491)	493 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (36-3)	36-3
Unilever Ordinary (34-3)	34-3
Ford Motors (32-9)	32-3
Cables and Wireless (26 1/8)	26 1/8
British American Tobacco (122-6)	122-9
Caracas A (49 1/2)	49 5/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (168 1/4)	168 3/4
P and O S N Company Debt (25-9)	26-9
Distillers (107-6)	108-9
Broadford Dyes (7-6)	7-6
British Celanese (11-1 1/2)	11-1 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (53-6)	53-7
Courtauld's Ordinary (22-5)	23-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (7-10 1/2)	7-10 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (33-0)	33-0
Inter Nickels (43-7 1/8)	43-7 1/2
Div.	
Bengal Iron and Steel (9-0)	9-0
Tata Iron and Steel (2104)	2104

INDIAN LOANS

London, Sept. 1.	3 per cent New Indian Loan (4102)	4103 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian (429 1/2)	429 3/4	
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (430-5)	430-5	
4 1/2 per cent 1936-38 (4118 3/4)	4118 3/4	
4 per cent Indian 1942-47 (4115)	4115	
3 1/2 per cent New Indian (1943-47)	4104-53	
Miscellaneous—Burma corporation 7/10 cum div. Borakpur electric 5/4, Hukmchand electric 10/10, Patna electric 19/2 small lot, Shahjahanpur electric 9/8, Bengal iron 6/3, Burnand steel 11/7, Hindustan Insurance 7/8, Refrigerators (India) Ltd. 15/10 small lot, Walford Transport 2/3.		
Sugars—Carew and Company 24/2 cum div. small lot, new savan 14/4 cum div.		
Tea—Patrikula ord. 884/8, Rutema 8/8 small odd lot, New Decara 6/0 small odd lot.—A. P.		

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (20-0)	20-6
Donara Tea (45-0)	47-6
Empire of India Ceylon (28-9)	30-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-0)	23-0
Gula Kelampayan (28-1 1/2)	28-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-0)	32-0

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (410)	410
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MINING SHARES

Nandy (60-7 1/2)	61-3
Burma Corporation (10-4 1/2)	10-4 1/2
Rio Tinto (413 3/8)	413 3/8
East Rand Proprietors (67-6)	68-3
Rand Innam (29 1/8)	29 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (415 1/8)	415 1/8
Geduld New (410 3/8)	410 3/8
New Modders (40-7 1/2)	40-6
Sub Nigel (412 1/8)	412 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (39-4 1/2)	39-4 1/2
Union Corporation (29 1/4)	29 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (40-0)	40-0
Anglo Iranian (88-9)	89-4 1/2
Burma Oil (36-3)	36-3
Mexican Eagle (28-10 1/2)	28-10 1/2
Shell Transport (4105)	4108 1/8
Royal Dutch (438)	438 3/8

HOME HAIL SHARES

Great Western (430 1/4)	430 1/4
L and S Ordinary (428)	428
L N E R Def (46 3/4)	46 3/4
Southern Dutch (223)	223
London Paris 5 per cent (4135)	4135
London Transport 'C' Stock (4106 1/4)	4106 1/4

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

The following were the opening rates:	New York, Sept. 1.
General Motor (dol 68 1/8)	dol 67 1/8
Anacosta Copper Mining (dol 39 1/4)	dol 38 7/8
U S Steel Common (dol 70 5/8)	dol 70 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 135)	unquoted.

EXCITEMENT IN KAFFIR SHARES

Chinese Bonds Lower

LONDON, Sept. 1. On the Stock Exchange there was some excitement in Kaffirs towards the close following rumours about the Cape cable reporting landslide in the Venterspost mine otherwise markets generally were quietly firm with some good features. Chinese bonds were lower on the decision of the Hopei Chahar political council to impose separate duties.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1937 delivery. (Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Wednesday (9th September). Successful tenders should make payment on Saturday, the 12th September 1936. Other conditions are as usual.

JUTE SHARES STEADY

Calcutta, Sept. 1. Jute kept remarkably steady but business was on a limited scale. The undertone in jute continued firm and moderate business was put through. Teas were steady with fair turnover. Miscellaneous revealed no fresh feature. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities—Two and threefourth per cent new loan 1945 32 10/15, three and a half per cent Government paper 39 11/16, three per cent Government paper 39 10/16, three and a half per cent loan 1947 50 10/12, four per cent loan 1947 50 10/12, four and a half per cent loan 1956 66 11/13, small lot, five per cent loan 1959 74 10/12, four per cent Punjab bonds 1948 111 1/8 small lot.	
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Banks—Central 34 1/4, Imperial conty 39 1/8 small lot, Reserve 134 1/4.

COALS FIRM AND TEAS STEADY

Calcutta, Sept. 1. Elgin mills ord. 111. Coals—Bengal 289/8 Katras Jheriah 18/8.

Jutes—Anglo-India 405/8, Bally 191/4, Indian Standard Time and temperature 80.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.92 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.72 inches. For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Weather Remark—Rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 1-9-36. At 8.7 a.m. local time (8.46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 80.5 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.92 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.72 inches. For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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DEPRESSION WEAKENS Monsoon Gains Strength In Central India

SPECULATIVE BUYING IN N. Y. COTTON MARKET

Bureau Report Expected Bullish

SCATTERED SHOWERS IN DROUGHT AREA

BOMBAY, September 1.
On Monday the New York cotton futures market was fairly steady on renewed speculative buying influenced by small crop estimates. Only scattered showers are reported over drought area.

The New York cotton futures market opened barely steady on Monday with moderately active trading and then turned hesitant early in the session owing to hedge selling. But later advanced on continued trade price-fixing and moderate speculative buying in the absence of sufficient moisture in the drought area and too much rain in South Texas.

Prices thereafter reacted partially on increased hedging. Spot demand was generally slow but considerable cotton was moving on old contracts. Finally trade buying appeared. Expectations of a lower Bureau report influenced speculative buying. The market being liquidated, prices may improve few points further in the near future, but we think chances favour lower prices particularly during the marketing period.

Messrs. Schwabach and Co. estimate crop 12,100,000 bales against their estimate of 11,830,000 bales last month. Thus they show an increase of about 3 lac bales but Messrs. Clement Curtis and Co. estimate crop 11,680,000 bales against 12,125,000 bales last month, showing a decrease of about 5 lac bales. From this it will be seen that one authority takes another favourable during the last month while the other estimate indicates crop deterioration. August is always a misleading month. In this month generally the crop loses ground but provision is also made of such decrease in previous report. So on the whole the deterioration does not seem to be abnormal and we believe the crop looks like 12 million bales.

The New York cotton futures market opened at a rise of 3 points with October 11.33 and registered a rise of 10 points on active speculative buying and October was quoted 11.43 which was the highest level. Later on under Southern hedge selling prices declined 12 points and October was quoted 11.31 which was the lowest level for the day. Later there was some trade buying and the market closed at a net rise of 6 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 11.76c per lb. The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 4 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 11.72c per lb.

TRADING IN COTTON

The local cotton market will remain open from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. on the 5th instant and from 7.30 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. on the 19th inst.

lowest level for the day. Later there was some trade buying and the market closed at a net rise of 6 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 6 points at 11.76c per lb. The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 4 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 11.72c per lb.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of one point with October 6.14. Deterioration in Western Belt had bullish influence with Bombay and local buying which met with occasional hedging. Later prices eased on hedge selling but recovered on trade calling and short covering in sympathy with New York. The market closed steady at a rise of 5 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined one point at 6.80c per lb.

East Indian cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 3 points. At the close October was quoted 5.10, January 5.08 and March 5.08.

Egyptian cotton futures ring was fairly steady. Sakels futures closed 6 to 9 points up with Spot cotton 3 points higher at 10.23. Uppers futures closed one to three points better but spot cotton prices declined 12 points at 7.65c per lb.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was quiet with scattered selling in a narrow market. Sakels futures closed 14 to 16 points down and Ashmouni futures declined 10 to 1 point.

PRIVATE CABLES.
New York cable:—
Our estimate is 12,100,000 bales. Condition 64.3 per cent. Yield 193.8 pounds. There are distinct indications of speculative interests buying this afternoon. Market at present seems well liquidated. Think a temporary advance possible.

Messrs. Chunnil Mehta and Co. have received the following cable from Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co. New York cable:—

Our estimate is 12,100,000 bales. Condition 64.3 per cent. Yield 193.8 pounds. There are distinct indications of speculative interests buying this afternoon. Market at present seems well liquidated. Think a temporary advance possible.

Messrs. Chunnil Mehta and Co. have received the following cable from Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co. New York cable:—

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Private Estimate

Messrs. Schwabach and Co.'s estimate crop 12,100,000 bales against their estimate of 11,830,000 bales last month. Thus they show an increase of about 3 lac bales but Messrs. Clement Curtis and Co. estimate crop 11,680,000 bales against 12,125,000 bales last month, showing a decrease of about 5 lac bales. From this it will be seen that one authority takes another favourable during the last month while the other estimate indicates crop deterioration. August is always a misleading month. In this month generally the crop loses ground but provision is also made of such decrease in previous report. So on the whole the deterioration does not seem to be abnormal and we believe the crop looks like 12 million bales.

ing cable information from their foreign friends:—
Liverpool.—Market quiet and steady. Liquidation October. Improved New York cables. Market awaiting Bureau. Expected to be bullish.

Liverpool.—Market is without any special feature but crop accounts continue bad. Scattered showers have fallen but not heavy enough to do good. Clearing weather predicted. The market will be governed for the present by weather reports.

New York.—Dry weather doing serious harm. Recommend buying. Think market low enough. Report expected to be distinctly bullish.

New York.—Good support below the market. A few light showers and lower temperatures in North-West. Tendency to reduce crop estimates. Do not think market will change much either way for the near future.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from New York Cotton Exchange Service:—

Reports indicate total crop prospect very substantially reduced last month due losses in West, but export outlook not promising due European conditions and indications of larger foreign supply. America: Mill activity very high.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Aug. 31.

October 11.36+06

December 11.44+05

January 11.44+05

March 11.50+05

May 11.54+03

July 11.54+03

Middling spot 11.76+03

ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Aug. 31.

October 11.32+04

December 11.37+04

January 11.38+04

Middling spot 11.72+04

11-00 A.M. RANGES

October 11.39/11.39

December 11.46/11.46

January 11.49/11.49

NOON CALL

October 11.40

December 11.45

January Nil

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Aug. 31.

Bales.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports 30,000

Day's Exports to greater Britain 9,000

Day's Exports to the Continent 7,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Aug. 31.

September 6.22

October 6.18+05

November 6.12+04

December 6.12+04

January 6.13+05

February 6.13+05

March 6.14+05

April 6.14+05

May 6.14+05

June 6.13+05

July 6.13+05

August 6.03+05

Middling spot 6.60+01

10-12 A.M. QUOTATIONS

October 6.16

January 6.12

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Sept 1

Following a rise of 6 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened today at Rs. 209 1/2 for Broach A M delivery and advanced to Rs. 210 4/0 on scattered buying. Later on there was some realising which eased off prices to Rs. 210. Business was restricted and fluctuations were narrow. Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 2 points on parity with overnight New York advices but the market opened steady at a rise of 2 points. The local market ruled very steady with Broach A M quoted at Rs. 209 1/2. The market finally closed at 5.30 p.m. as under:—
Broach A M 210 4 0
Broach D J 187 8 0
Bengal D J 182 12 0

Cotton Arrivals

Receipts into Bombay on 29th August 257.

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935. 3,168,577.

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,494,739. Increase 675,838.

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: October 155; January 137, May 129 at Cross Rate 5/8 5/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 209 1/2 Liverpool May 6 1/2 Rs. 56 1/2 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 209 1/2 New York May 11 3/4 Rs. 45 at Cross Rate 5/8 5/32

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Sept 1

September 205.70

November (200.30) 200.60+30

December (199.10) 199.50+70

January 199.20

March 198.20

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Aug. 31

Broach A/M 1937 opening 210; highest 210 1/2; lowest 209 1/2; closing 209 1/2

Osaka D/J opening 187 3/4; highest 188; lowest 186 3/4; closing 186 3/4

Bengal D/J opening 154 1/4; highest 154 1/4; lowest 152 3/4; closing 152 3/4

Tejmandi for Broach A/M Settlement (21-9-36) Rs. 6 1/2

Tejmandi for Broach A/M (21-9-37) Rs. 21 3/4

U. S. Weather Forecast

Eastern Belt: Unsettled and cloudy.

Central Belt: Unsettled and cloudy.

Western Belt: Light rains.

FORECAST:—

Eastern Belt: Cloudy, unsettled.

Central Belt: Cloudy and warmer.

Western Belt: Cloudy and warmer.

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Since last Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

This Year Last Year

Khandesh 308,848 254,473

Central India 291,231 110,715

Barsi and Nagar 176,300 108,516

Hyderabad-Gaonari 41,660 46,892

Berar 344,040 403,738

Central Provinces 99,823 96,508

Total Omras 1,351,902 1,021,332

Dholer 335,935 196,518

N.W. Provinces 69,996 35,306

Rejputana 115,558 51,925

Sind-Punjab 473,626 333,373

Broach 418,597 138,575

Coompta and Dharwar 112,562 94,076

Western-Northern 78,565 74,629

Cocanada 201 455

Tinnevely & Cambodia 20,629 86,383

Persian 9 2,686

American 27,023 75,295

Egyptian 206,454 392,093

Cocanada, Burma and other sorts 462 1,155

Total 3,170,099 2,501,594

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 27th Aug.

In full-pressed Bales.

This Year Last Year

Europe 512,148 412,742

Japan and China 1,454,520 1,106,718

Coast ports 37,721 50,789

Up-country by Rail 225,398 297,194

Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan 11,442 6,129

Total 2,944,239 1,913,582

Argentine Linseed

Buenos Aires, Aug. 31

September 14.84-14

October 15.00-15

November 15.05-15

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Aug. 31

October 86 3/4d.

December 85 3/8d.

March 81 7/8d.

Tone: Firm.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Aug. 31

September 1.07 7/8c.

December 1.06 1/8c.

May 1.08 7/8c.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Sept 1

Yesterday London gold prices improved 1 1/2 penny to 25-18 1/2 and London-Paris Exchange rate was 2 points up at 76.43. Dollar Sterling cross rate was quoted 5.03 5/32. London silver market was quiet but steady with prices unchanged at 19 9/16d. There was some speculative selling which was taken up by Indian operators. It appears that local operators building up a long interest in London market. It is reported that American Government bought some silver in London market yesterday at 19 9/16d. Today being option settlement day the local silver market was steady with prices quoted slightly above Rs. 40. The gold market was quiet but steady with a limited turnover.

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Sept. 1.

Sup Fine FG Good

1st instant 231 227 224 220

Punjab-Ame. 230 225 222 222

Surat 234 230 227 223

Rajpala 261 257 254 250

Navsari 270 266 263 250

JAVA SUGAR-LONDON MARKET

London, Aug. 31

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25

C and P Calcutta per cwt 21.00

March April 21.00

C and F Bombay per cwt 21.00

March April 21.00

C and F Karachi per cwt 21.00

March April 21.00

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Aug. 31

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 7

LONDON SILVER

London, Aug. 31

Spot 19 9/16

Forward 19 9/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Aug. 31

Gold Bars Fine per oz 25-18 1/2

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Aug. 31

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 3/4 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Aug. 31

T T London on—

New York closing rate 5.03 5/32

Paris 166 1/2

Berlin 12.51

Madrid 166 1/2

Amsterdam 7.41 1/4

Brussels 29.81 1/2

Bombay 15.44

Prague 121.51

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Aug. 31

Messrs. Batilvala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

Amer Power and Light Com 14

Electric Bond Comm 23

Electric Bond 5 00 Pfd 72

Consolidated Gas Edison 44

Int Nickel of Canada 38 3/4

American Tel and Tel 17 1/4

Western Union Tel 66 3/4

New York Central 43 1/4

Erie R R 17

Northern Pacific Rly 27

Bethlehem Steel 67 1/2

United States Steel 70 1/4

Amr Water Works Com 25

**JUPITER
GENERAL**

Insurance Co., Ltd. has
its Head Office in Fort,
Bombay.

J11

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1936

**JUPITER
GENERAL**

has branches and agen-
cies in principal towns
in India.

J12

Hunger Marchers Besiege Sahukar's House

Satyagraha Offered Demand For Employ- ment Or Food

Opening Of Test Works Suggested

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NAGPUR, September 1.
An Akola message says recently about 100 unemployed field labourers encircled the house of a rich money-lender of Deolgaon Raj, and offered 'satyagraha' till such time as they were given either employment or food.

"FIRST OF ITS KIND"
The 'satyagraha' has caused a great sensation as it is the first of its kind in this place. Police officers have rushed to the village, and suggested that money-lenders and the Village Panchayat should open test work. Efforts at compromise are proceeding.

CHINESE FARMERS DESERTING HOMES

Seriousness Of Rural Disintegration Revealed By Survey

SHANGHAI, (By Mail).
A wholesale "drift-to-the-towns" by Chinese farmers who leave their homesteads in the provinces in the hope of starting life anew in urban surroundings is causing great anxiety to the Government.

Illustrating the seriousness of rural disintegration in China, approximately 2,000,000 farming households in 1,001 hsien (districts) have migrated to cities in recent years, according to a survey just completed.

Rural economic bankruptcy, the recurrence of natural catastrophes and the prevalence of banditry in the interior are said to be the chief causes for this movement.

The survey, which covered 22 provinces, revealed that 33 per cent. were independent farmers, 19 per cent. landlords, and 17 per cent. landless workers.

NEW EMPIRE AIR-MAIL SCHEME

KARACHI, Aug. 31.
The essence of the new Empire air mail scheme which is due to be inaugurated during 1937, is that it will replace the "surface" transport of all first class mail matter between the United Kingdom and Empire countries.

Negotiations between the various Governments are still being carried on, but they have advanced sufficiently to involve the building of 28 large flying boats and 12 land planes. This construction work, together with the selection and development of marine air bases is proceeding so

BRITISH LEGATION GUARD TO REMAIN

Work Of Detachment In Addis Ababa Highly Praised

SIMLA, Sept. 1.
The work of the Legation Detachment at Addis Ababa is described in a communique. It says that a total of 1,520 refugees, consisting of about 27 nationalities and communities, were accommodated in the Legation during the rioting and looting in Addis Ababa.

Certain Indian Nationals who did not take advantage of the protection offered in the camp and preferred to risk their lives in defence of their properties, were helped by occasional patrols and the supply of arms and ammunition. But for the assistance given by the Legation Guard, the loss of life among the foreigners might have been greater.

In the end the communique says that since the situation has not stabilised the guard will remain in Addis Ababa for the present to safeguard the lives and interests of the British and British Indian subjects in the Capital—A.P.

satisfactorily that it is stated that Imperial Airways hope to have two of the new flying boats operating in India next December to assist in dealing with the heavy Christmas loads.

The five times a week service, it is stated, will only operate between Great Britain and Calcutta. As regards the date of the commencement of the service, statements have appeared in the press that the change will be made in the spring 1937, but the Imperial Airways cannot confirm this date, though attempts are being made to that end.—United Press.



Mr. Laljee Pendse, the labour leader, addressing a public meeting held on Sunday evening on the Chaupatty Sands in connection with the "Spain Day."



Mr. Justice Amir Ali, of the Calcutta High Court, who proceeded to England by the Mail Boat on a holiday.

FOR RELIEF OF THE DISTRESSED

Instructions To Contributors

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 31.
Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, in the course of a statement to the Press issued to-day, asks people who have been sending to the A.I.C.C. Office clothes and other materials for flood relief not to do so, as it would involve additional expense in being forwarded to this affected areas.

He, therefore, suggests that they may send them direct to Baba Raghavdas, President of the District Congress Committee, Gorakhpur, which is the centre for flood relief work for the Eastern United Provinces.

Money contributions in this connection should be sent either to the Provincial Congress Committee Office, Lucknow or to the A.I.C.C. Office, Allahabad.—United Press.

Mere Scramble For Seats

Pandit Jawaharlal On Communal Problem

CAWNPORE, Aug. 31.
Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru unfurled the National Flag to-day in Shradhdhanand Park. Later at a mass meeting of students held under the presidency of Mr. Rajkumar Sinha, a welcome address and a purse of Rs. 421 were presented to the Congress President on behalf of the students of Cawnpore.

Replying to the address Panditji thanked the students for presenting him with the purse and welcome address. He deprecated the outward shows of students. The President drew pointed attention of students towards the big world problems of the day. As no one could ignore an earthquake, similarly students could not neglect the world events.

LESSON OF HISTORY
Panditji appealed to students to understand the world problems of the day which so immensely affected India as well. He asked them to remember the verdict of history that it was not the number that counted, but courage and intelligence.

Referring to the communal problem, the Congress President said that it had nothing to do with religion. The selfish desire of the Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs to get seats in the legislatures lay at the very root of the communal problem. It was their profession to beg for some seats. The communal ranks were very degrading. In all countries, progressive elements and reactionary forces were ranged against one another. These two forces were also struggling in India, in another form. If Imperialism was opposed to Indian Nationalism. Persons with their outlook, vision and culture should not be affected by communalism.

Panditji said that the political objective of India was freedom. Nationalism was the symbol of independence. The world had be-



Mr. Shiavax D. Chanda, a graduate of the Sir J.J. School of Art, sailed for England on Saturday last for higher studies in painting at the British Royal Academy.

JAIL OFFICIAL IN CAR ACCIDENT

Jubbulpore, Aug. 31.
Major A. S. Garewal, Superintendent, Central Jail, was motoring towards the Jail when his car incidentally skidded and dashed against an electric pole and was damaged beyond repairs.

Mr. Garewal escaped with minor injuries.—United Press.

Dr. K. L. Sonak, President of the Nagpur Taluka Congress Committee will probably stand as a candidate for election to the Assembly seat as a Congress candidate on behalf of 7 municipalities.

comes an international unit and indivisible. The problems of India could only be understood in their proper perspective if the world problems were, very carefully studied and analysed, and their effect judged.

Concluding Pandit Jawaharlal asked students to take active part in the struggle for the country's freedom.—United Press.

Famine Conditions In Orpad And Mandvi Distressed Villagers Think Of Hijarat

(From Our Correspondent.)

SURAT, August 30.

Shortage of rain is keenly felt in Orpad and Mandvi Talukas. Scarcity of fodder is so great that people are seriously thinking of migrating somewhere else.

The standing crops in the field are also withering out, and if there is no good downpour of rain within a week, complete famine conditions are likely to prevail in most of the villages in these talukas. Conditions in other talukas of the district are somewhat better though more rains

are absolutely necessary even there.

RAMKRISHNA CENTENARY

Ramkrishna Centenary celebrations were observed here during last three days, and Swami Vishvananda of Ramkrishna Mission of Khar was specially invited for the occasion.

Swami Vishwananda winding up the three days' proceedings said that if all the Prophets of the world came together, they would embrace each other heartily.

Sardar Shardulsinh of Punjab addressed a big public meeting at Tilak Maidan.

DR. PATTABHI'S TOUR

Visit To Savantwadi And Kolhapur

(From Our Correspondent.)

SAVANTWADI, Aug. 30.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, the President of the All-India States' People's Conference accompanied by Mr. Balvantrai Mehta, the General Secretary of the Conference and Messrs. Tilak and Shikhar of Sangli, paid a visit to Savantwadi on Saturday the 28th, as a part of his tour in the Deccan States. Dr. Pattabhi, who was recorded a warm welcome by the citizens of Savantwadi delivered a lecture in the High School Hall. In the reception address read to Dr. Pattabhi by the President of the Municipality, the progressive features of the State were briefly stated, and the contentment of the people clearly depicted.

Dr. Pattabhi in his speech congratulated the people of Savantwadi on having for themselves an enlightened and progressive ruler and laid the fault of not demanding representative Government at the door of the people when there were such good chances of response.

Dr. Pattabhi immediately proceeded to Vengurla where, under the auspices of the Taluka Congress Committee, he delivered a lecture on "The Work of the Congress." The party then returned to and proceeded to Shahapur.

MESSAGE OF KHADDAR

(From Our Correspondent.)

KOLHAPUR, Aug. 28.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya arrived here this morning, from Sangli by motor car, at 8 a.m. Messrs. Balvantrai Mehta, Balkrishna-

SCARCITY CONDITIONS

Government Sanction Con- cessional Water Rate In Nasik And Ahmed- nagar

The Director of Information,

writes:—
In view of the insufficient rainfall received to date during the current monsoon season in the Ahmednagar and Nasik Districts, scarcity conditions as regards fodder crops are threatened in those areas.

With a view, therefore, to encouraging the cultivators to grow fodder crops in as large quantities as possible Government have sanctioned a concessional water rate of Rupee one per acre for fodder crops in the Ahmednagar and Nasik Districts for the supply of irrigation water from the Godavari and Pravara Canals during the remaining period of the current monsoon season.

The question of extending the above concession to areas served by other canals is receiving the immediate attention of Government.

pant Shikhar, Haribhau Tilak and Tamhankar accompanied the Doctor. Kolhapur gave him a very warm and enthusiastic reception at Ramachapur, near the famous, ancient temple of Ambabai. Over five thousand citizens, both young and old, had assembled there since early morning and were eagerly awaiting for the rare opportunity of seeing and hearing the veteran Congressman, who is probably the first Congress leader, taking the States' people's cause seriously to heart and making a systematic tour of all the States in the Southern Maharashtra, to rouse the people from their age-long slumber and organise them for doing their duty to themselves and their country. Dr. Pattabhi was loudly cheered and profusely garlanded. The meeting was presided over by Mr. Madhavrao Bagal, and after a short, introductory speech by Mr. Shreshthi B.A. LL.B., the veteran Congress leader addressed the meeting for over an hour and a half, on "Khaddar and Federation." His speech was simple and direct, and being supported by facts and figures it carried conviction to the minds of all thinking people. Dr. Pattabhi reminded the Marathas of their love and reverence for Shivaji, the founder of the Maratha Empire and told them that he too was the greatest advocate of Khaddar. So if they called themselves the true followers of Shivaji the Great, they must take to putting on nothing but Khadi.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade—

WADE KICKS THE TABLE, SENDING THE KILLER STAGGERING—IN THE SAME MOTION HE DIVES FOR THE FLYING GUN



YOU'VE GOT IT!



I ALWAYS CARRY A SPARE --- STOP WHERE YOU ARE!

